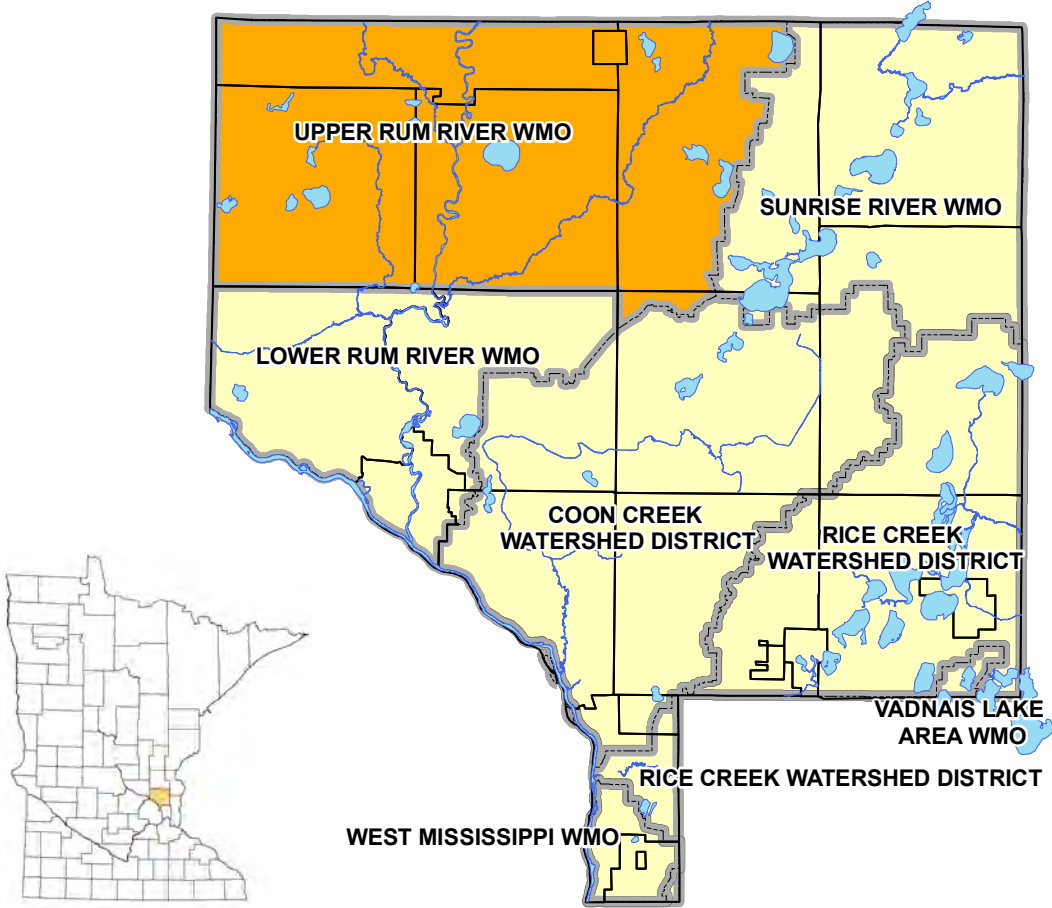


2019 Annual Report

Upper Rum River

Watershed Management Organization

Bethel - East Bethel – Ham Lake
Nowthen - Oak Grove – St. Francis



April 15, 2019

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Appendix A – 2019 Financial Report

Appendix B – 2019 Water Monitoring and Management Work Results

Upper Rum River Watershed Management Organization
9900 Nightingale Street NW
Oak Grove, MN 55011-9204

I. Introduction

This report has been prepared to meet the annual watershed management organization reporting requirements of Minnesota Rules 8410.0150. The report is intended to fulfill 2019 reporting requirements.

The Upper Rum River Watershed Management Organization (URRWMO) is a joint powers organization under Minnesota Statutes, Section 471.59. It is comprised of the cities of Bethel, Oak Grove, Nowthen, and St. Francis, and portions of the cities of East Bethel and Ham Lake. Board members are appointed by the member cities. The organization's direction is laid out in its watershed management plan and the member municipalities' local water plans. The URRWMO meets every other month on the first Tuesday at 7pm at Oak Grove City Hall, Minnesota. In 2016-19 the URRWMO is undertaking an update of its 10-year Watershed Management Plan.



Rum River at St. Francis

II. Activity Report

a. Current Board Members

CITY OF BETHEL

David Olsrud
dolsrud@hotmail.com

Ryan Sequin
rmsequin@gmail.com

CITY OF EAST BETHEL

Tim Harrington
2241 221st Ave NE
East Bethel, MN 55011
763.200.2581
tim.harrington@ci.east-bethel.mn.us

Radja Lohse
charlotteandre@usfamily.net

CITY OF HAM LAKE

Sandy Flaherty
834 181st Ave NE
Ham Lake, MN 55304
763.266.4127
Stevensandy6@q.com

Matt Downing
16163 Lexington Ave NE
Ham Lake, MN 55304
763.757.5121
Matthewdowning108@gmail.com

CITY OF NOWTHEN

Dan Breyen (Vice Chair)

612.470.2234
dnbreyen@gmail.com

Joel Greenberg
21925 Sugarbush Road
Nowthen, MN 55330
763.245.4864
joelgreenberg67@gmail.com

CITY OF OAK GROVE

Dan Denno
20530 Sleepy Hollow Dr NW
Cedar, MN 55011
763.434.4729
Dandenno1@gmail.com

John West (Chair)

612.414.3513
jwest@ci.oak-grove.mn.us

CITY OF ST. FRANCIS

Lan Tornes
24244 Hummingbird St NW
St. Francis, MN 55070
763.213.0621
lantornes@gmail.com

Vacant

b. Day to Day Contact

The day to day contact persons for the URRWMO who can answer questions about the organization are:

John West, Chair
 612.414.3513
 jwest@ci.oak-grove.mn.us

c. Employees and Consultants

The URRWMO does not employ staff, but does utilize consulting services and enters into cooperative agreements with other government agencies. A description of contracted services is listed below:

Consultant/Partner	Contact	Work Description
Anoka Conservation District	Jamie Schurbon Water Resource Specialist 1318 McKay Drive NW, #300 Ham Lake, MN 55304 763-434-2030 ext. 21 jamie.schurbon@anokaswcd.org	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Administrative assistance. • Water quality and hydrological monitoring, and special studies. • Website maintenance. • Assistance preparing annual newsletter article. • Assistance preparing annual reports to BWSR. • Assistance reviewing local water plans.
Gail Gessner	Gail Gessner 4621 203rd Lane NW Oak Grove, MN 55303 763-753-2368 recordwmo@gmail.com	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recording secretary for meetings. • Miscellaneous administrative assistance.
MSA Professional Services	Chuck Schwartz, PE Project Manager 612-548-3141 cschwartz@msa-ps.com	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Watershed plan update (completed in 2019).

d. Solicitations for Services

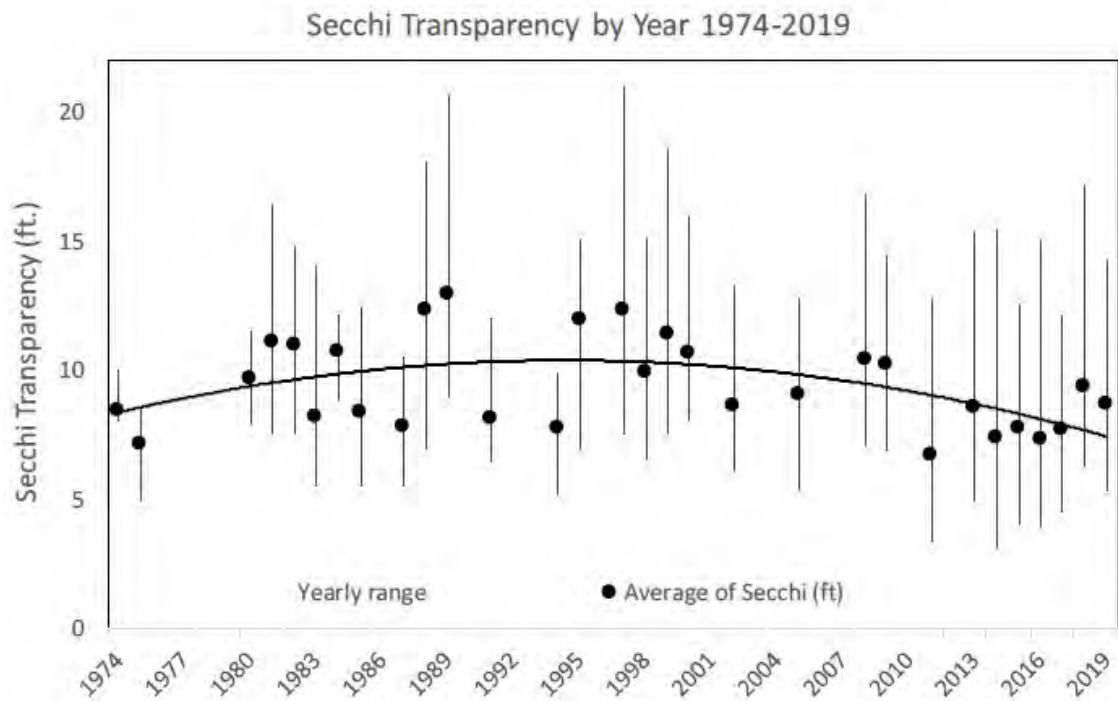
Minnesota Statutes 103B.227 require watershed management organizations to solicit bids for professional services at least once every two years. In early 2019 the URRWMO completed a proposal request for a watershed coordinator role. Requests for proposals were sent to consulting engineers for member communities and the Anoka Conservation District (ACD). One proposal was received, from ACD. ACD was selected. The URRWMO will next solicit bids in 2020.

e. Water Quality Trends

The URRWMO has a long term water quality monitoring program that includes most larger streams and recreational lakes in the watershed. Many waterbodies are monitored every 2-3 years. An important part of evaluating implementation of the watershed management plan is looking at water quality trends. Data for each waterbody monitored, and numerous parameters at each waterbody are provided in **Appendix B**.

The only waterbody with a statistically significant water quality trend in the watershed is Lake George, which is experiencing a trend of reduced transparency. Detail of this trend analysis is contained in **Appendix B** and the Rum River Watershed Restoration and Protection Strategies Report (see MPCA website). While transparency is declining, trends are not apparent for phosphorus or chlorophyll-a. Lake George in the URRWMO was most recently monitored in 2019.

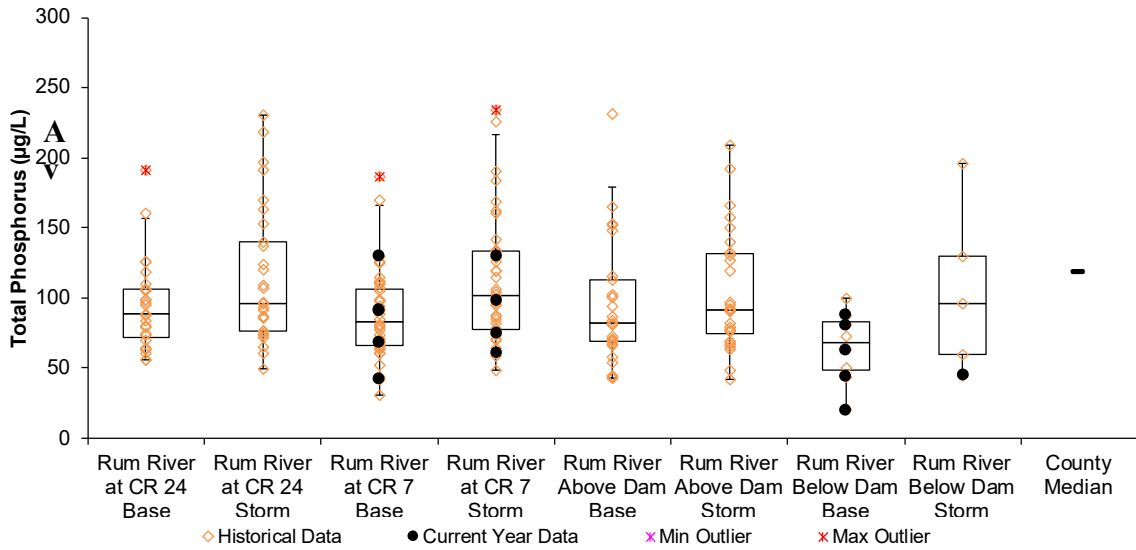
Lake George Secchi Transparency. Includes years with partial datasets not covering all open water months. Those years are excluded from ACD’s statistical trend analysis found in the appendix of this graph.



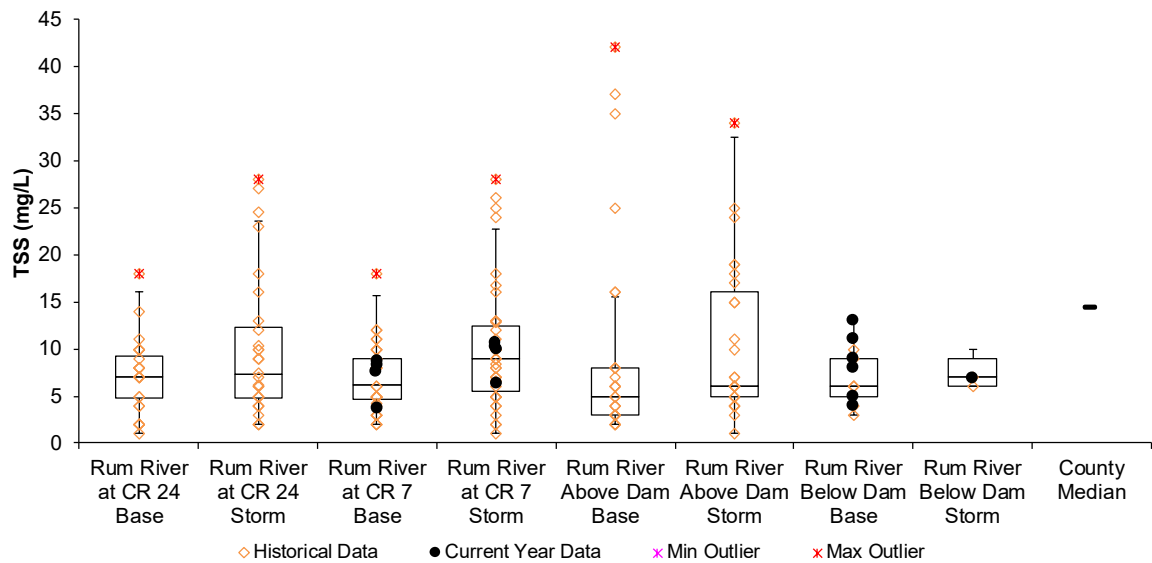
The URRWMO also is interested in how the Rum River’s water quality changes longitudinally, particularly within its jurisdictional boundary. The Rum River is monitored most years where it enters and exits the URRWMO. The figures below summarize annual average phosphorus and suspended solids, and Appendix B provides additional detail and data for more parameters. Overall, water quality of the

river changes little in the URRWMO. The Rum River in the URRWMO was most recently monitored in 2018, and downstream reaches were most recently monitored in 2019.

Average total phosphorus for the Rum River. Baseflow and storm conditions are shown for each of three monitoring sites from upstream to downstream. The upstream (left) and middle sites approximate the top and bottom of the URRWMO.



Average suspended solids for the Rum River. Baseflow and storm conditions are shown for each of three monitoring sites from upstream to downstream. The upstream (left) and middle sites approximate the top and bottom of the URRWMO.



Additional water quality data is available online. Annual watershed monitoring reports are available on the URRWMO website (www.URRWMO.org). All water quality data collected by the URRWMO is on the MN Pollution Control Agency's EQIS database, which is accessible through their website.

f. Evaluation of Watershed Management Plan Implementation and 2020 Work Plan

The current URRWMO Watershed Management Plan was approved by the Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources (BWSR) in 2019. The watershed plan contains goals, policies a detailed water monitoring schedule, and a project implementation schedule. The tables on the following page compares planned work to accomplished work for recent years. There are separate tables for URRWMO work and member community work. The tables also list 2020 work plans.

URRWMO Implementation - URRWMO work planned and accomplished by the URRWMO to fulfill the 3rd Generation URRWMO Watershed Management Plan.

Task	2019		2020	
	Planned	Accomplished	Planned	Underway
Water Condition Monitoring				
Lake Levels - George, East Twin, Coopers, Minard	4	4	4	4
Lake Water Quality - George	1	1	0	1
Lake Water Quality - East Twin				
Stream Water Quality - Rum R at CR 7, Rum R at CR 24, Seelye Br at CR7, Cedar Cr at CR9, Ford Br at CR63. Monitored 4x/yr.				
Reference Wetland Hydrology - 5 sites. % listed is % to be paid by URRWMO.	60%	60%	60%	60%
River Biomonitoring with St Francis High School classes. Dependent upon American Legion.	1		1	1
Regulatory and Oversight				
Review and approve 6 city local water plans for consistency with URRWMO Plan	0	6	1	0-done in 2019
Update URRWMO Stormwater standards			1	Delayed to 2021 when new MS4 permit issued
Update URRWMO Wetland standards			1	1
Ditch authorities - One URRWMO meeting focused on ditches and reassigning county ditch jurisdiction				
Education and Outreach				
AWROC - Support Anoka Co Water Outreach Collaborative	1	\$250 groundwater video contribution	1	\$1K for 4th qtr 2020 staffing
Annual newsletter article for city newsletters	1	1	1	1
AIS prevention info to URRWMO website			1	1
Website overhaul	1	1		
Website operation and maint	1	1	1	1
Studies				
Subwatershed Assessments in drainage areas recommended by TAC: E Twin Lake, Pickerel Lake, Rum R direct drainage, & Bethel periphery.				requesting WBIF grant
Projects				
Lake George water quality projects - 20 lb/yr TP reduction. Complete 1 project, start another by 2028.				
Rum Riverbank stabilizations - 180 tons/yr sediment reduction and 250 lbs/yr TP reduction. 2 projects min by 2028.		Committed match for grant pursuit		Provided grant matching funds. Two grants secured.
Rum River Stormwater Retrofits - 3 lbs/yr TP reduction and 500 lbs/yr sediment reduction. 2 projects min by 2028.				
Funding for the above projects	\$15,000	\$0	\$15,366	grants by ACD

Continued - URRWMO Implementation - Work planned and accomplished by the URRWMO to fulfill the 3rd Generation URRWMO Watershed Management Plan.

Task	2019		2020	
	Planned	Accomplished	Planned	Underway
Administrative				
Hire watershed coordinator	1	1	1	1
Grant applications (5 over 10 yrs)				WBIF
Audit or agreed upon procedures engagement			1	1
Planning and Plan Updates				
Amend URRWMO Plan with TAC prioritized projects, etc.				
Review Rum River WRAPS. Revisit/revise water quality goals during 2 URRWMO meetings.				
Prepare 5th Generation URRWMO Plan				
Watershed Coordinator Tasks				
Annual financial report	1	1	1	1
Annual report to BWSR	1	1	1	1
Mini-report to cities	1	1	1	1
Facilitate board mtgs, meeting packets, etc	1	1	1	1
Facilitate TAC meetings	1	1	1	1
Review local water plans	0	6	6	done in 2019
Grant applications	1	for Rum Riverbank stabilizations	1	WBIF
Request biomonitoring funding from American Legion	1	1	1	1
Update form for city reporting to WMO	1	1		
Remind cities to review and update ordinances. Track progress			1	1
Pontoon tour meeting with Lake George groups	1	1		
Technical Advisory Committee Tasks				
Update form for city reporting to WMO			1	1
URRWMO projects prioritization	1	1		
Update URRWMO wetland standards			1	underway
Update stormwater runoff control ordinance			1	Delayed to 2021 when new MS4 permit issued
Develop land locked basin standards			1	1
Develop culvert inventory methods			1	1
Develop stormwater BMP inspection method/form			1	1
Project prioritization			1	1
Prioritize future subwatershed assessment studies			1	1

Member City Implementation - URRWMO work planned and accomplished by the member cities to fulfill the 3rd Generation URRWMO Watershed Management Plan.

Task	2019		2020	
	Planned	Accomplished	Planned	Accomplished
Ordinance Reviews				
Construction site erosion control ordinance			6	EB, HL, SF, Nowthen
Post-construction stormwater mgmt ordinance			6	Delayed to 2021 when new MS4 permit issued
Floodplain ordinance			6	EB, HL, SF, Nowthen
Wetland ordinance or mgmt plan			6	EB, HL, SF, Nowthen
Shoreland ordinance			6	EB, HL, SF, Nowthen
Wellhead protection plan			6	EB, HL, SF, Nowthen
Erosion control ordinance			6	EB, HL, SF, Nowthen
Landlocked basins discharge standards				
Inspections and Inventories				
Stormwater BMP assessments/inspections (due 2026)				
Culvert inventory (due end of 2022)			6	EB, HL, SF, Nowthen
Reporting				
Annual report to URRWMO	6	All except Bethel and OG.	6	All except Bethel and OG.
Other				
Ratify URRWMO budget	6	6	6	6
Update local water plan for consistency with URRWMO Plan	6	6		
Participate in URRWMO Technical Advisory Committee	6	6	6	

Numbers listed are number of cities.

Note: List includes only tasks with tangible deliverables.

g. Status of Local Ordinances, Plan Adoption and Implementation

All URRWMO member cities recently updated their local water plans for consistency with the 3rd Generation URRWMO Watershed Management Plan. The URRWMO has provided final or contingent approval of all the city local water plans as of April 2020 and as described in the table below.

To track member cities’ progress on local plan implementation, the URRWMO requires a brief annual report from each city and provides a template for this report. In addition to serving as a reporting tool, the template serves as a “to do” list for our cities. These reports are available upon request, and are summarized in the table below.

Status of city local water plans and some recent accomplishments toward plan implementation.

City of Bethel	
Submitted 2019 annual report to URRWMO?	No
Local Water Plan Status	Bethel’s local water plan was approved by the URRWMO in 2019.
Ordinances Status	The City is being asked to review ordinances in 2020 for compliance with local, state and federal minimum requirements.
Some Recent Implementation Accomplishments	No reporting to the URRWMO has been submitted since 2015.
City of East Bethel	
Submitted 2019 annual report to URRWMO?	Yes
Local Water Plan Status	The URRWMO provided contingent approval of the East Bethel Local Water Plan in late 2019. Four minor outstanding items related to need to be rectified as of April 2020.
Ordinances Status	The City has reviewed URRWMO-required ordinances for compliance with local, state and federal minimum requirements. The city has all required ordinances at or above minimums. Ordinances include construction site erosion control, post-construction stormwater management, floodplain, wetlands, shoreland and wellhead. Review date: 2/2020.
Some Recent Implementation Accomplishments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Culvert inventory, a requirement of the 3rd Generation URRWMO plan, is complete. • Annual inspection of all outfalls and skimmers and 1/5th of stormwater ponds. • Compliance with MPCA NPDES rules. • Ongoing work to complete BMP’s in the City’s Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan. • Educational efforts by website and six newsletters reaching 12,000 residents about hazardous waste disposal, shoreline management, AIS, and activities of the URRWMO.
City of Ham Lake	

Submitted 2019 annual report to URRWMO?	Yes
Local Water Plan Status	The URRWMO provided contingent approval of the Ham Lake Local Water Plan in late 2019. Six minor outstanding items related to need to be rectified as of April 2020.
Ordinances Status	The City has reviewed URRWMO-required ordinances for compliance with local, state and federal minimum requirements. The city has all required ordinances at or above minimums. Ordinances include construction site erosion control, post-construction stormwater management, floodplain, wetlands, shoreland and wellhead. Review date: 2019.
Some Recent Implementation Accomplishments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Culvert inventory, a requirement of the 3rd Generation URRWMO plan, is complete. • Annual inspection of 20% of all ponds and outfalls and 100% of structural BMPs. • Educational efforts by website, newsletters, and workshops reaching 6,184 households about hazardous waste disposal and water conservation. • Routine inspection of land disturbance activities and requiring erosion and sediment control plans. • Street sweeping. • Ongoing work to complete BMP's in the City's Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan.

City of St. Francis

Submitted 2019 annual report to URRWMO?	Yes
Local Water Plan Status	The URRWMO provided contingent approval of the St. Francis Local Water Plan in late 2019. Two minor outstanding items related to culvert inventory and street sweeping need to be rectified as of April 2020.
Ordinances Status	The City has reviewed URRWMO-required ordinances for compliance with local, state and federal minimum requirements. The city has all required ordinances at or above minimums. Ordinances include construction site erosion control, post-construction stormwater management, floodplain, wetlands, shoreland and wellhead. Review date: 2/2020.
Some Recent Implementation Accomplishments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Culvert inventory, a requirement of the 3rd Generation URRWMO plan, was completed in 2017. • Annual inspection of all outfalls and skimmers and 1/5th of all ponds. • Educational efforts by website and newsletters reaching 7,600 residents about water conservation, shoreline management, AIS, habitat, water quality improvement and the URRWMO. • Swept all streets with improved surfaces (urban and rural) in spring and fall. • Inspecting construction projects weekly or after rain events >0.5 inches.

City of Nowthen

Submitted 2019 annual report to URRWMO?	Yes
Local Water Plan Status	The URRWMO approved Nowthen's local water plan in 2019.

Ordinances Status	The City has reviewed URRWMO-required ordinances for compliance with local, state and federal minimum requirements. The city has all required ordinances at or above minimums. Ordinances include construction site erosion control, post-construction stormwater management, floodplain, wetlands, shoreland and wellhead. Review date: 2/2020.
Some Recent Implementation Accomplishments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Culvert inventory, a requirement of the 3rd Generation URRWMO plan, was completed in 2008. • Annual inspection of all outfalls and skimmers and 1/5th of all ponds. • Educational efforts by website and newsletters reaching 300 residents about hazardous waste disposal and the URRWMO. • Annual inspection of all outfalls and skimmers and 1/5th of all ponds. • Compliance with MPCA NPDES rules. • Adopted an illicit discharge ordinance.
City of Oak Grove	
Submitted 2019 annual report to URRWMO?	No
Local Water Plan Status	The URRWMO approved Oak Grove's local water plan in 2019.
Ordinances Status	The City is being asked to review ordinances in 2020 for compliance with local, state and federal minimum requirements.
Some Recent Implementation Accomplishments	No reporting to the URRWMO has been submitted since 2016.

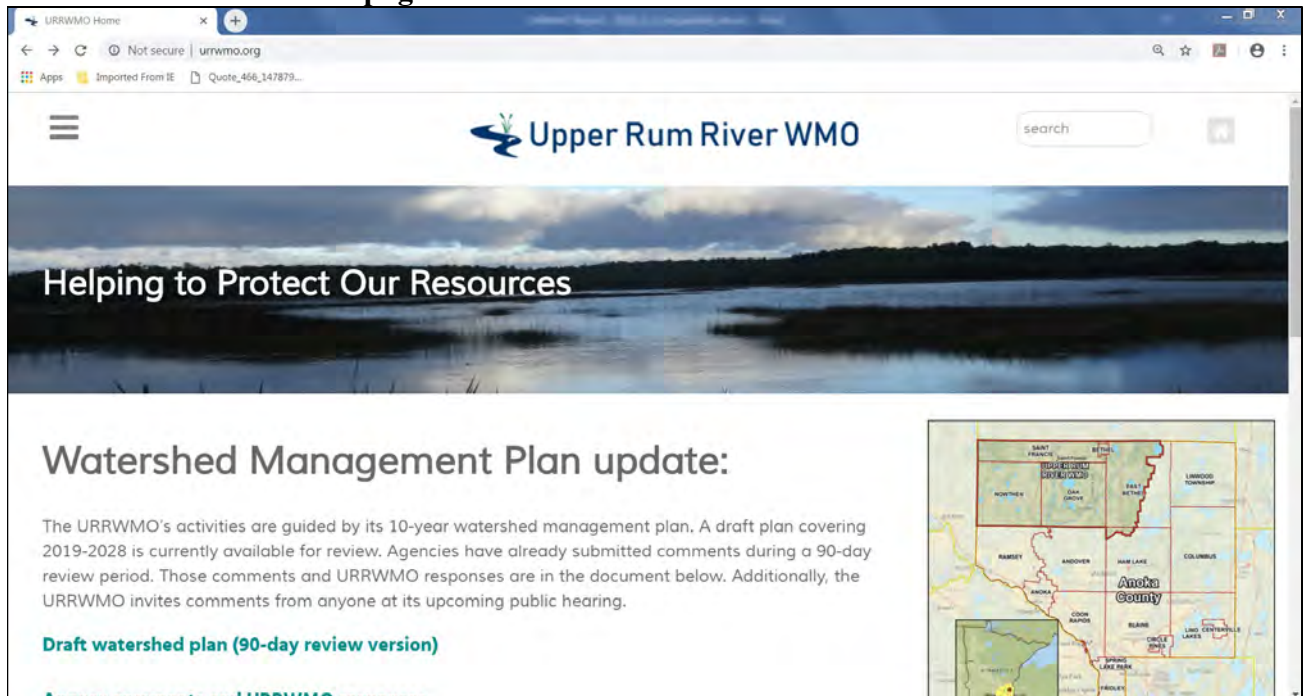
h. Public Outreach

The URRWMO and its member cities do periodic public outreach and education projects, but the URRWMO’s website serves as the primary, continuous public outreach tool. Website contents include general information about the organization, the watershed management plan, meeting agendas and minutes, water monitoring results, profiles of WMO projects, access to mapping and data access tools, and others.

The URRWMO ensures visibility of its website by asking member cities and townships to post the URRWMO website address in their newsletters. Links to the URRWMO website are also provided through other websites including the Anoka Conservation District and member municipality websites.

The website address is <http://www.urrwmo.org>

URRWMO Website homepage



In 2019 the URRWMO contributed to groundwater protection animated videos. The videos were produced by the Anoka County Water Resource Outreach Collaborative. The videos are available on the AnokaSWCD YouTube channel.

Part One: “Our Groundwater Connection”

Part Two: “Our Groundwater Connection: Contamination”

Additional public outreach is accomplished through annual newsletter articles. The articles are distributed to member communities for distribution in their newsletters. In 2019 the URRWMO’s newsletter article highlighted upcoming Rum Riverbank stabilization work. It was printed in city newsletters. The text from that article is below.

2019 Newsletter Article

Shown as presented in the City of Oak Grove newsletter

Local watershed organization tackles riverbank erosion

Jamie Schurbon

UPPER RUM RIVER WATERSHED
MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION

Riverbank erosion causes problems for both property owners and the river's health. A recent inventory of river conditions found 80 stretches of eroding Rum River riverbank in Anoka County. The Upper Rum River Watershed Management Organization (URRWMO) and its partners will soon begin work to correct a number of those eroding riverbanks.

Riverbank erosion varies in size and type of solution. Amongst locally eroding riverbanks, some are 30-foot tall banks of bare, collapsing sand. These, often on the outside bends of the river, may require re-grading, rock or other robust engineering to fix. Other eroding riverbanks are just a few feet tall. These can be corrected with "softer" materials such as armoring with cut cedar trees and planting for long-term stability. In either case, work is done with an eye toward improving habitat.

Three grants are being pursued, each for a different approach to fixing erosion. The grants are from the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources, the Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources and the Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council. The first two of these grant



Example of eroding and restored riverbank.



sources will make funding decisions in winter 2019-2020.

The latter has already favorably reviewed the project and is

recommending that the State legislature fund it at \$822,000. All of these funding sources get money from the Clean Land, Water and Legacy Amendment passed by voters in 2008.

The projects will be done through a partnership of organizations interested in the Rum River's health. Each of the following are providing matching funds for the grants: the URRWMO, Lower Rum River WMO, The Nature Conservancy and Anoka County Parks. The Anoka Conservation District is providing staff time to coordinate the grant applications and river work.

Stabilizing even just ten eroding riverbanks will decrease sediment entering the river by over 750 tons. That sediment makes the water brown, carries nutrients and other pollutants, and smothers fish spawning habitat. Every project will include habitat improvements in and next to the water. Work will begin in 2020.

The URRWMO is a special purpose unit of government made up of six cities: Bethel, East Bethel, Ham Lake, Nowthen, Oak Grove and St. Francis. Its purpose is to manage the area's waters, particularly those that flow across city boundaries. More information is at www.URRWMO.org.

i. Permits, Variances, and Enforcement Actions

The URRWMO does not issue permits, variances, or take enforcement actions. These responsibilities are held by the member municipalities.

III. Financial and Audit Report

a. 2019 Financial Summary

See Appendix A – 2019 Financial Report.

b. Financial Audit

The URRWMO has required an audit only once every five years in accordance with MN Statutes, section 6.756. The URRWMO is undergoing a financial audit in 2020. The auditor will select any of the last five years to audit. As of April 2020 the audit is not yet complete.

c. 2020 Budget

In February 2019 the URRWMO Board approved a 2010 budget as presented below.

		Bethel	East Bethel	Ham Lake	Nowthen	Oak Grove	St. Francis
NON-OPERATING (WORK PLAN) EXPENSES	Cost	1.08%	23.45%	1.62%	23.83%	29.52%	20.50%
Water Monitoring Fund*	\$2,450.00	\$26.46	\$574.53	\$39.69	\$583.84	\$723.24	\$502.25
Lake Level Monitoring - Lake George, East Twin Lake, Coopers Lake, Minard Lake	\$1,200.00	\$12.96	\$281.40	\$19.44	\$285.96	\$354.24	\$246.00
Lake Water Quality Monitoring - East Twin Lake	\$1,900.00	\$20.52	\$445.55	\$30.78	\$452.77	\$560.88	\$389.50
Reference Wetland Hydrology Monitoring - 5 sites	\$1,950.00	\$21.06	\$457.28	\$31.59	\$464.69	\$575.64	\$399.75
Biomonitoring - Rum River by St. Francis High School. URRWMO to seek 100% of funds from American Legion	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Website - Annual Operations	\$685.00	\$7.40	\$160.63	\$11.10	\$163.24	\$202.21	\$140.43
Public education and outreach	\$1,051.00	\$11.35	\$246.46	\$17.03	\$250.45	\$310.26	\$215.46
Anoka Co Water Resource Outreach Collaborative	\$1,000.00	\$10.80	\$234.50	\$16.20	\$238.30	\$295.20	\$205.00
Projects as detailed in the 10-year Plan	\$15,375.00	\$166.05	\$3,605.44	\$249.08	\$3,663.86	\$4,538.70	\$3,151.88
Subwatershed assessment studies	\$1,537.50	\$16.61	\$360.54	\$24.91	\$366.39	\$453.87	\$315.19
Watershed Coordinator, component activities/costs listed below							
Facilitate technical advisory committee (TAC) meetings	\$2,550.00	\$27.54	\$597.98	\$41.31	\$607.67	\$752.76	\$522.75
Grant applications	\$3,782.00	\$40.85	\$886.88	\$61.27	\$901.25	\$1,116.45	\$775.31
TOTAL	\$33,480.50	\$361.59	\$7,851.18	\$542.38	\$7,978.40	\$9,883.44	\$6,863.50

		Bethel	East Bethel	Ham Lake	Nowthen	Oak Grove	St. Francis
OPERATING EXPENSES	Cost	16.67%	16.67%	16.67%	16.67%	16.67%	16.67%
Copies & Postage	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Recording secretary	\$1,261.00	\$210.17	\$210.17	\$210.17	\$210.17	\$210.17	\$210.17
Insurance-League of MN Cities Insurance Trust	\$2,416.00	\$402.67	\$402.67	\$402.67	\$402.67	\$402.67	\$402.67
Administrative fee charged to member communities - for Watershed Coordinator, component activities/costs listed below							
Annual financial report to State Auditor	\$672.00	\$112.00	\$112.00	\$112.00	\$112.00	\$112.00	\$112.00
Annual activity report to MN Board of Water and Soil Resources	\$1,345.00	\$224.17	\$224.17	\$224.17	\$224.17	\$224.17	\$224.17
Facilitate regular URRWMO meetings	\$3,362.00	\$560.33	\$560.33	\$560.33	\$560.33	\$560.33	\$560.33
Administrative fee - misc other	\$1,681.00	\$280.17	\$280.17	\$280.17	\$280.17	\$280.17	\$280.17
TOTAL	\$10,737.00	\$1,789.50	\$1,789.50	\$1,789.50	\$1,789.50	\$1,789.50	\$1,789.50

TOTAL BUDGETED AMOUNT	\$44,217.50	\$2,151.09	\$9,640.68	\$2,331.88	\$9,767.90	\$11,672.94	\$8,653.00
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Appendix A:

2019 Financial Report

UPPER RUM RIVER WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

**To the Chairperson, John West, of Upper Rum River Water Management
Organization**

The enclosed statement has been prepared after review of the organization's financial records for 2019. I have not audited the organization's records and do not express an opinion. The enclosed information fairly reflects the Upper Rum River WMO's financial position for the stated year.

April 17, 2020

Prepared by:
Jamie Schurbon, Anoka Conservation District
1318 McKay Drive NE, suite 300

Ham Lake, MN 55304
763-434-2030

UPPER RUM RIVER WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION
9900 Nightingale Street NW
Oak Grove, MN 55011-9204

STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES

For: year beginning January 1, 2019 and Ending December 31, 2019

Expenditures	Amount
Administrative	
Insurance – League of MN Cities Insurance Trust	\$2,275.00
Secretarial services - Gail Gessner	\$1,150.00
Peoples Bank checking account service fee	\$0.00
Peoples Bank - checks	\$111.41
Watershed coordinator including required reporting, TAC, and other - Anoka Conservation District (ACD)	\$11,360.00
Auditor - Michael Pofahl	\$0.00
SUBTOTAL	\$14,896.41
Non-Administrative	
Water Monitoring - ACD	\$5,015.00
Public Education and Outreach – ACD	\$1,915.00
MSA - watershed planning services	\$19,847.41
Other	
Other	
SUBTOTAL	\$26,777.41
GRAND TOTAL	\$41,673.82
Revenues	Amount
City of Bethel - 2019 contributions	\$535.90
City of Nowthen - 2019 contributions	\$7,762.57
City of East Bethel - 2019 contributions	\$7,650.82
City of Ham Lake - 2019 contributions	\$1,230.60
City of Oak Grove - 2019 contributions	\$4,718.00
City of St. Francis - 2019 contributions	\$6,783.22
City of Ham Lake - 2020 contributions	\$2,595.41
City of Nowthen - 2020 contributions	\$5,276.71
LMCIT insurance dividends	\$160.00
GRAND TOTAL	\$36,713.23
Retained Cash Reserves	-\$4,960.59
Total Cash Reserves	\$10,262.22

UPPER RUM RIVER WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION

BALANCE SHEET

For the year beginning January 1, 2019 and ending December 31, 2019

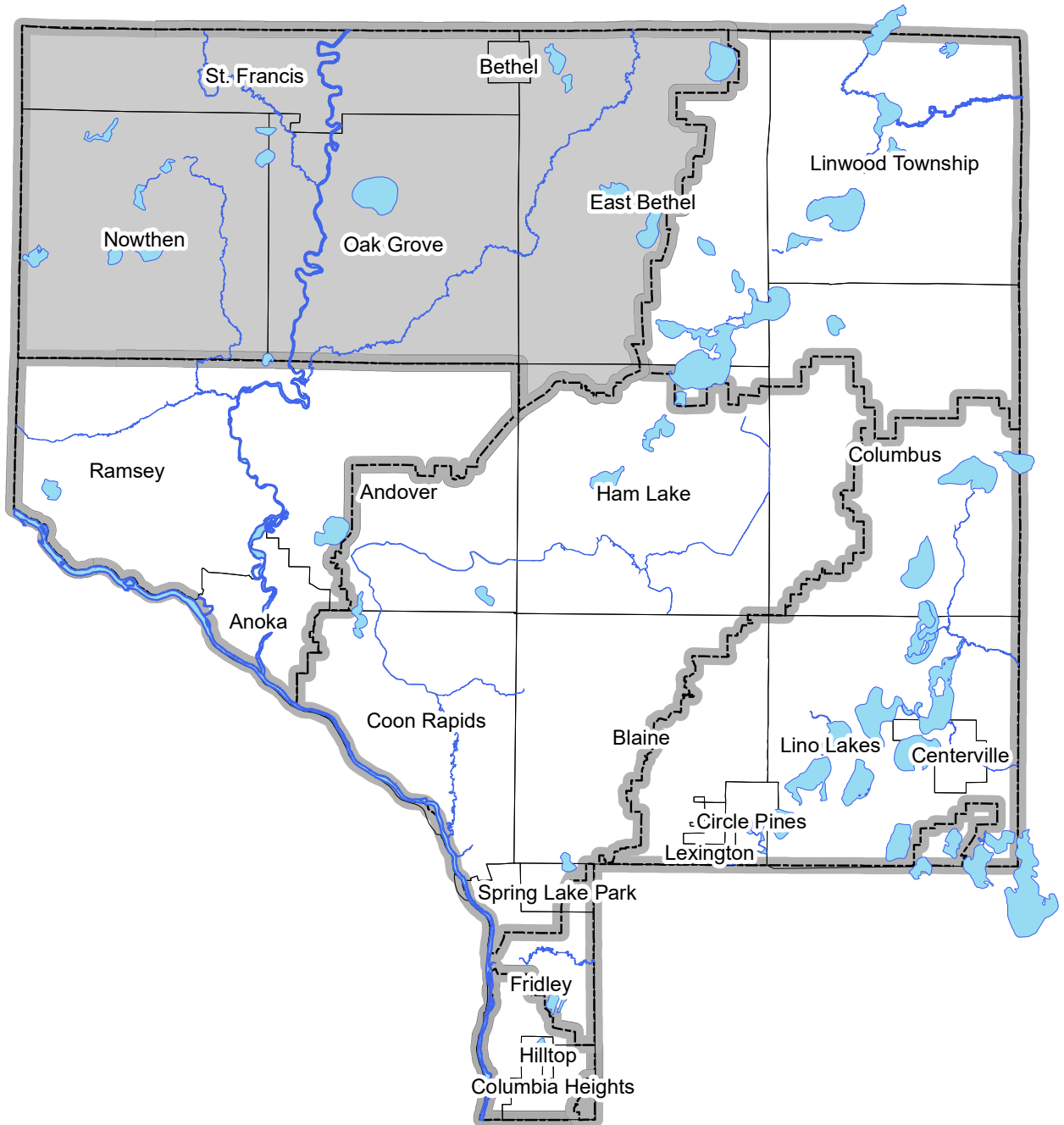
Assets	
Cash	\$10,262.22
Accounts Receivable	\$0.00
Other	\$0.00
Other	\$0.00
<hr/>	
Total Assets	\$10,262.22
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$0.00
Other	\$0.00
Other	\$0.00
Other	\$0.00
<hr/>	
Total Liabilities	\$0.00

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Appendix B:

2019 Water Monitoring and Management Work Results

Excerpt from the 2019 Water Almanac *Chapter 3: Upper Rum River Watershed*

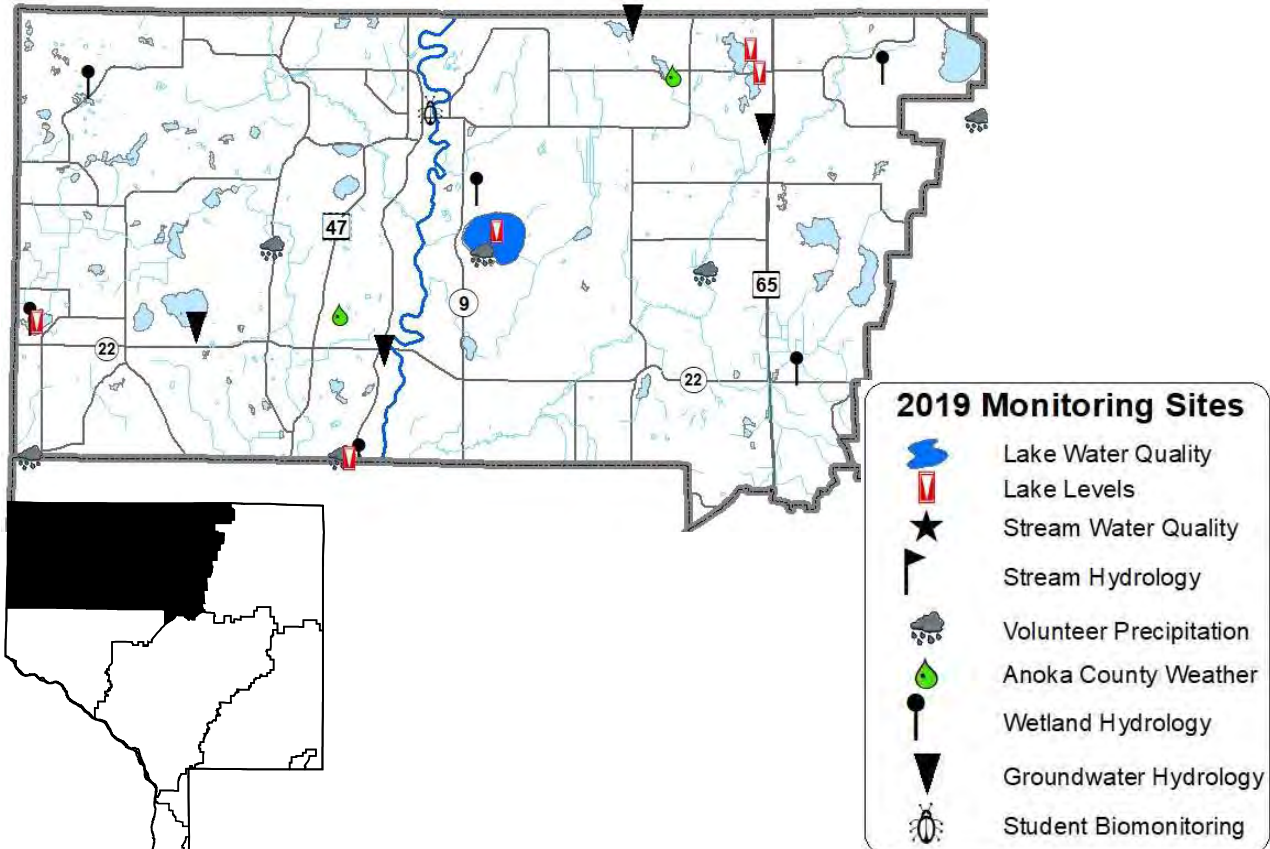


Prepared by the Anoka Conservation District

Chapter: 3 Upper Rum River Watershed

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Lake Levels

Partners: URRWMO, ACD, MN DNR, volunteers

Description: Weekly water level monitoring in lakes. The past five years and twenty-five years are illustrated below and all historical data are available on the Minnesota DNR website using the “LakeFinder” feature (<https://www.dnr.state.mn.us/lakefind/index.html>).

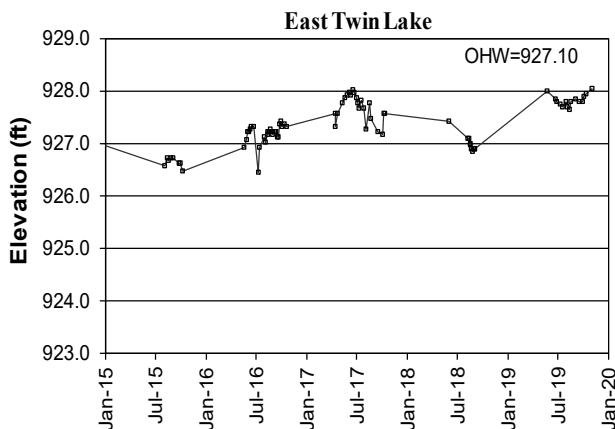
Purpose: To understand lake hydrology, including the impact of climate or other water budget changes. These data are useful for regulatory, building/development, and lake management decisions.

Locations: East Twin Lake, Lake George, Rogers Lake, Minard Lake, Coopers Lake

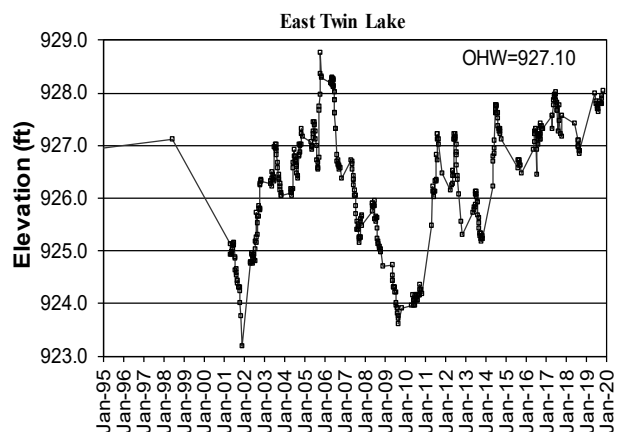
Results: Lake levels were measured by volunteers throughout the 2019 open water season. Lake gauges were installed and surveyed by the Anoka Conservation District and MN DNR. Lakes generally followed the expected trend of increasing water levels in spring and early summer and declining levels by mid-summer. Lakes generally experienced rebounding water levels starting in mid-September. Overall lake levels were near average though some were higher and some were lower.

All lake level data can be downloaded from the MN DNR website’s Lakefinder feature. Ordinary High Water Level (OHW), the elevation below which a DNR permit is needed to perform work, is listed for each lake on the corresponding graphs below. All lakes monitored were lower than the OHW for much of the monitoring season.

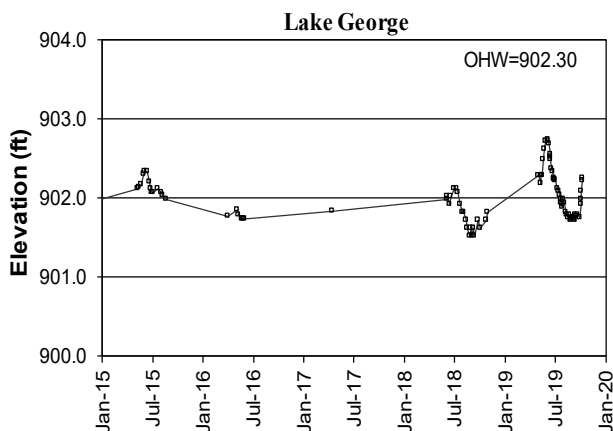
East Twin Lake Levels – last 5 years



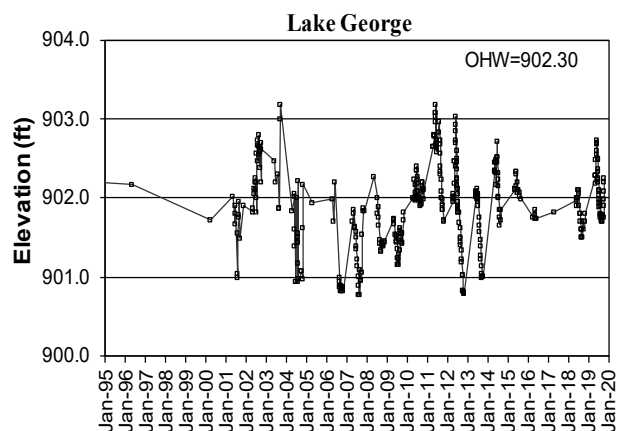
East Twin Lake Levels – last 25 years



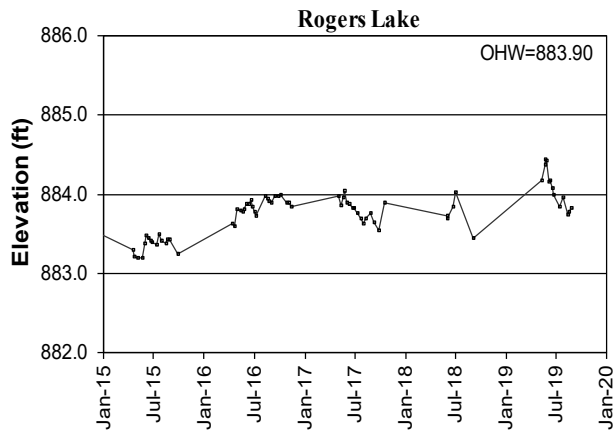
Lake George Levels – last 5 years



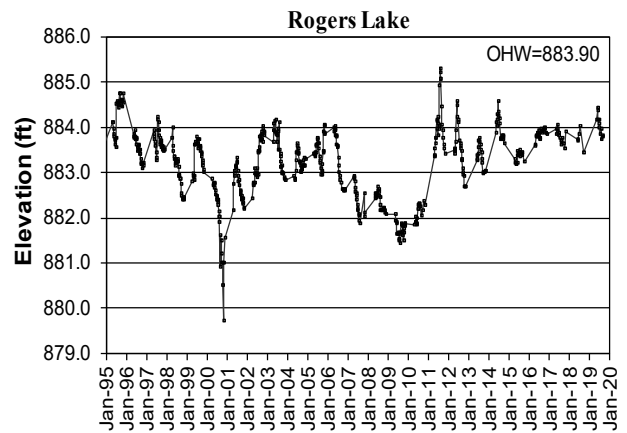
Lake George Levels – last 25 years



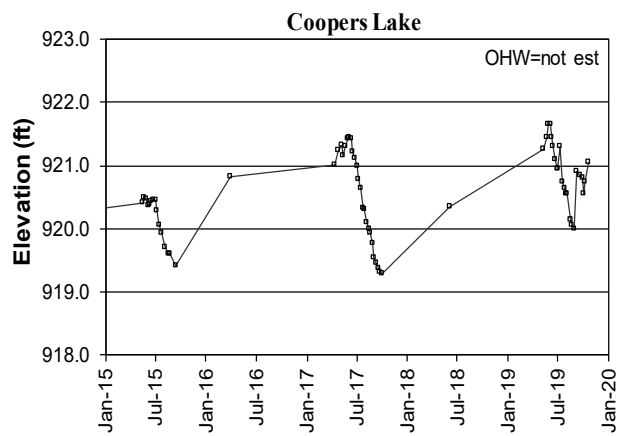
Rogers Lake Levels – last 5 years



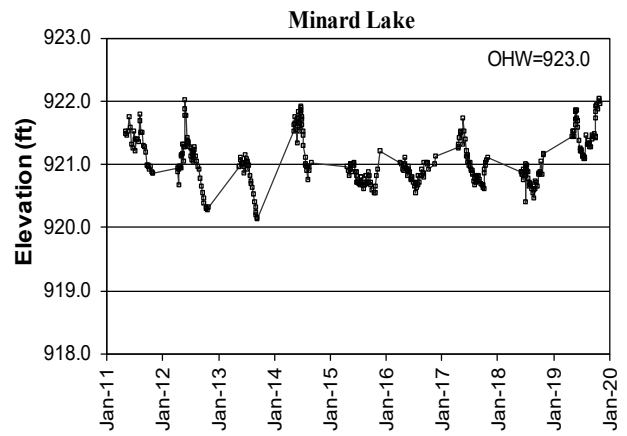
Rogers Lake Levels – last 25 years



***Coopers Lake Levels – last 5 years**



Minard Lake Levels – last 9 years



Lake Water Quality

Partners: ACD, Lake George LID

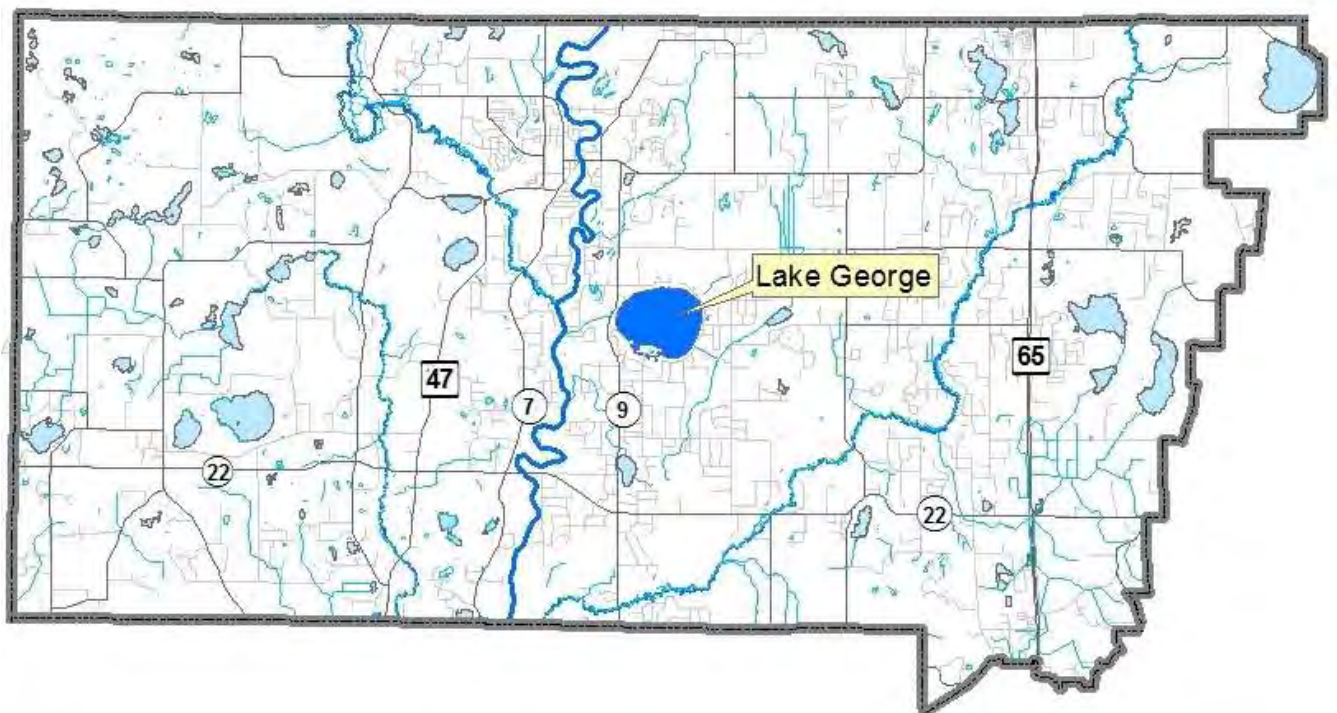
Description: May through September, every-other-week, monitoring is conducted for the following parameters: total phosphorus, chlorophyll-a, Secchi transparency, dissolved oxygen, turbidity, temperature, Specific Conductivity, pH, and salinity.

Purpose: To detect water quality trends and diagnose the cause of changes.

Locations: Lake George

Results: Detailed data for Lake George is provided on the following pages, including summaries of historical conditions and trend analysis. Previous years' data are available at the MPCA's electronic data access website. Refer to Chapter 1 for additional information on interpreting the data and on lake dynamics.

Upper Rum River Watershed Lake Water Quality Monitoring Sites



Lake George

City of Oak Grove, Lake ID # 02-0091



Background

Lake George is located in north-central Anoka County. The lake has a surface area of 535 acres with a maximum depth of 32 feet (9.75 m). Public access is from Lake George County Park on the lake's north side, where there is both a swimming beach and boat launch. About 70% of the lake is surrounded by homes; the remainder is county parkland. The watershed is mostly undeveloped or vacant, with some residential areas, particularly on the lakeshore and in the southern half of the watershed. Two invasive aquatic plants are established in this lake, curly-leaf pondweed and Eurasian water milfoil. ACD does annual mapping of densities for each type of plant, and the Lake George Improvement District treats both with herbicide.

2019 Results

In 2019, Lake George had excellent water quality for this region of the state (NCHF Ecoregion), receiving an overall A letter grade, but Secchi transparency individually earned a B grade. These results are similar to what was recorded before 2009, when the majority of monitoring years scored an A letter grade.

Results for individual water quality parameters varied. Total phosphorus in 2019 averaged 21.4 $\mu\text{g/L}$, and is the lowest recorded average since 2005. Secchi transparency was high early in the season, but dropped to a low of 5.3 feet in early September. Average Secchi transparency was 8.7 feet, which was poorer than 2018. Chlorophyll-a (Cl-a) averaged 7.3 $\mu\text{g/L}$, which was similar to the last 5 years. Cl-a, TP and transparency were all poorest in early September, but throughout the season all three parameters were better than the State water quality standard for deep lakes in this region ($<40 \mu\text{g/L}$ TP, $<14 \mu\text{g/L}$ Cl-a, and $>1.4 \text{ m}$ (4.6 ft.) Secchi transparency).

Although Lake George water quality remains better than state standards and good for a metro-county lake, simply adhering to these standards isn't the goal for such an important water body. Decline of Lake George's Secchi transparency has been a cause for concern in recent years with a now twenty-year trend of decline bearing out in statistical analyses. The residents, managers, and users of Lake George are collectively looking for ways to reverse that decline and to maintain the very good water quality that all who utilize this prized lake have come to value.

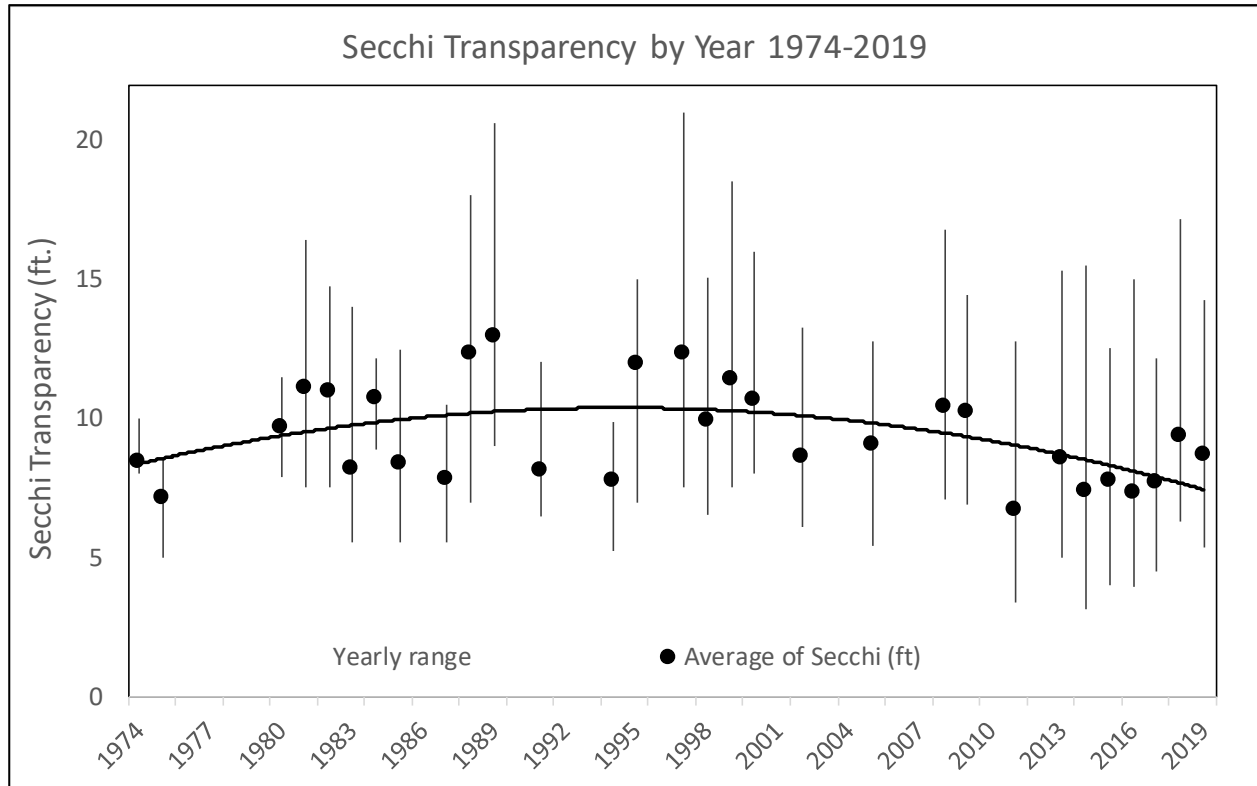
Trend Analysis

Thirty years of water quality data have been collected by the Metropolitan Council (between 1980 and 2009) and the Anoka Conservation District (1997, 1999, 2000, 2002, 2005, 2008, 2011, 2013- 2019). A broad analysis of overall water quality that simultaneously considers TP, Cl-a and Secchi transparency did not find a statistically significant trend looking at all years of data (repeated measures MANOVA with response variables TP, Cl-a, and Secchi transparency, $F_{2,19}=1.21$, $p=0.31$). When parameters are isolated for individual analysis, there is no significant change in Chlorophyll-a. However, during this period there is a statistically significant trend of declining Secchi transparency (one-way ANOVA $F_{1,22}= 15.09$, $p<0.01$). This trend is particularly apparent from the mid-1990s to 2017. When sampling years' 1995-2017 are isolated declining Secchi transparency again shows a strong statistically significant decline (one-way ANOVA $F_{1,14}=10.92$, $p<0.01$). We also find a statistically significant trend of increasing TP during this period (one-way ANOVA $F_{1,14}=5.55$, $p<0.05$)

Lake George

CITY OF OAK GROVE, LAKE ID # 02-0091

Lake George Secchi transparency trend: Includes years with partial datasets not covering all open water months. Those years are excluded from ACD’s statistical analysis and graphs later in the document.



Discussion

Lake George remains one of the clearest of the Anoka County lakes, but its trend of declining Secchi transparency since the mid-1990s has caused concern. Lake George is a highly valued lake due to its recreational opportunities and ecological quality. The lake has a large park, many lakeshore homes, and a notably diverse plant community (most metro area lakes have 10-12 different aquatic plant species; Lake George is home to 24).

In 2018 a special study of this lake titled “Lake George Water Quality Improvement Assessment” was completed. Work from 2016-2018 included intensive monitoring of tributaries, modeling, and evaluation of projects to correct transparency declines. The work focused on the watershed, and a “phase 2” study of in-lake processes may occur in the future. The study was funded by the Lake George Improvement District, Lake George Conservation Club, Anoka Conservation District, and a State Clean Water Fund grant.



The aforementioned study provides some insight into the causes of transparency decline. While a number of factors may play a role in transparency declines, an increase in the average amount of precipitation falling is the most significant driver identified. Water Years (Oct. 1 – Sept. 30) that are wetter than the 100-year 90th percentile result in increased volumes of runoff and nutrients into the lake from surrounding tributaries, and the lake has poorer clarity in those years, or in immediately subsequent years.

These “wet” years were more frequent during the period that lake transparency has declined. Six out of sixteen years from 2001 to 2017 were “wet” with water year precipitation above the historical 90th percentile,

with 1999 reaching just under the 90th percentile mark. Additionally, four of these six wet years occurred during the sustained low Secchi transparency period of 2010 through 2017.

Water year precipitation returned to normal levels in 2017 and 2018, causing a temporary rebound in average Secchi transparency during the most recently monitored years. The 2019 calendar year was the wettest on record. Secchi results in 2019 were only slightly poorer than the improved 2018 results, but that average was likely skewed by much higher readings earlier in the season, with poorer readings later. If the relationship between precipitation and Secchi holds true, 2020 results may show even further decline in Secchi clarity driven by the heavy rainfall throughout 2019.

There is concern that climate change and increased runoff from development in the watershed will drive poorer water quality in Lake George into the future. Among the recommendations of the 2018 study are replacing the deteriorating Ditch 19 weir just east of Lake George which is an important hydrological control for the lake. The weir was replaced in early 2020. This work offers modest benefits of reduced nutrient delivery to the lake in wet years, and the broader benefits of restoring lake hydrology and enhancing game fish spawning opportunities. Other actions include agricultural best practices, an iron-enhanced sand filter, public education, lakeshore restorations, enhanced stormwater standards for new developments in the lakeshed and others. While certain tributary subwatersheds do generate more nutrients than others, and therefore deserve special consideration for projects, it is also noted that some of these subwatersheds drain through large wetlands with some apparent pollutant removal ability which must be considered when siting projects. Projects nearest the lake are favored because they treat a larger upstream area and don't duplicate treatment that might already be provided by certain wetlands.

An additional concern for Lake George is noted in *the 2017 Rum River Watershed Fish-Based Lake IBI Stressor Identification Report* by the MN DNR. That report found Lake George's fish community was not impaired, but was one of special concern and deemed vulnerable. Lack of aquatic habitat and near-shore development disturbances were indicated as stressors.

Two exotic invasive plants are present in Lake George, curly-leaf pondweed and Eurasian water milfoil. The Lake George Improvement District works to control these plants, and multiple years of localized treatments have occurred. In coordination with the MN DNR, the Lake Improvement District continually works to achieve control of these invasive plants without harming native plants or water quality. Water quality has been monitored immediately before and after herbicide treatments in some recent years, and no obvious causal relationship between weed treatment and water quality was found.

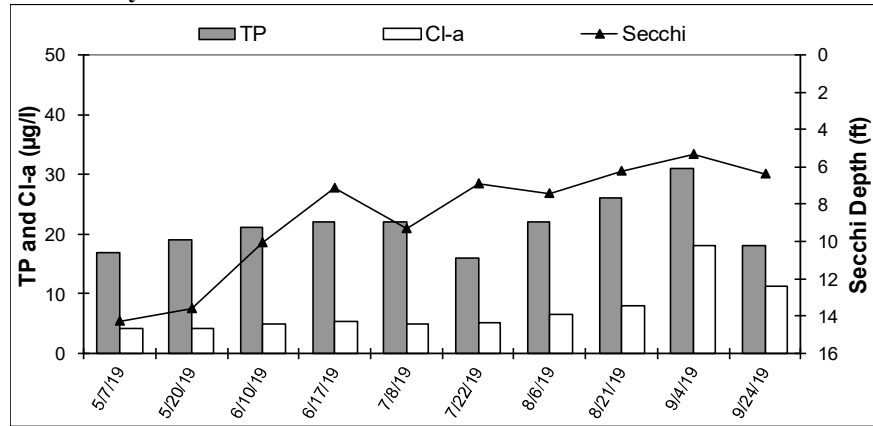
Historical Summertime Mean Values

Agency	MC	MC	MC	MC	MC	MC	ACD	MC	ACD	ACD	ACD
Year	1980	1981	1982	1984	1989	1994	1997	1998	1999	2000	2002
TP	22.5	22.0	22.3	24.4	24.3	25.4	17.4	27.5	21.1	16.3	19.9
Cl-a	7.3	7.1	7.0	9.5	4.5	6.9	13.2	7.8	5.6	5.8	5.2
Secchi (m)	3.1	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.9	2.4	3.6	2.7	3.5	2.8	2.6
Secchi (ft)	10.2	11.2	11.0	10.8	12.9	7.8	11.7	9.0	11.4	10.7	8.6
Carlson's Trophic State Indices											
TSIP	49	49	49	50	50	51	45	52	48	44	47
TSIC	50	50	50	53	45	50	56	51	48	48	47
TSIS	44	42	43	43	40	48	42	45	42	45	46
TSI	48	47	47	49	45	49	48	49	46	46	47
Lake George Water Quality Report Card											
Year	1980	1981	1982	1984	1989	1994	1997	1998	1999	2000	2002
Agency	ACD	ACD	MC	MC	ACD	ACD	ACD	ACD	ACD	ACD	ACD
Year	2005	2006	2009	2011	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
TP	A	A	A	B	A	B	B	A	A	A	A
Secchi	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	B	B
Overall	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	A	A	A
Secchi (m)	2.8	3.2	2.9	1.8	2.6	2.2	2.6	2.3	2.4	2.9	2.6
Secchi (ft)	9.1	10.4	9.5	6.7	8.6	7.4	8.7	7.4	7.7	9.4	8.67
Carlson's Trophic State Indices											
TSIP	51	49	51	53	53	51	48	52	50	49	48
TSIC	47	49	50	55	48	49	40	51	48	49	50
TSIS	45	43	45	52	46	49	46	48	48	45	46
TSI	48	47	49	53	49	49	45	50	48	48	48
Lake George Water Quality Report Card											
Year	2005	2008	2009	2011	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
TP	B	B	B	B	B	B	A	B	B	A	A
Secchi	B	A	B	C	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
Overall	B	A-	B	B	B	B	A	B	B	A	A

Lake George

CITY OF OAK GROVE, LAKE ID # 02-0091

2019 Daily Results



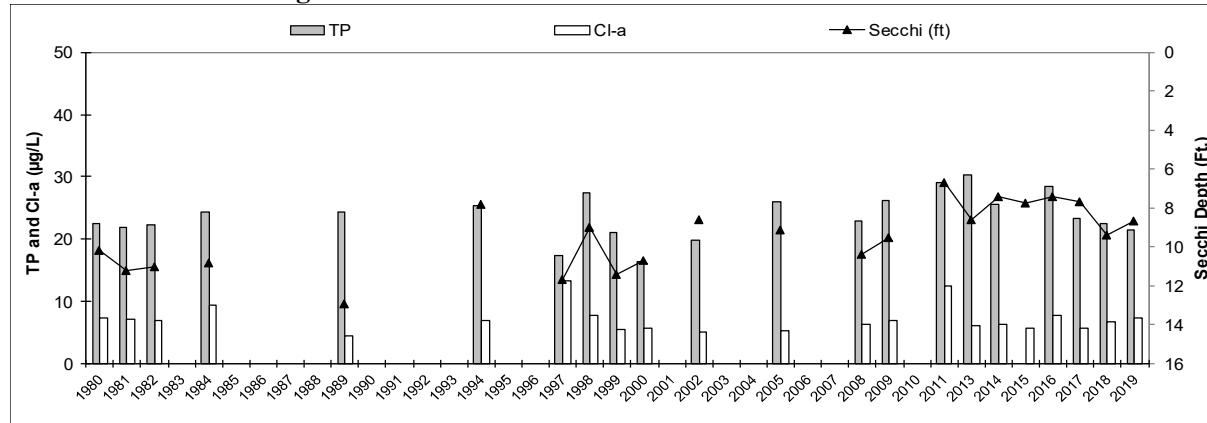
2019 Median Values

pH		8.25
Specific Conductivity	mS/cm	0.23
Turbidity	NTU	2.7
D.O.	mg/l	11.365
D.O.	%	126.15
Temp.	°F	70.772
Salinity	%	0.11
Cl-a	µg/L	5.25
T.P.	µg/l	21.4
Secchi	ft	7.29

Historical Report Card

Year	TP	Cl-a	Secchi	Overall
1980	A	A	A	A
1981	A	A	A	A
1982	A	A	A	A
1984	B	A	A	A
1989	B	A	A	A
1994	B	A	B	B
1997	A	B	A	A
1998	B	A	B	B
1999	A	A	A	A
2000	A	A	B	A
2002	A	A	B	A
2005	B	A	B	B
2008	B+	A	A	A
2009	B	A	B	B
2011	B	B	C	B
2013	B	A	B	B
2014	B	A	B	B
2015	A	A	B	A
2016	B	A	B	B
2017	B	A	B	B
2018	A	A	B	A
2019	A	A	B	A
State Standards	40 ug/L	14 ug/L	>4.6 ft	

Historic Annual Averages



Lake George

2019 Water Quality Data

Units	R.L.*	Date:	5/7/2019	5/20/2019	6/10/2019	6/17/2019	7/8/2019	7/22/2019	8/6/2019	8/21/2019	9/4/2019	9/24/2019	Average	Min	Max
		Time:	12:20	12:45	9:20	11:45	11:30	11:15	11:45	11:15	11:30	11:45			
pH		Results	8.48	8.09	7.71	8.17	8.34	8.18	8.46	8.34	8.05	8.31	8.21	7.71	8.48
Specific Conductivity	mS/cm	Results	0.225	0.236	0.243	0.219	0.234	0.241	0.238	0.211	0.217	0.199	0.226	0.199	0.243
Turbidity	NTU	Results	N/A	0.00	2.30	4.30	1.00	2.100	0.00	4.40	4.10	3.10	2.15	0	4
D.O.	mg/l	Results	11.89	9.67	8.44	8.98	11.67	10.16	11.75	11.36	11.37	11.62	10.69	8.44	11.89
D.O.	%	Results	116.4	95.0	98.4	105.8	150.4	127.3	151.7	129.9	125.0	131.1	123.1	95.0	151.7
Temp.	°C	Results	13.20	13.29	21.69	21.39	26.61	25.84	26.95	24.08	20.66	20.81	21.5	13.2	27.0
Temp.	°F	Results	55.8	55.9	71.0	70.5	79.9	78.5	80.5	75.3	69.2	69.5	70.6	55.8	80.5
Salinity	%	Results	0.11	0.11	0.12	0.10	0.11	0.12	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.10	0.12
Cl-a	µg/L	Results	4.30	4.3	4.9	5.3	4.8	5.2	6.5	7.9	18.0	11.3	7.3	4.3	18.0
T.P.	mg/l	Results	0.017	0.019	0.021	0.022	0.022	0.016	0.022	0.026	0.031	0.018	0.021	0.016	0.031
T.P.	µg/l	Results	17	19	21	22	22	16	22	26	31	18	21.40	16	31
Secchi	ft	Results	14.3	13.6	10.1	7.2	9.3	6.9	7.4	6.3	5.3	6.4	8.67	5.3	14.3
Secchi	m	Results	4.3	4.1	3.1	2.2	2.8	2.1	2.3	1.9	1.6	2.0	2.6	1.6	4.3
Physical		Results	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1	1.0	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Recreational		Results	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1	1.0	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

*reporting limit

2019 Aquatic Invasive Vegetation Mapping

Lake George

City of Oak Grove, Lake ID # 02-0091

Partners: Lake George LID, Lake George Conservation Club, MNDNR

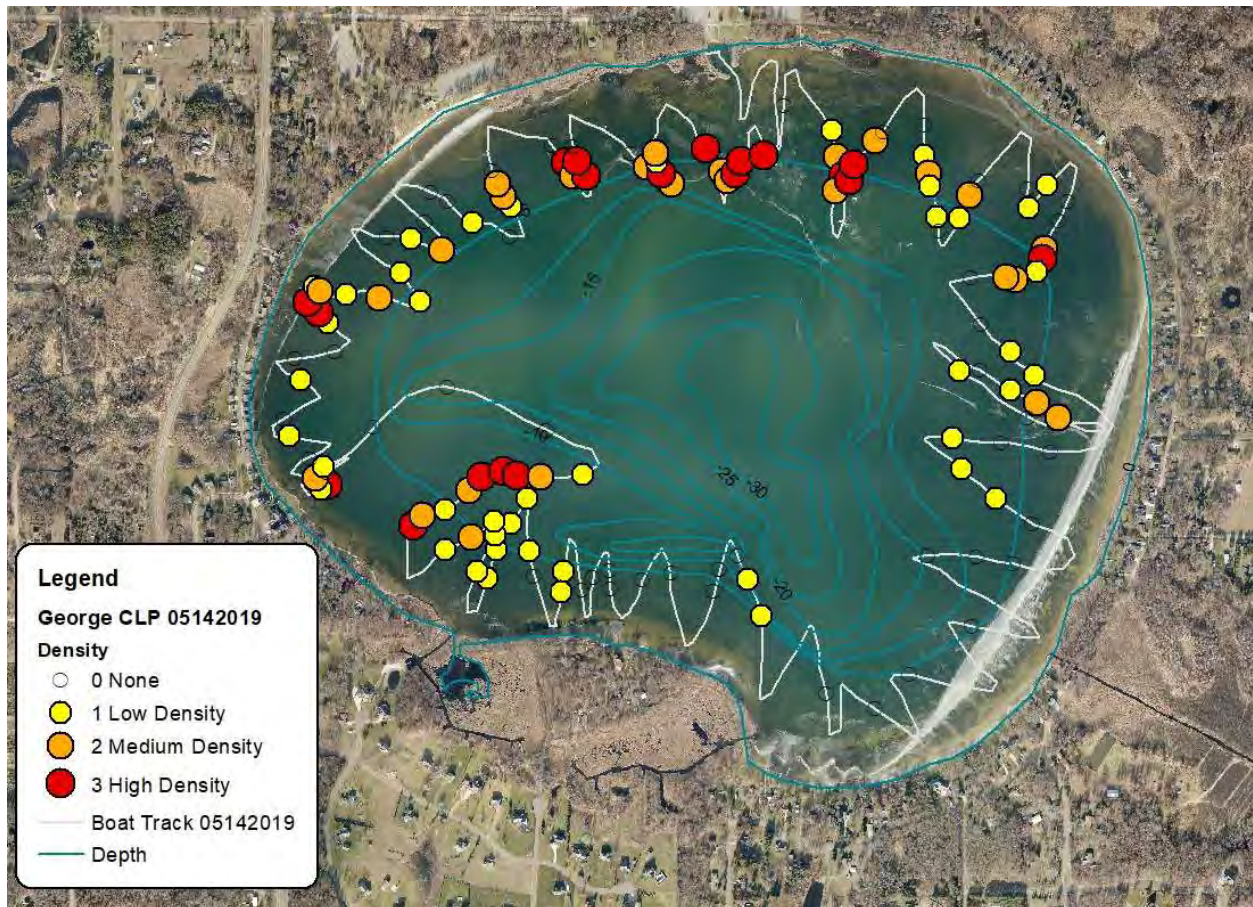
Description: The Anoka Conservation District (ACD) was contracted by the Lake George Lake Improvement District (LID) to conduct an aquatic invasive vegetation delineation.

Purpose: To map out the presence of Curly Leaf Pondweed (CLP) and Eurasian Water Milfoil (EWM) as required for MN DNR herbicide treatment permits. A goal was to map these invasive species as early as possible in the growing season to allow for herbicide treatment as early as possible for reduced impacts on native plants and lessened possible impacts on water quality.

Locations: Lake George

Results: Maps presented below were delivered to the MN DNR and Lake George Improvement District within 48 hours of the field surveys. These survey points were reviewed by the MNDNR and herbicide treatment was approved for curly-leaf pondweed on 120.3 acres of Lake George. No treatment of Eurasian watermilfoil occurred in 2019 due to low densities.

May 14, 2019 Lake George Curly Leaf Pondweed (CLP) survey



June 18, 2019 Lake George Eurasian Water Milfoil (EWM) Survey



Stream Water Quality – Biological Monitoring

- Partners:** St. Francis American Legion Post #622
- Description:** This program combines environmental education and stream monitoring. Under the supervision of the ACD staff, high school science classes collect aquatic macroinvertebrates from a stream, identify their catch to the family level, and use the resulting numbers to gauge water and habitat quality. These methods are based upon the knowledge that different families of macroinvertebrates have different water and habitat quality requirements. The families collectively known as EPT (Ephemeroptera, or mayflies; Plecoptera, or stoneflies; and Trichoptera, or caddisflies) are generally pollution intolerant. Other families can thrive in low quality water. Therefore, a census of stream macroinvertebrates yields information about stream health.
- Purpose:** To assess stream quality, both independently as well as by supplementing chemical data. To provide an environmental education service to the community.
- Location:** Rum River at Rum River North County Park
- Results:** Results for each site are detailed on the following pages.
-

Tips for Data Interpretation

Consider all biological indices of water quality together rather than looking at each alone, because each gives only a partial picture of stream condition. Compare the numbers to county-wide averages. This gives some sense of what might be expected for streams in a similar landscape, but does not necessarily reflect what might be expected of a minimally impacted stream. Some key numbers to look for include:

Families

Number of invertebrate families. Higher values indicate better quality.

EPT

Number of families of the generally pollution-intolerant orders Ephemeroptera (mayflies), Plecoptera (stoneflies), Trichoptera (caddisflies). Higher numbers indicate better stream quality.

Family Biotic Index (FBI)

An index that utilizes known pollution tolerances for each family. Lower numbers indicate better stream quality.

FBI	Stream Quality Evaluation
0.00-3.75	Excellent
3.76-4.25	Very Good
4.26-5.00	Good
5.01-5.75	Fair
5.76-6.50	Fairly Poor
6.51-7.25	Poor
7.26-10.00	Very Poor

Population Attributes Metrics

% EPT: This measure compares the number of organisms in the EPT orders (Ephemeroptera - mayflies: Plecoptera - stoneflies: Trichoptera - caddisflies) to the total number of organisms in the sample. A high percent of EPT is good.

% Dominant Family: This measures the percentage of individuals in the sample that are in the sample's most abundant family. A high percentage is usually bad because it indicates low evenness (one or a few families dominate, and all others are rare).

Biomonitoring

RUM RIVER

at Rum River North County Park, St. Francis

Last Monitored

By St. Francis High School in 2019

Monitored Since

2000

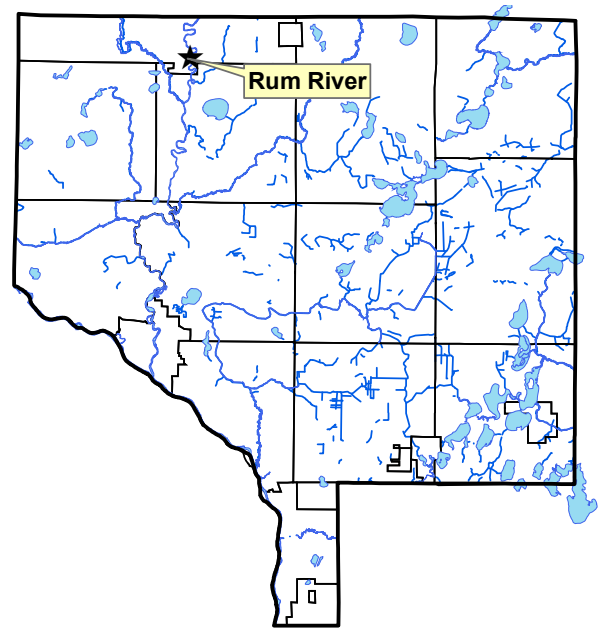
Student Involvement

40 students in 2019, approximately 1,375 since 2000

Background

The Rum River originates from Lake Mille Lacs, and flows south through western Anoka County where it joins the Mississippi River in the City of Anoka. Other than the Mississippi, this is the largest river in the county. In Anoka County the river has both rocky riffles as well as pools and runs with sandy bottoms. The river's condition is generally regarded as excellent. Portions of the Rum in Anoka County have a state "scenic and recreational river" designation.

The sampling site is in Rum River North County Park. This site is typical of the Rum in northern Anoka County, having a rocky bottom with numerous pool and riffle areas.

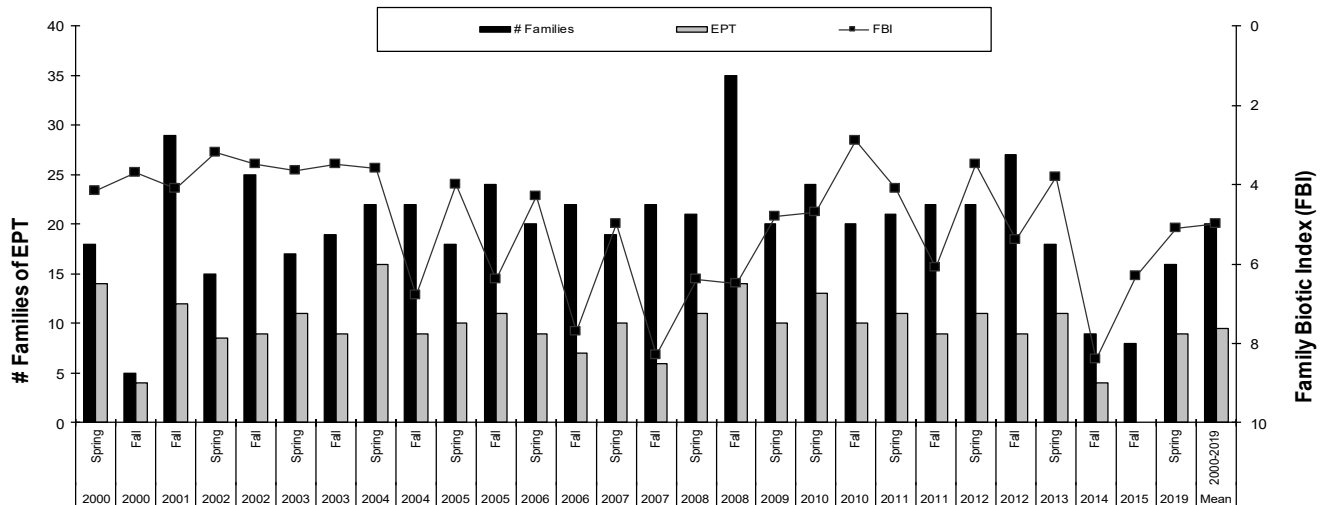


Results

St. Francis High School classes monitored the Rum River in the spring of 2019, with ACD oversight and funding from the St. Francis American Legion. Results for 2019 are similar to results in most previous years. By contrast, the most recent previous years of 2014 and 2015 had invertebrate captures that indicated a poor ecological condition. In 2019 captures indicated a moderate-to-healthy ecological condition despite high water levels and fast flows which typically lower sampling success the students.

Multiple years should cumulatively be considered when interpreting biomonitoring data. Water levels, weather, site conditions and differences in class sizes and student capabilities can all contribute to different results in any one year. Based on the multi-year dataset it appears that Rum River ecological health at this site is good.

Summarized Biomonitoring Results for Rum River North County Park, St. Francis (samplings by St. Francis High School and Crossroads Schools in 2002-2003 are averaged)



Biomonitoring Data for Rum River at Rum River North County Park, St. Francis

Data presented from the most recent five years. Contact the ACD to request archived data.

Table of most recent five years

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2019	Mean
Season	Fall	Spring	Fall	Fall	Spring	2000-2019
FBI	5.4	3.8	8.4	6.3	5.1	5.0
# Families	27	18	9	8	16	20.0
EPT	9	11	4	0	9	9.6
Date	27-Sep	20-May	24-Oct	22-Jul	19-May	
Sampled By	SFHS	SFHS	SFHS	4-H	SFHS	
Sampling Method	MH	MH	MH	MH	MH	
Mean # Individuals/Rep.	333	247.5	219	23	139	
# Replicates	1	2	1	1	1	
Dominant Family	velidae	Baetiscida	Corixidae	Cambaridae	Siphonuridae	
% Dominant Family	13.8	34.7	86.3	34.8	32.4	
% Ephemeroptera	34.2	54.1	3.7	0	46	
% Trichoptera	4.2	6.3	0.5	0.0	0	
% Plecoptera	11.1	30.3	2.3	0	18	

Discussion

Historically, both chemical and biological monitoring indicate the good water quality of this river. Poorer results in 2014 and 2015 may reflect varying site and sampling conditions rather than a shift in the biological community. Habitat is ideal for a variety of stream life, and includes a variety of substrates, plenty of woody snags, riffles, and pools. Taxa that are extremely sensitive to pollution are still being collected. Water chemistry monitoring done at various locations on the Rum River throughout Anoka County indicates that water quality is also good. Continued biological monitoring is recommended both as an education program and for long-term ecological condition monitoring.

Wetland Hydrology

Partners: URRWMO, ACD

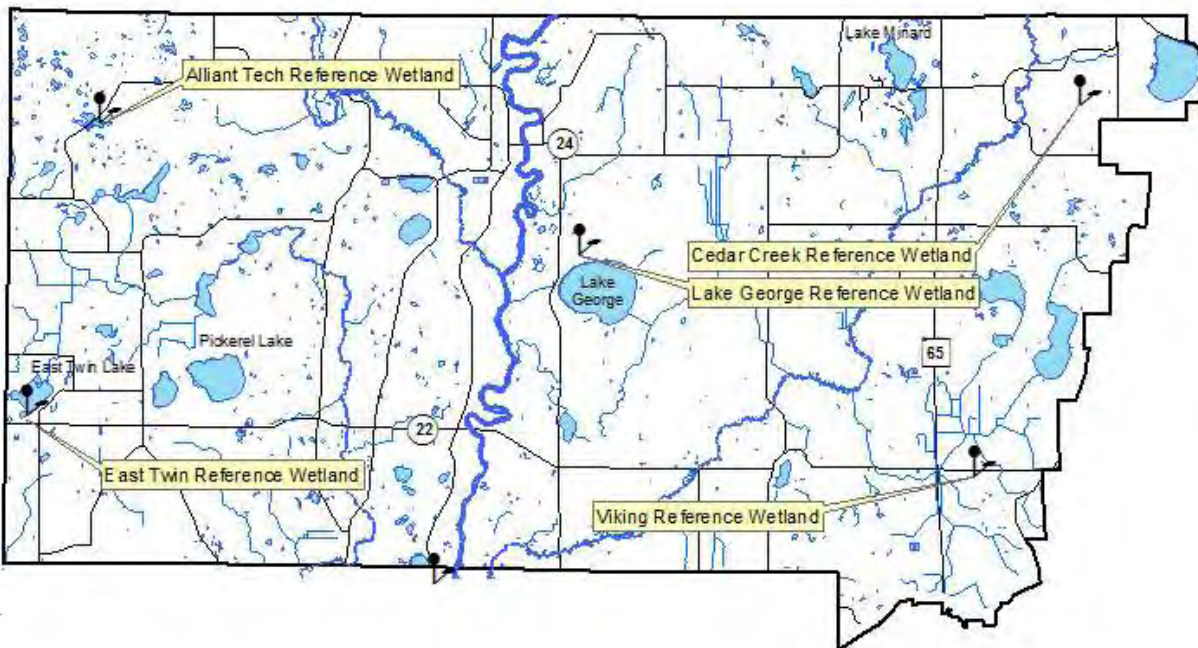
Description: Continuous groundwater level monitoring at a wetland boundary, to a depth of 40 inches. Countywide, the ACD maintains a network of 23 wetland hydrology monitoring stations.

Purpose: To provide understanding of wetland hydrology, including the impacts of climate and land use. These data aid in delineation of nearby wetlands by documenting hydrologic trends including the timing, frequency, and duration of saturation.

Locations: Alliant Tech Reference Wetland, Alliant Tech Systems property, St. Francis Cedar Creek, Cedar Creek Natural History Area, East Bethel
East Twin Reference Wetland, East Twin Township Park, Nowthen
Lake George Reference Wetland, Lake George County Park, Oak Grove
Viking Meadows Reference Wetland, Viking Meadows Golf Course, East Bethel

Results: See the following pages. Raw data and updated graphs can be downloaded from www.AnokaNaturalResources.com using the Data Access Tool.

Upper Rum River Watershed Wetland Hydrology Monitoring Site



Wetland Hydrology Monitoring

ALLIANT TECH REFERENCE WETLAND

Alliant Techsystems Property, St. Francis

Site Information

Monitored Since: 2001
Wetland Type: 5
Wetland Size: ~12 acres
Isolated Basin? Yes
Connected to a Ditch? No

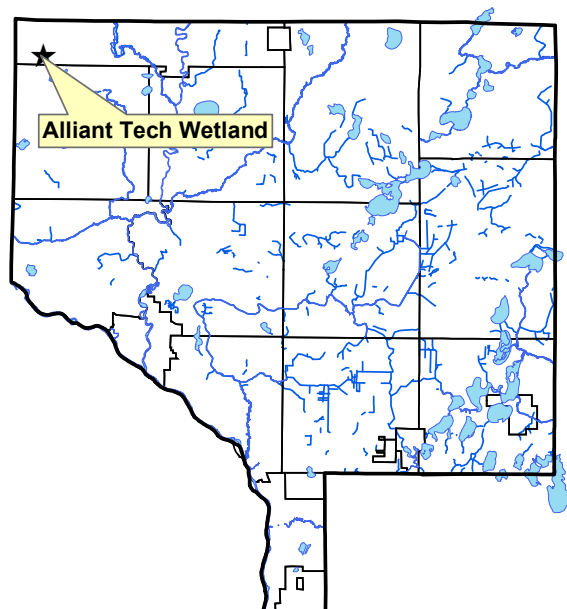
Soils at Well Location:

Horizon	Depth	Color	Texture	Redox
A	0-8	N2/0	Mucky loam	-
Bg	8-35	5y5/1	Sandy loam	-

Surrounding Soils: Emmert

Vegetation at Well Location:

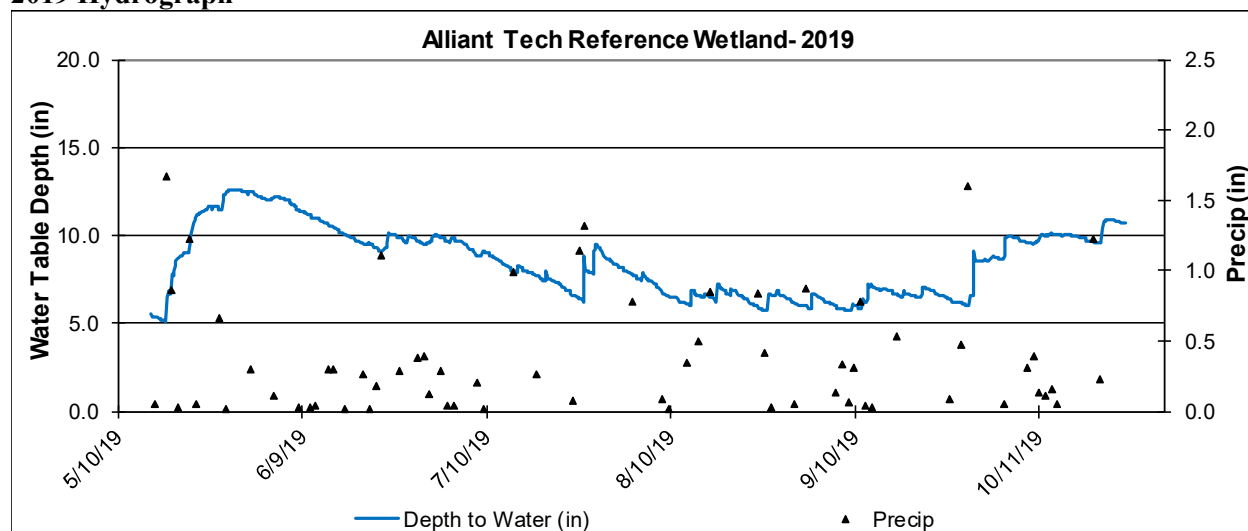
Scientific	Common	% Coverage
Carex Spp	Sedge undiff.	90
Lycopus americanus	American Bungleweed	20
Phalaris arundinacea	Reed Canary Grass	5



Other Notes:

This wetland lies next to the highway, in a low area surrounded by hilly terrain. It holds water throughout the year, and has a beaver den.

2019 Hydrograph



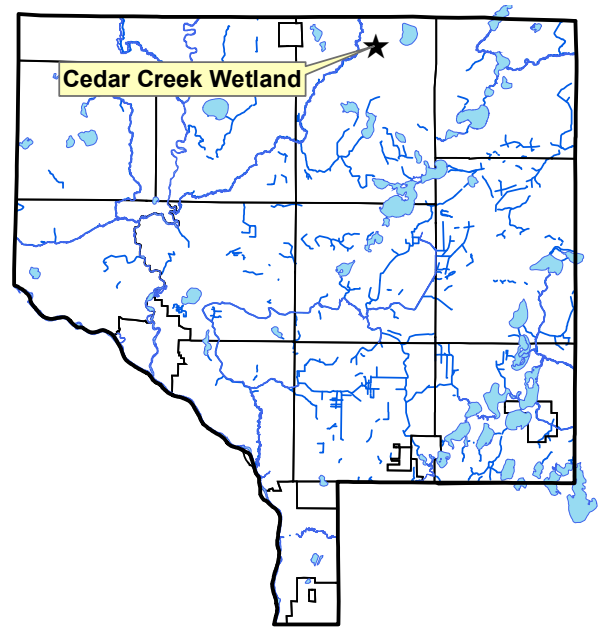
Wetland Hydrology Monitoring

CEDAR CREEK REFERENCE WETLAND

Univ. of Minnesota Cedar Creek Natural History Area, East Bethel

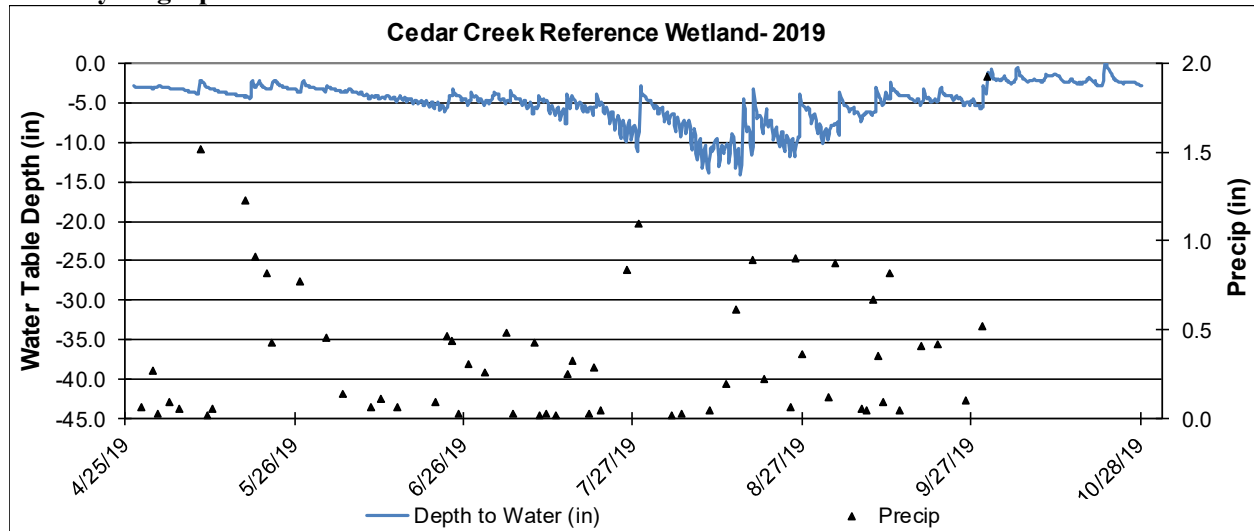
Site Information

Monitored Since: 1996
Wetland Type: 6
Wetland Size: unknown, likely >150 acres
Isolated Basin? No
Connected to a Ditch? No
Soils at Well Location: not yet available
Surrounding Soils: Zimmerman
Vegetation at Well Location: not yet available
Other Notes:



The Cedar Creek Ecosystem Science Reserve, where this wetland is located, is a University of Minnesota research area. Much of this area, including the area surrounding the monitoring site, is in a natural state. This wetland probably has some hydrologic connection to the floodplain of Cedar Creek, which is 0.7 miles from the monitoring site.

2019 Hydrograph



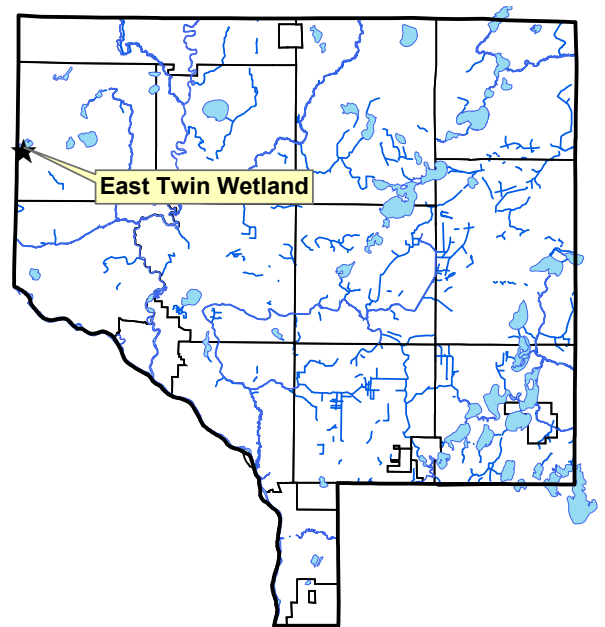
Wetland Hydrology Monitoring

EAST TWIN REFERENCE WETLAND

Twin Lake City Park, Nowthen

Site Information

Monitored Since: 2001
Wetland Type: 5
Wetland Size: ~5.9 acres
Isolated Basin? Yes
Connected to a Ditch? No



Soils at Well Location:

Horizon	Depth	Color	Texture	Redox
A	0-8	10yr 2/1	Mucky Loam	-
Oa	Aug-40	N2/0	Organic	-

Surrounding Soils: Lake Beach, Growton and Heyder fine sandy loams

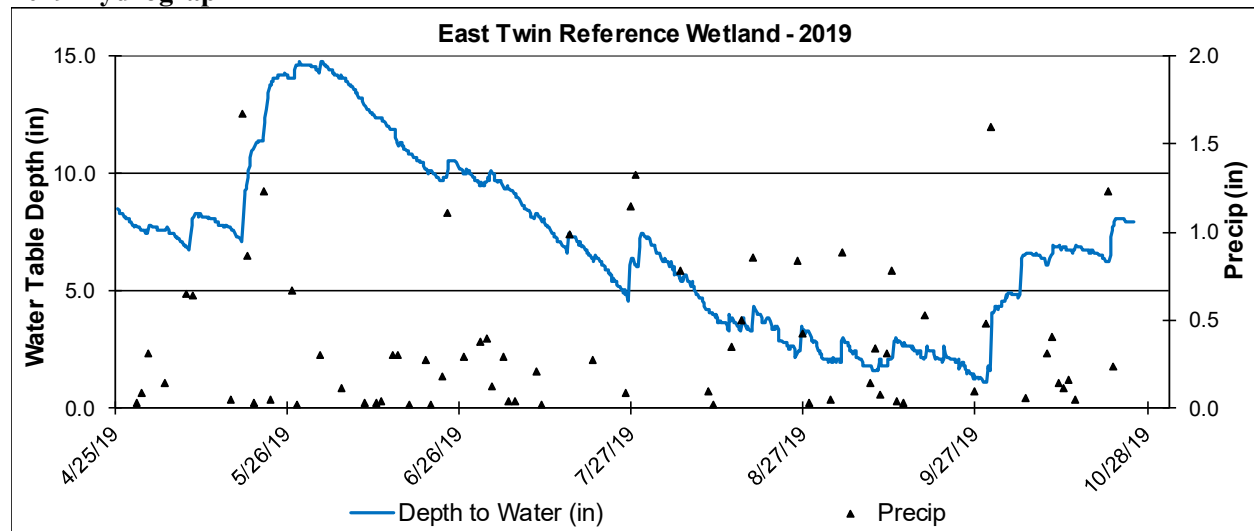
Vegetation at Well Location:

Scientific	Common	% Coverage
<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>	Reed Canary Grass	100
<i>Cornus amomum</i>	Silky Dogwood	30
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	Green Ash	30

Other Notes:

This wetland is located within Twin Lakes City Park, and is only 180 feet from the lake itself. Water levels in the wetland are influenced by lake levels.

2019 Hydrograph



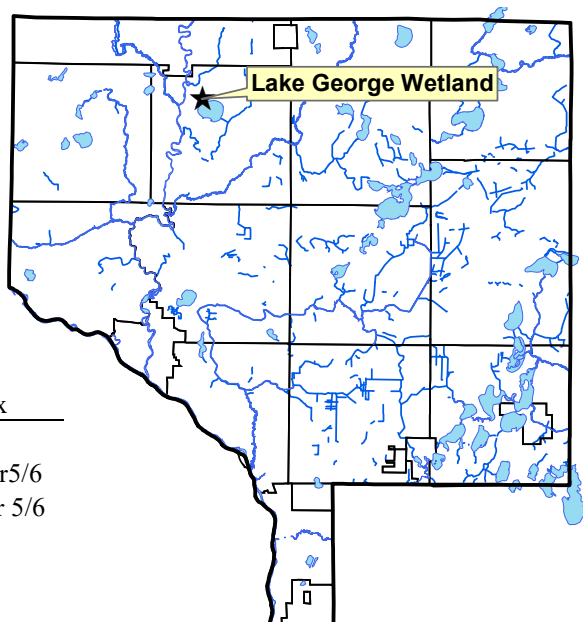
Wetland Hydrology Monitoring

LAKE GEORGE REFERENCE WETLAND

Lake George County Park, Oak Grove

Site Information

Monitored Since: 1997
Wetland Type: 3/4
Wetland Size: ~9 acres
Isolated Basin? Yes, but only separated from wetland complexes by roadway.
Connected to a Ditch? No



Soils at Well Location:

Horizon	Depth	Color	Texture	Redox
A	0-8	10yr2/1	Sandy Loam	-
Bg	8-24	2.5y5/2	Sandy Loam	20% 10yr5/6
2Bg	24-35	10gy 6/1	Silty Clay Loam	10% 10yr 5/6

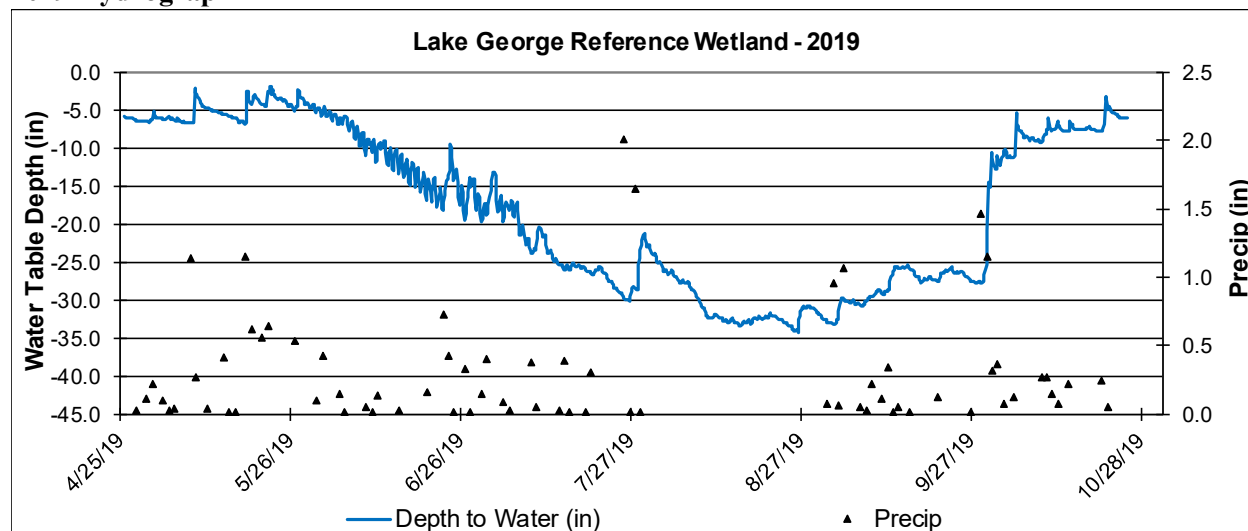
Surrounding Soils: Lino loamy fine sand and Zimmerman fine sand

Vegetation at Well Location:

Scientific	Common	% Coverage
Cornus stolonifera	Red-osier Dogwood	90
Populus tremuloides	Quaking Aspen	40
Quercus rubra	Red Oak	30
Onoclea sensibilis	Sensitive Fern	20
Phalaris arundinacea	Reed Canary Grass	10

Other Notes: This wetland is located within Lake George County Park, and is only about 600 feet from the lake itself. Much of the vegetation within the wetland is cattails.

2019 Hydrograph



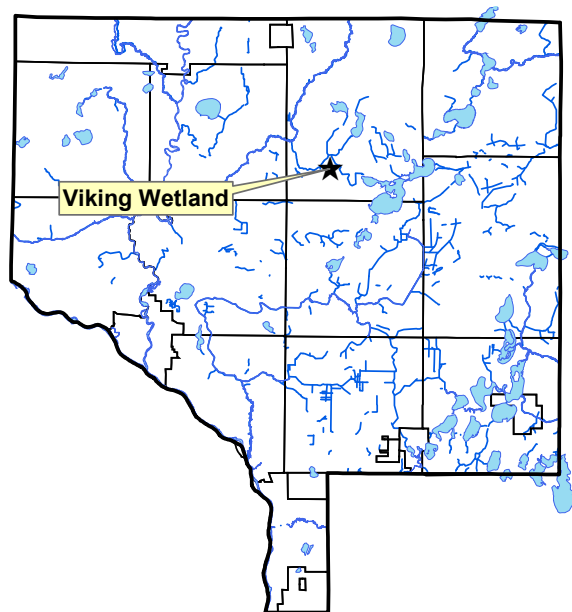
Wetland Hydrology Monitoring

VIKING MEADOWS REFERENCE WETLAND

Viking Meadows Golf Course, East Bethel

Site Information

Monitored Since: 1999
Wetland Type: 2
Wetland Size: ~0.7 acres
Isolated Basin? No
Connected to a Ditch? Yes, highway ditch is tangent to wetland



Soils at Well Location:

Horizon	Depth	Color	Texture	Redox
A	0-12	10yr2/1	Sandy Loam	-
Ab	12-16	N2/0	Sandy Loam	-
Bg1	16-25	10yr4/1	Sandy Loam	-
Bg2	25-40	10yr4/2	Sandy Loam	5% 10yr5/6

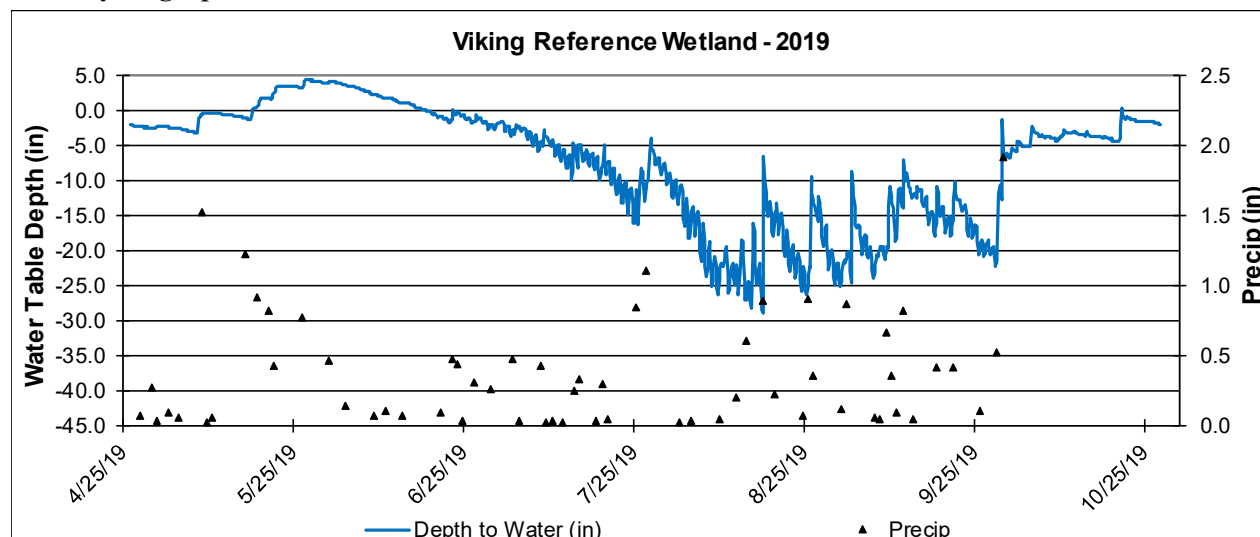
Surrounding Soils: Zimmerman fine sand

Vegetation at Well Location:

Scientific	Common	% Coverage
<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>	Reed Canary Grass	100
<i>Acer rubrum</i> (T)	Red Maple	75
<i>Acer negundo</i> (T)	Boxelder	20

Other Notes: This wetland is located at the entrance to Viking Meadows Golf Course, and is adjacent to Viking Boulevard (Hwy 22).

2019 Hydrograph



Rum River Bank Stabilization

Partners: LRRWMO, URRWMO, ACD, MN DNR Conservation Partners Legacy Grant, Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council grant, landowners

Description: 6 riverbank stabilization projects were installed on the Rum River in Anoka and Isanti Counties in 2019. At these sites, cedar tree revetments and willow stakes were used to stabilize eroding banks. The projects were installed with labor from Conservation Corps Minnesota (CCM) work crews. Funding for the 5 revetments installed in Anoka County came from the Conservation Partners Legacy Grant Program from the Outdoor Heritage Fund, a Clean Water Fund CCM crew labor grant, the URRWMO and LRRWMO, and landowner contributions. Funding for 1 additional revetment in Isanti County came from the Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council, a Clean Water Fund CCM crew labor grant and landowner contribution.

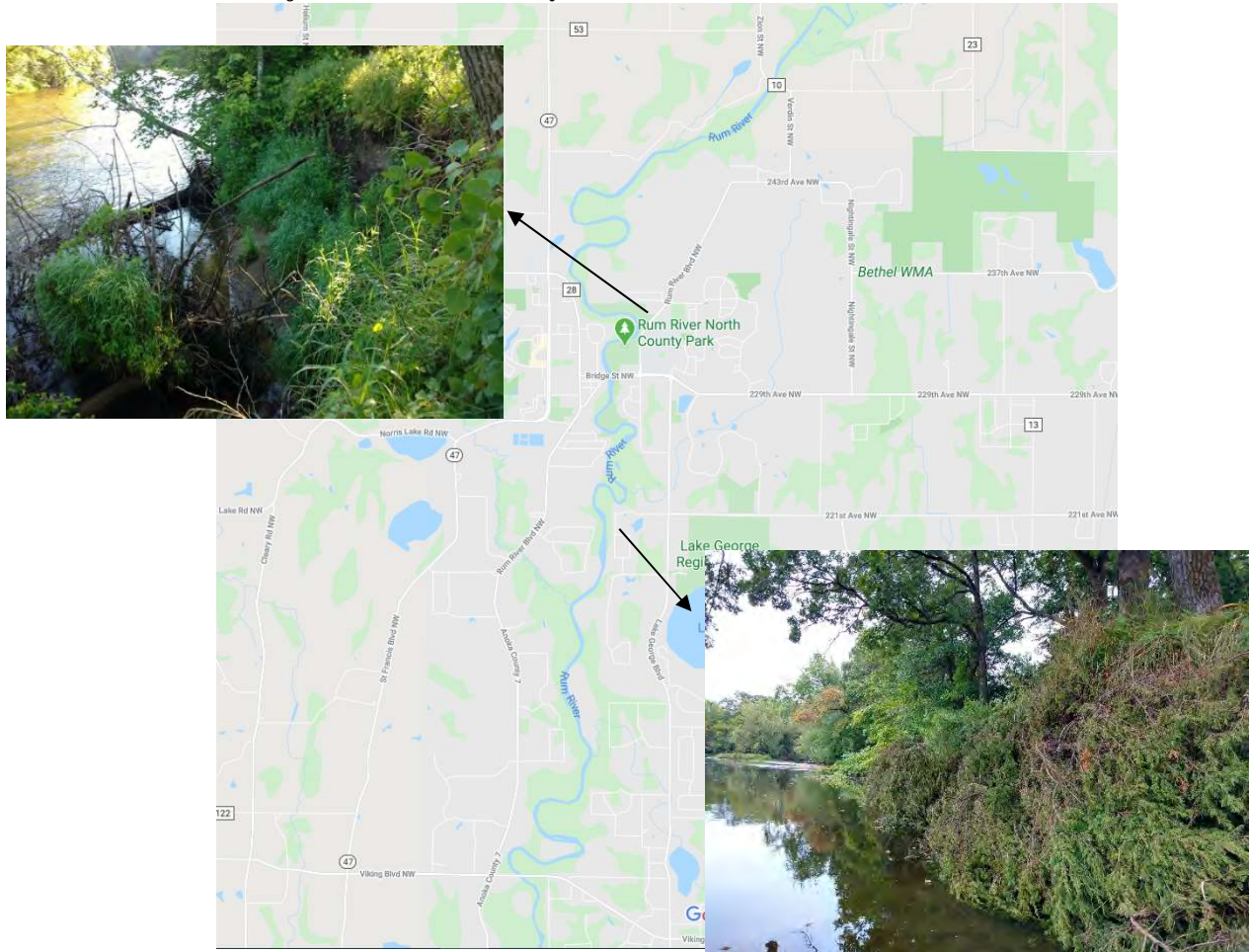


Purpose: To stabilize areas of riverbank with mild to moderate erosion to reduce sediment loading in the Rum River, as well as to reduce the likelihood of much larger and more expensive corrective projects in the future.

Location: Rum River Central Regional Park, Rum River North County Park, 3 residential properties in Anoka County, and the River Bluff Preserve in Isanti County

Results: Stabilized 650 linear feet of riverbank on the Rum River in Anoka and Isanti Counties.

Bank Stabilization Projects in Anoka County in 2019



Rum River Bank Erosion Grants


Partners: ACD, Anoka County Parks, LRRWMO, URRWMO

Description: The Anoka Conservation District (ACD) prepared an inventory of Rum River bank erosion using 360° photos of the riverbanks of the Rum throughout Anoka County. The photos are available through Google Maps using the Street View feature. An inventory report identifying 80 stretches of riverbank with moderate to very severe erosion is available on ACD's website. Estimated project cost and annual sediment load reduction to the river were calculated. ACD used this inventory to apply for grant funding for stabilization projects to correct some of these eroding banks. These applications, and matching money from Anoka County and the Rum River WMOs resulted in \$1.4 Million to be used over the next three years for stabilization projects.

Purpose: To identify and prioritize riverbank stabilization sites and be used by ACD and other entities to pursue grant funds to restore or stabilize eroding stretches of Rum Riverbank.

Location: Rum River conveyance throughout Anoka County

Results: Inventory of 80 stretches of moderate to very severe erosion on banks of the Rum River. \$1.4 Million has been secured so far in grant and matching funds to implement stabilization projects.




PROJECT JUSTIFICATION

- Rum River bank stabilization projects are recommended in the 2017 Rum River Watershed Restoration and Protection Strategy (WRAPS) report by state and local agencies and stakeholders.
- The Anoka Conservation District (ACD) identified 80 eroding stretches totaling seven miles of riverbank.
- Critical riparian-littoral transitional habitat is missing along these seven miles, and 7,838 tons of sediment is delivered to the river annually, smothering habitat for mussels, invertebrates, and spawning fish.
- LSOHC, CPL, and Clean Water Fund grants will be pursued to address sites based on scale and severity.
- Two phases are planned for LSOHC requests for Rum River habitat-building bioengineering projects in Anoka County over five years. Additional requests with upstream partners may be possible in the future.


PROJECT SUMMARY

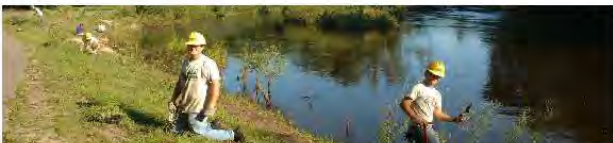
- Stabilization and habitat enhancement of four to eight sites over three years during Phase 1 with \$952,200 LSOHC -OHF funds
- Enhanced opportunity for fishing, hunting, and recreation on a key public water resource
- Project partners: ACD, Anoka County, and landowners
- Support from: Upper Rum River WMO, Lower Rum River WMO, and MN Waterfowl Association



LONG-TERM STRATEGY

- Anoka County approved \$442,000 in grant match over the next five years.
- Future LSOHC requests will be made for additional habitat building bioengineering projects.
- Clean Water Fund grants will be pursued for projects requiring substantial hard armoring.
- CPL funds will be pursued for smaller projects addressable by cedar tree revegetation projects.






PROJECT BENEFITS


- Habitat enhancement (up to three acres) for game fish, waterfowl, and non-game wildlife.
- Reconnection of fragmented riparian habitat along up to a half mile of riverbank.
- Water quality and clarity improvement downstream by reducing up to 750 tons of sediment annually.
- Projects will protect both public and private land currently being lost to erosion.
- Wildlife-friendly approaches will be developed or tested to advance bioengineering practices for wildlife benefit.

BIOENGINEERING


- Relies on natural materials to stabilize banks while providing transitional habitat that is traversable by wildlife.
- May include light grading and toe armor, native plants, woody materials, and rock vanes.
- Stabilizes soils to prevent sediment loading to river, improving water quality, fish spawning beds, and in-use habitat.
- Reconnects currently fragmented riparian-littoral habitat along the river.




BEFORE



AFTER





BEFORE






AFTER

MINNESOTA'S RUM RIVER

- State Outstanding Resource Value Water
- State Wild, Scenic, and Recreational River
- State Water Trail
- World-class smallmouth bass fishery
- Key reed for Species in Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN); Several mussels, Blanding's turtle

Application illustration for the Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council to do Rum River stabilization projects utilizing bioengineering approaches. The LSOHC recommended funding these projects at \$952,000 over the next three years, which will be matched with \$236,000 in local funds from Anoka County and the Upper and Lower Rum River WMOs.

URRWMO Website

Partners: URRWMO, ACD

Description: The Upper Rum River Watershed Management Organization (URRWMO) contracted the Anoka Conservation District (ACD) to design and maintain a website about the URRWMO and the Upper Rum River watershed.

Purpose: To increase awareness of the URRWMO and its programs. The website also provides tools and information that helps users better understand water resources issues in the area.

Location: www.URRWMO.org

Results:

In 2019 routine SRWMO website updates were performed. The new website includes:

- Directory of board members,
- Meeting minutes and agendas,
- Watershed management plan and annual reports,
- Descriptions of work that the organization is directing,
- Highlighted projects,
- Informational videos,
- Maps of the URRWMO.

The website is regularly updated throughout the year.

URRWMO Website Homepage

Upper Rum River Watershed Management Organization

*****November 20, 2018 Technical Advisory Committee Meeting - 10am at Oak Grove City Hall*****

The URRWMO is a joint powers organization including the Cities of St. Francis, Oak Grove, Nowthen, Bethel, and portions of East Bethel. A small corner of Ham Lake also falls within the URRWMO. The WMO Board is made up of representatives from each of these cities.

This organization seeks to maintain the quality of area lakes, rivers, streams, groundwater, and other water resources across municipal boundaries. Resources of particular importance to the URRWMO include the Rum River, Seelye Brook, Ford Brook, Cedar Creek, and numerous ditches that drain to the Rum River. This stretch of the Rum River is designated as a state Scenic and Recreational Waterway. Lake George and East Twin Lakes, the primary recreation lakes in the watershed, are also of high priority, in addition to many smaller lakes and wetlands.

URRWMO Annual Newsletter

Partners: URRWMO, ACD

Description: The URRWMO Watershed Management Plan and state rules call for an annual URRWMO newsletter in addition to the WMO website. The URRWMO produces a newsletter article including information about the URRWMO, its programs, related educational information, and the URRWMO website address. This article is provided to each member city, and they are asked to include it in their city newsletters.

Purpose: To increase public awareness of the URRWMO and its programs as well as receive input.

Locations: Watershed-wide.

Results: The Anoka Conservation District (ACD) assisted the URRWMO by drafting the annual newsletter article about the new management plan for area streams and lakes. The URRWMO Board reviewed and edited the draft article. The finalized article was posted to the URRWMO website, sent to each member community for publication in their newsletters and provided to the Independent School District 15 publication, "The Courier."

2019 URRWMO Newsletter Article

Upper Rum River Watershed Management Organization

MEDIA RELEASE

Contact person: Jamie Schurbon 763-434-2030 ext. 21

Date: October 11, 2019

Local Watershed Organization Tackles Riverbank Erosion

Riverbank erosion causes problems for both property owners and the river's health. A recent inventory of river conditions found 80 stretches of eroding Rum Riverbank in Anoka County. The Upper Rum River Watershed Management Organization (URRWMO) and its partners will soon begin work to correct a number of those eroding riverbanks.

Riverbank erosion varies in size and type of solution. Amongst locally eroding riverbanks, some are 30-foot tall banks of bare, collapsing sand. These, often on the outside bends of the river, may require re-grading, rock or other robust engineering to fix. Other eroding riverbanks are just a few feet tall. These can be corrected with "softer" materials such as armoring with cut cedar trees and planting for long-term stability. In either case, work is done with an eye toward improving habitat.

Three grants are being pursued, each for a different approach to fixing erosion. The grants are from the MN DNR, the MN Board of Water and Soil Resources and the Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council. The first two of these grant sources will make funding decisions in winter 2019-2020. The latter has already favorably reviewed the project and is recommending that the State legislature fund it at \$822,000. All of these funding sources get money from the Clean Land, Water and Legacy Amendment passed by voters in 2008.

The projects will be done through a partnership of organizations interested in the Rum River's health. Each of the following are providing matching funds for the grants: the Upper Rum River WMO, Lower Rum River WMO, The Nature Conservancy and Anoka County Parks. The Anoka Conservation District is providing staff time to coordinate the grant applications and river work.

Stabilizing even just 10 eroding riverbanks will decrease sediment entering the river by over 750 tons. That sediment makes the water brown, carries nutrients and other pollutants, and smothers fish spawning habitat. Every project will include habitat improvements in and next to the water. Work will begin in 2020.

The Upper Rum River Watershed Management Organization is a special purpose unit of government made up of six cities: Bethel, East Bethel, Ham Lake, Nowthen, Oak Grove, and St. Francis. Its purpose is to manage the area's waters, particularly those that flow across city boundaries. More information is at www.URRWMO.org.

URRWMO 2018 Annual Reports to the State

Partners: URRWMO, ACD

Description: The Upper Rum River Watershed Management Organization (URRWMO) is required by law to submit an annual report to the Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources (BWSR). This report consists of an up-to-date listing of URRWMO Board members, activities related to implementing the URRWMO Watershed Management Plan, the status of municipal water plans, financial summaries, and other work results. The report is due annually 120 days after the end of the URRWMO’s fiscal year (April 30th).

Additionally, the URRWMO is required to perform annual financial reporting to the State Auditor. This includes submitting a financial report and filling out a multi-worksheet form.

Purpose: To document required progress toward implementing the URRWMO Watershed Management Plan and to provide transparency of government operations.

Locations: Watershed-wide

Results: The Anoka Conservation District assisted the URRWMO with preparation of a 2018 Upper Rum River WMO Annual Report to BWSR and reporting to the State Auditor. This included:

- Preparation of an unaudited financial report,
- A report to BWSR meeting MN statutes,
- State Auditor’s reporting forms through the State’s SAFES website.

All were completed by the end of April 2019. The report to BWSR and financial report are available on the URRWMO website.

Report to BWSR Cover

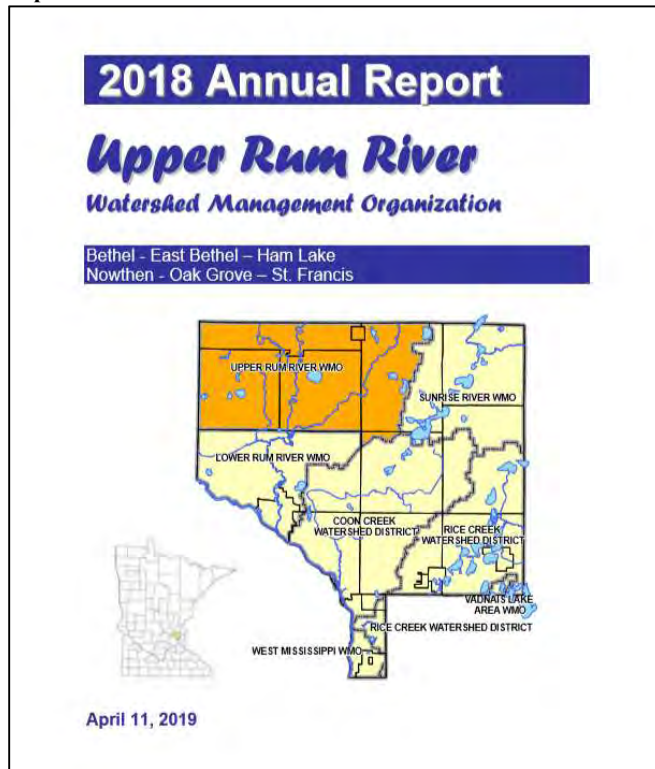


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Upper Rum River Watershed Management Organization
9900 Nightingale Street NW
Oak Grove, MN 55011-9204

Financial Summary

ACD accounting is organized by program and not by customer. This allows us to track all of the labor, materials and overhead expenses for a program. We do not, however, know specifically which expenses are attributed to monitoring which sites. To enable reporting of expenses for

monitoring conducted in a specific watershed, we divide the total program cost by the number of sites monitored to determine an annual cost per site. We then multiply the cost per site by the number of sites monitored for a customer.

2019 Upper Rum River Watershed Financial Summary

Upper Rum River Watershed	Volunteer Precip	DNR Groundwater Wells	Wetland Levels	Lake Levels	Lake Water Quality	Biomonitoring	AIS Lake George Mapping	Rum River Small Watersheds Grant	1WIP Rum River Planning	URRWMO Admin/Reporting/Grants	Beach Property Enhancement	Kern Property Enhancement	Burman WMA Restoration	Rum River Revegetments	URRWMO Website	URRWMO Educ/Newsletter	Outreach Collaborative	Total	
Revenues																			
URRWMO		1950	1240	1825						11360					665	1000			18040
State - Other		344																5767	6111
DNR OHF											3516		9285	935					13736
BWSR Local Water Planning Regional/Local					223														223
Anoka Co. General Services					43		1200		884										11201
County Ag Preserves/Projects	571	597	132		367	475		160	4420		2149				1008			989	10125
Service Fees					250									1862					2704
TOTAL	571	941	2082	1240	2459	725	1256	160	5304	11360	5665	1868	5313	1149	1673	1000	7151	31	8612
Expenses-																			
Capital Outlay/Equip	1	2	4	1	4	0			9	19	2	2	8	42	1			7	103
Personnel Salaries/Benefits	545	868	2898	1231	1656	1102	1228	146	4899	9634	3007	1696	11952	9591	1076	873	4465		56868
Overhead	31	47	141	67	84	68	53	12	271	481	244	105	580	404	69	44	252		2952
Employee Training	2	3	11	5	4	4	2	1	16	37	8	5	77	32	3	6	17		233
Vehicle/Mileage	7	11	40	16	24	13	20	1	64	131	27	21	144	146	13	10	56		743
Rent	23	44	124	53	87	47	56	7	238	435	165	85	337	511	55	22	202		2491
Program Participants														699					699
Program Supplies	13		209		585	80			64	122	2178	20	3858	566	484		631		8810
TOTAL	621	976	3426	1374	2444	1314	1360	167	5561	10859	5631	1933	16956	11991	1701	955			
NET	-50	-35	-1345	-134	15	-589	-104	-7	-257	501	34	-65	-2358	708	-28	45	1522		-2146

Recommendations

- **Participate in the Rum River One Watershed One Plan** process, resulting in prioritized management across the entire Rum River watershed.
- **Pursue projects that are in the URRWMO Watershed Management Plan.** This prioritized list was created by the URRWMO Technical Advisory Committee (TAC):
 1. Rum Riverbank stabilizations
 2. Anoka County Water Resources Outreach Collaborative
 3. (Tied) Stormwater retrofits for the Rum River and subwatershed assessments. Prioritized subwatershed assessment areas are: a) Pickerel Lake b) East Twin Lake c) Rum River direct drainage and d) City of Bethel periphery
 4. Lake George shoreline stabilizations
 5. Lake George iron-enhanced sand filter feasibility study
 6. Ditch 19 connector dredging
- **Bring projects to a construction-ready status** so they are positioned for State Watershed Based Implementation Funds. 10% match is needed for these grants.
- **Ensure stormwater treatment standards for new development result in no increase, and preferably a decrease, in phosphorus.** The Rum River is just below State standards for impairment and several tributaries exceed State nutrient standards. State MS4 stormwater treatment standards are aimed at maintaining water quality only, and it may be favorable to consider Minimum Impact Development Standards (MIDS) that are aimed at pollutant reductions.
- **Monitor Lake George water quality at least every other year.** The lake has a declining trend. The Lake Improvement District has taken up monitoring every other year when the URRWMO has not funded that work, but would prefer to put their dollars into projects.
- **Promote practices that limit road deicing salt applications** while keeping roads safe. Streams throughout the URRWMO have increasing specific conductivity. Requiring municipal plow drivers to become certified through MN Pollution Control Agency deicing courses is recommended.
- **Periodically monitor chlorides in streams.** Monitoring every 3 years minimum is recommended.
- **Promote groundwater conservation.** Metropolitan Council models predict 3+ ft. drawdown of surface waters in parts of the URRWMO by 2030, and 5+ ft. by 2050.