# 2014 Annual Report



## Watershed Management Organization

Bethel - East Bethel – Ham Lake Nowthen - Oak Grove – St. Francis



March 16, 2015

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Upper Rum River Watershed Management Organization 9900 Nightingale Street NW Oak Grove, MN 55011-9204

## I. Introduction

This report has been prepared to meet the annual watershed management organization reporting requirements of Minnesota Rules 8410.0150. The report is intended to fulfill 2014 reporting requirements.

The Upper Rum River Watershed Management Organization (URRWMO) is a joint powers organization under Minnesota Statutes, Section 471.59. It is comprised of the cities of Bethel, Oak Grove, Nowthen, and St. Francis, and portions of the cities of East Bethel and Ham Lake. Board members are appointed by the member cities. The organization's direction is laid out in its watershed management plan and the member municipalities' local water plans. The URRWMO meets every other month on the first Tuesday at 7pm at the Sandhill Center for the Arts in Bethel, MN, except that the organization's annual meeting in May is held at Oak Grove City Hall.



## II. Activity Report

#### a. Current Board Members

#### CITY OF BETHEL

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#### CITY OF NOWTHEN

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#### CITY OF OAK GROVE

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Vacant

Vacant

Richard Orpen 23340 Cree St NW St. Francis, MN 55070 612.234.2891 rorpen@stfrancismn.org

## b. Employees and Consultants

The URRWMO does not employ staff, but does utilize consulting services and enters into cooperative agreements with other government agencies. A description of contracted services is listed below:

| <b>Consultant/Partner</b>      | Contact  | Work Description  |
|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Anoka Conservation<br>District | Jamie Schurbon<br>Water Resource Specialist<br>1318 McKay Drive NW, #300<br>Ham Lake, MN 55304<br>763-434-2030 ext. 12<br>jamie.schurbon@anokaswcd.org | <ul> <li>Water quality and<br/>hydrological monitoring,<br/>and special studies.</li> <li>Website maintenance.</li> <li>Administer the WMO's<br/>cost share grant program.</li> <li>Assistance preparing<br/>annual newsletter article.</li> <li>Assistance preparing<br/>annual reports to BWSR.</li> <li>Assistance reviewing<br/>local water plans.</li> </ul> |
| Gail Gessner                   | Gail Gessner<br>4621 203rd Lane NW<br>Oak Grove, MN 55303<br>763-753-2368<br>recordwmo@gmail.com   | <ul> <li>Recording secretary for meetings.</li> <li>Miscellaneous administrative assistance.</li> </ul>   |

## c. Solicitations for Services

Minnesota Statutes 103B.227 require watershed management organizations to solicit bids for professional services at least once every two years. The URRWMO solicited bids in early 2013 for work to occur 2013. To accomplish this, a request for proposals was sent to consulting engineers serving each of the six member communities, as well as the Anoka Conservation District. Responses were received from Hakanson Anderson and the Anoka Conservation District. The Anoka Conservation District provided the lowest bid and was selected.

## d. Implementation of Watershed Management Plan

The current URRWMO Watershed Management Plan was approved by the Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources (BWSR) in 2007 and implementation began that same year. In 2012 the monitoring plan portion was updated for the years 2013-2017. On the whole, the plan contains a detailed schedule of tasks that the URRWMO should accomplish each year in order to realize its goals. The table on the following page compares our planned work to our accomplished work.

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## Comparison of work planned in the URRWMO Watershed Management Plan (including amendments) and work accomplished for the last 3 years. The work plan for 2015 is also shown.

|   | 20  | 12   | 2013   |   | 2014  |  | 2015   |   |
|---|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|
| Task  | Planned   | Accomplished   | Planned  | Accomplished  | Planned   | Accomplished   | In Watershed Plan  | Plan to Do  |
| Monitoring  | Monitoring  |  |  |   |   |  |  |   |
| Lake Levels   | George, East Twin Lakes                           | George, East Twin, Minard,<br>and Cooper Lakes   | George, East Twin, Minard,<br>and Cooper Lakes                     | George, East Twin, Minard,<br>and Cooper Lakes  | George, East Twin, Minard,<br>and Cooper Lakes                                | George, East Twin, Minard,<br>and Cooper Lakes   | George, East Twin, Minard,<br>and Cooper Lakes   | George, East Twin, Minard,<br>and Cooper Lakes  |
| Lake Water Quality  |   |  | George, East Twin Lakes  | George, East Twin Lakes.<br>Minard, Pickerel Lakes<br>monitored by MPCA<br>WRAP.  | Monitor Lake George because<br>it exceeded URRWMO water<br>quality standards. | Pickerel Lake monitored by<br>MPCA WRAP. Lake<br>George monitored by LID.                                | Monitor Lake George<br>because it exceeded<br>URRWMO water quality<br>standards.         |   |
| Stream Water Quality  | Rum River, 2 sites                                | None. MPCA monitoring in 2013-14. WMO temporarily suspending monitoring to avoid duplication.  |  | Seelye Br, Cedar Cr and<br>Rum R monitored by MPCA<br>WRAP  | Seeyle, Ford, Cedar, and 2<br>Rum R sites monitored by<br>WMO                 | WMO planned monitoring<br>being done plus Seelye Br,<br>Cedar Cr and Rum R<br>monitored by MPCA<br>WRAP. | Rum R at CR24, Rum R at<br>CR7, Seelye Br at CR7,<br>Cedar Cr at CR9, Ford Br at<br>CR63 | Rum R at CR24, Rum R at<br>CR7, Seelye Br at CR7, Cedar<br>Cr at CR9, Ford Br at CR63 |
| River Biomonitoring with St<br>Francis High School classes    |   | Rum River biomonitoring<br>with St. Francis High School<br>classes   | Rum River biomonitoring<br>with St. Francis High School<br>classes | Rum River biomonitoring<br>with St. Francis High School<br>classes  | Rum River biomonitoring<br>with St. Francis High School<br>classes            | Rum River biomonitoring<br>with St. Francis High School<br>classes                                       | Rum River biomonitoring<br>with St. Francis High School<br>classes                       | Rum River biomonitoring with<br>St. Francis High School classes                       |
| Reference Wetland Hydrology                                   |   | Lake George and East Twin<br>reference wetlands  | Lake George, E Twin, and<br>Cedar reference wetlands               | Lake George, E Twin, and<br>Cedar reference wetlands  | Lake George, E Twin, and<br>Cedar reference wetlands                          | Lake George, E Twin, and<br>Cedar reference wetlands   | Lake George, E Twin, and<br>Cedar reference wetlands                                     | Lake George, E Twin, and<br>Cedar reference wetlands                                  |
| Other   |   |  |  |   |   |  |  |   |
| Water Quality Improvement                                     | •   | ·  | ·  | ·   |   |  |  |   |
| Water Quality Improvement Cost<br>Share Fund                  | \$1,000   | \$1,000 + \$1,580.90<br>carryover.<br>Fund Crooked Br<br>streambank stabilization at<br>Petro property and Lake<br>George shoreline resto at<br>Erickson property. | \$1,000  | \$0 new contribution.<br>Existing dollars are funding<br>2 Lake George shoreline<br>restorations. \$832.38<br>unencumbered carryover. | \$1,000   | \$0  | \$1,000  | \$0   |
| Public Education  |   |  | ·  | ·   |   |  |  |   |
| Website or Newsletter   | Annual newsletter,<br>Maintain and update website | Annual newsletter, website,<br>create web video about the<br>WMO and biomonitoring.  | Annual newsletter,<br>Maintain and update website                  | Annual newsletter about<br>Rum R WRAP,<br>website overhaul.   | Annual newsletter,<br>Maintain and update website                             | Annual newsletter,<br>Maintain and update website  | Annual newsletter,<br>Maintain and update website  | Annual newsletter,<br>Maintain and update website                                     |
| Inventories and Studies                                       |   |  |  |   |   |  |  |   |
| Study groundwater levels, trends, water quality and capacity. |   |  |  | County geologic atlas phase<br>I completed.   |   |  |  |   |
| Other   |   |  |  |   |   |  |  |   |
| Planning and Reporting  |   |  |  |   |   |  |  |   |
| Annual Report to BWSR   | Write and submit                                  | Wrote and submitted  | Write and submit   | Wrote and submitted   | Write and submit  | Write and submit   | Write and submit   | Write and submit  |
| Review member cities' annual<br>reports to the URRWMO         | Review cities' reports                            | Done by URRWMO Bd  | Review cities' reports   | URRWMO Bd will do.  | Review cities' reports  | URRWMO Bd will do.   | Review cities' reports   | URRWMO Bd will do.  |
| Review WMO Plan, including<br>past work and upcoming budget   | Review WMO Plan, work<br>and budget               | Done by WMO Board during annual reporting  | Review WMO Plan, work<br>and budget                                | Done by WMO Board during annual reporting   | Review WMO Plan, work and<br>budget   | Will be done by WMO<br>Board during annual<br>reporting  | Review WMO Plan, work<br>and budget  | Will be done by WMO Board<br>during annual reporting                                  |
| Update Joint Powers Agreement                                 |   |  |  |   |   |  |  |   |
| Set aside matching funds for future grants                    | \$1,000   | \$1,000  | \$1,000  | \$0   | \$1,000   | \$0  | \$1,000  | \$0   |
| Other   | Develop 2013-17 water<br>monitoring plan.         | Adopted 2013-17 water<br>monitoring plan.<br>Est WMO checking acct   |  |   |   |  |  |   |

#### Upper Rum River WMO Annual Report 2014

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## e. Status of Local Plan Adoption and Implementation

All URRWMO member cities have local water plans which are consistent with the URRWMO Watershed Management Plan and have been approved by the URRWMO. All were updated in 2008 or 2009 for consistency with the URRWMO Plan, which was approved in 2007. These plans are now being implemented.

To track member cities' progress on local plan implementation, the URRWMO requires a brief annual report from each city and provides a template for this report. In addition to serving as a reporting tool, the template serves as a "to do" list for our cities. These reports are available upon request, and are summarized in the table below.

## Status of city local water plans and some recent accomplishments toward plan implementation.

| City of Bethel                                |   |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Local Water Plan<br>Status                    | Bethel's new local water plan has been approved by the URRWMO and favorably reviewed by Metropolitan Council. The URRWMO approved the plan in February 2009.  |  |  |  |
|   | The City lacks several ordinances or control measures required by the URRWMO including: an erosion and sediment control ordinance, stormwater ordinance, flood ordinance, a permit program for wetland excavations and guidelines for developers. The URRWMO has considered revisiting whether some of these requirements are not applicable to the City of Bethel because it is very small and completely built out. |  |  |  |
| Submitted 2014<br>annual report to<br>URRWMO? | Yes   |  |  |  |
| Some Recent<br>Implementation                 | • Added stormwater infrastructure inspections. In 2014 four storm drains were inspected and cleaned of debris.  |  |  |  |
| Accomplishments                               | • Educational efforts that reached 176 households on the topics of hazardous waste disposal, yard waste management and the activities of the URRWMO.  |  |  |  |
|   | • Street sweeping annually.   |  |  |  |
|   | • Completed a wetland ordinance in 2011.  |  |  |  |
| City of East Bethe                            | el  |  |  |  |
| Local Water Plan<br>Status                    | East Bethel's local water plan was approved by the URRWMO in 2010. Previously, a draft had been reviewed in May 2009, and was approved contingent upon several minor revisions. Those revisions were received in 2010, and favorably reviewed.  |  |  |  |
|   | In the last few years the city has added several or updated ordinances required by the URRWMO, including erosion and sediment control, stormwater and wetlands.   |  |  |  |
| Submitted 2014<br>annual report to<br>URRWMO? | Yes   |  |  |  |
| Some Recent                                   | • Mapped all pipes 12" or bigger, outfalls and pollution control devices.   |  |  |  |
| Implementation<br>Accomplishments             | • Inspected more than half (191) of all water level control structures in 2014. Remainder to be inspected in 2015.  |  |  |  |
|   | • Inventoried and did MN RAM classifications on four wetlands in 2012. Wetland protections were implemented based on wetland classification/quality.  |  |  |  |
|   | • Inspecting land disturbance activities weekly or after rain events. No enforcement  |  |  |  |

actions were needed in 2014.

- Street sweeping of all curb and gutter streets in spring, and then all neighborhoods adjacent to Coon Lake again in fall.
- Ongoing work to complete BMP's in the City's Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan.
- Classified two wetlands with potential impacts in 2014 in order to ensure protective measures required by the URRWMO are implemented.
- Educational efforts that reached 11,000 residents on the topics of wetland buffers, water quality monitoring, groundwater protection, hazardous waste disposal, yard waste management, ag BMPs and pet waste disposal.

#### City of Ham Lake

| Local Water Plan<br>Status                    | Ham Lake's new local water plan has been favorably reviewed by the Metropolitan<br>Council and URRWMO. The URRWMO approved the plan in May 2009, with<br>contingencies. At their December 7, 2009 meeting, the Ham Lake City Council approved<br>the local water plan with revisions that met the URRWMO's contingencies.   |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
|   | The City's 2014 annual report to the WMO indicates they have all WMO-required ordinances in place.  |  |  |  |  |
| Submitted 2014<br>annual report to<br>URRWMO? | Yes   |  |  |  |  |
| Some Recent                                   | Created an illicit discharge ordinance.   |  |  |  |  |
| Implementation                                | • Routine inspection of land disturbance activities.  |  |  |  |  |
| Accomplishments                               | • Street sweeping.  |  |  |  |  |
|   | • Ongoing work to complete BMP's in the City's Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan.   |  |  |  |  |
|   | • Inspection of 20% of MS4 outfalls, sedimentation basins, and ponds each year on a rotating basis. Any cleaning or maintenance is based on the inspection reports.   |  |  |  |  |
|   | • Educational efforts through the City's newsletter, which reaches the entire population of 6,700 households and businesses. Educational article topics in 2014 included groundwater protection, water conservation, hazardous waste disposal, yard waste management, ag BMPs, pet waste disposal, and activities of the URRWMO.  |  |  |  |  |
| City of St. Francis                           | S   |  |  |  |  |
| Local Water Plan<br>Status                    | St. Francis' local water plan has been approved by the URRWMO. The City first submitted a revised local water plan that was favorably reviewed by the Metropolitan Council on May 5, 2009 and approved contingent upon several minor revisions by the URRWMO on the same day. Revisions were made by the city to address the contingence and the URRWMO approved the St. Francis local water plan on September 1, 2009. |  |  |  |  |
|   | The City lacks a shoreland ordinance, as required by the URRWMO. However it does have a special Rum River district with scenic river rules. As determined by the DNR, because the city has no lakes, a shoreland ordinance is not applicable.   |  |  |  |  |
| Submitted 2014<br>annual report to<br>URRWMO? | Yes   |  |  |  |  |

| Some Recent                                   | • In 2014 received notification the City will become subject to MS4 regulations. The city has begun to plan.   |
|---|--|
| Accomplishments                               | <ul> <li>In 2012 completed a GIS inventory of stormwater treatment basins and inspected all<br/>99. Several maintenance needs were identified.</li> </ul>  |
|   | • Inspecting construction projects weekly or after rain events >0.5 inches.  |
|   | • Swept all streets with improved surfaces (urban and rural) in spring. Swept all urban streets again in the fall.   |
|   | • Developed of a GIS inventory and inspection plan for stormwater treatment basins and water control structures is underway.   |
|   | • Educational efforts that reached 7,500 residents on the topics of water conservation, yard waste management, and hazardous waste disposal.   |
|   | • Routine removal of sediment from a Stormceptor treatment device on Rum River Blvd.   |
| City of Nowthen                               |  |
| Local Water Plan<br>Status                    | Nowthen's local water plan and been approved by the URRWMO. The URRMO Board first reviewed the plan in February 2009, where some deficiencies were found. The City revised the plan based upon URRWMO comments. The revised plan was approved by the URRWMO Board in May 2009. The Metropolitan Council has also indicated that they found the draft plan satisfactory in their January 2009 letter. |
|   | The City has the full suite of water protection ordinances required by the URRWMO.   |
| Submitted 2014<br>annual report to<br>URRWMO? | Yes  |
| Some Recent                                   | • Swept and cleaned six storm water treatment structures in 2013.  |
| Implementation<br>Accomplishments             | • Inventoried and did MN RAM classifications on four wetlands in 2012 and two in 2013. Wetland protections were implemented based on wetland classification/quality.   |
|   | • Performed maintenance at three water control structures in 2014 and two in January 2015.   |
|   | • Classified three wetlands with potential impacts in 2014 in order to ensure protective measures required by the URRWMO are implemented.  |
|   | • Swept streets in areas with curb and gutter and other priority areas, including Rogers Lake area, Quiet Meadows, Autumn Acres, East Twin Lakes Parking Lots, and Garnet Street.  |
|   | • Inspected and cleaned four stormwater catch basins in 2014.  |
|   | • Updated ordinances in 2010, including erosion control, stormwater, and wetland ordinances for consistency with the URRWMO Plan.  |
|   | • Adopted an illicit discharge ordinance in 2010.  |
|   | • Ongoing work to complete BMP's in the City's Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan.  |
|   | • Educational efforts to approximately 2,300 residents on topics of groundwater protection, hazardous waste disposal, and yard waste management,   |
| City of Oak Grov                              | 'e   |
| Local Water Plan<br>Status                    | Oak Grove's local water plan ahs been approved by the URRWMO. The City first submitted its local water plan to the URRWMO in early 2009. The URRWMO noted several deficiencies in a comment letter dated February 3, 2009. Revisions were made and the URRWMO approved the plan in May 2009. The Metropolitan Council favorably reviewed the plan (letter dated Sept. 9, 2009).                      |

The City has all of the ordinances required by the URRWMO Plan.

| Submitted 2014<br>annual report to<br>URRWMO? | Yes  |
|---|--|
| Some Recent                                   | • Adopted an illicit discharge ordinance an IDDE plan in 2/2015.   |
| Implementation<br>Accomplishments             | • Purchased a street sweeper in 2014. Almost all of the city's improved streets were swept between April 7 and Jun 16, 2015.   |
|   | • Inspected 51 stormwater ponds in 2014. Inspected 14 stormwater outfalls in 2014.   |
|   | • Completed mapping of stormwater conveyance system.   |
|   | • Educational efforts that reached 4,000 residents on the topics of water conservation, hazardous waste disposal, yard waste management and pest waste disposal.             |
|   | • The City continues to work to decrease illicit discharges. Their recycle day and recycling center give residents options to dispose of material without turning to illegal |

dumping. Their newsletter contains articles on this topic.

## f. Public Outreach

The URRWMO and its member cities do occasional public outreach and education projects (see tables above), but the URRWMO's website serves as the primary, continuous public outreach tool. The website was designed in 2003 and overhauled in 2013. Website contents include general information about the organization, the watershed management plan, meeting agendas and minutes, water monitoring results, profiles of WMO projects, access to mapping and data access tools, and others.

The website serves as an alternative to the state-mandated annual newsletter. The URRWMO ensures visibility of its website by asking member cities and townships to post the URRWMO website address in their newsletters. Links to the URRWMO website are also provided through other websites including the Anoka Natural Resources, Anoka Conservation District, and member municipality websites.

The website address is http://www.urrwmo.org

#### **URRWMO** Website homepage



## g. Permits, Variances, and Enforcement Actions

The URRWMO does not issue permits, variances, or take enforcement actions. These responsibilities are held by the member municipalities.

## h. Status of Locally Adopted Wetland Banking Program

The URRWMO does not have a locally adopted wetland banking program.

| Task  | Purpose  | Description   | Locations or<br>Action   | Cost    |
|---|--|---|--|---------|
| Lake Level<br>Monitoring                        | To understand lake hydrology,<br>including the impact of climate or<br>other water budget changes.<br>These data are useful for<br>regulatory, building/development,<br>and lake management decisions. | Weekly water level monitoring in lakes by<br>volunteers. All are available on the<br>Minnesota DNR website using the<br>"LakeFinder" feature (www.dnr.mn.us.state<br>\lakefind\index.html).   | East Twin Lake<br>Lake George<br>Cooper Lake<br>Minard Lake                              | \$1,000 |
|   | Cooper and Minard Lakes were<br>added in 2011. There have been<br>water level issues and citizen<br>complaints at these lakes.   |   |  |         |
| Stream<br>Water<br>Quality<br>Monitoring        | To detect water quality trends and diagnose the cause of changes.  | Monitoring occurs during the open water<br>season and includes: total phosphorus, total<br>suspended solids, transparency tube,<br>dissolved oxygen, turbidity, temperature,<br>conductivity, pH and stage. Four samples<br>will be taken but no reporting will occur.<br>Four additional samples will be taken in the<br>2 <sup>nd</sup> year and reporting will be written at that<br>time. | Rum R at CR 24<br>Rum R at CR7<br>Seelye Br at CR7<br>Cedar Cr at CR9<br>Ford Br at CR63 | \$4,200 |
| Rum River<br>Invertebrate<br>Biomon-<br>itoring | To assess overall river health.<br>To provide a hands-on educational<br>experience to high school students.  | Facilitated by the ACD, science classes<br>from St. Francis High School assess aquatic<br>insect populations. Students will collect<br>macroinvertebrate samples, identify them,<br>and calculate indices of river health. Anoka<br>Conservation District staff provide<br>instruction, oversight, and write a final<br>report. This monitoring has been conducted<br>for more than 10 years. | Rum River at<br>Hwy 24   | \$825   |

#### i. 2015 Work Plan

| Task   | Purpose   | Description   | Locations or<br>Action  | Cost                               |  |
|--|---|---|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Reference<br>Wetland<br>Hydrology<br>Monitoring                  | The ACD maintains a network of<br>18 reference wetlands throughout<br>the county. These data aid in<br>understanding of water conditions<br>in wetlands, surficial water table<br>changes, and trends. It is useful<br>for regulatory determinations (for<br>example, is a dry area actually a<br>wetland, or are all wetlands dry<br>right now?) and resolving water<br>level disputes.<br>Each reference wetland has been<br>monitored for more than 10 years,<br>providing a long term record. | Install and maintain a WL40 electronic<br>water level monitoring device at the edge of<br>reference wetlands. These devices measure<br>water levels every four hours. Data are<br>made available at any time through the<br>ACD website.                                    | East Twin, Lake<br>George, and<br>Cedar Reference<br>Wetlands | \$1,725                            |  |
| URRWMO<br>Website  | To increase awareness of the<br>URRWMO and its programs. The<br>website also provides tools and<br>information that helps users better<br>understand water resources issues<br>in the area. The website serves as<br>the URRWMO's alternative to a<br>state-mandated newsletter.  | Maintain and update the URRWMO<br>website with current information about the<br>organization, and meeting minutes and<br>agendas.<br>Web videos developed by the URRWMO<br>are also featured on the website.  | http://www.urrw<br>mo.org                                     | \$490<br>annual<br>maintena<br>nce |  |
| URRWMO<br>Annual<br>Newsletter                                   | To increase awareness of the<br>URRWMO and its programs, as<br>well as educate the public on water<br>quality issues. A featured topic in<br>the 2014 article will be the Rum<br>River WRAP project.  | In order to achieve the greatest distribution<br>at the lowest cost the URRWMO will draft<br>a newsletter article and ask that member<br>cities include it in their newsletters. It is<br>also printed in the school district<br>newspaper, "The Courier."                  | Watershed-wide  | \$500                              |  |
| Prepare<br>Annual<br>Report to<br>State<br>Auditor               | To provide transparency and<br>accountability of organization<br>operations.  | Online reporting of WMO finances though<br>the State Auditor's SAFES website.   | Watershed-wide  | \$300                              |  |
| Prepare<br>Annual<br>Report to<br>BWSR                           | To provide transparency and<br>accountability of organization<br>operations.  | Produce an annual report of URRWMO<br>activities and finances that satisfies<br>Minnesota Rules 8410.0150.  | Watershed-wide  | \$700                              |  |
| Cost Share<br>Grants for<br>Water<br>Quality<br>Improve-<br>ment | To improve water quality in lakes,<br>rivers, and streams.  | These grants offer up to 70% cost sharing of<br>the materials needed for a water quality<br>improvement project. Typical projects<br>include erosion correction, lakeshore<br>restoration, and rain gardens. The Anoka<br>Conservation District provides<br>administration. | Offer grants  | \$0                                |  |

## **III.** Financial and Audit Report

#### a. 2014 Financial Summary See Appendix A.

#### **b.** Fund Balances

See Appendix A.

#### c. Financial Audit Documentation

An annual financial report is complete. That report is Appendix A.

Audit of the URRWMO finances last occurred for 2011, via the audit of the City of Oak Grove finances. At that time all URRWMO revenues and expenditures were administered through the City of Oak Grove, which underwent a complete financial audit yearly by a certified accounting firm. Beginning in 2012 the URRWMO began its own checking account.

#### d. 2015 Budget

At its May 6, 2014 meeting the URRWMO Board approved a 2015 budget of \$13,005. Details of that budget are below.

#### 2015 URRWMO Final Budget - Approved 5/6/14

|  |              | Bethel      | East Bethel    | Ham Lake      | Nowthen    | Oak Grove  | St. Francis |
|--|--------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| ACD Work Recommendations   | Cost         | 1.08%       | 24.21%         | 0.99%         | 23.66%     | 29.69%     | 20.37%      |
| Lake Level Monitoring - Lake George, East Twin                   |              |             |                |               |            |            |             |
| Lake, Cooper Lake, Minard Lake                                   | \$1,000.00   | \$10.80     | \$242.10       | \$9.90        | \$236.60   | \$296.90   | \$203.70    |
| CR24, Rum at CR7, Seelye Br at CR7, Cedar Cr at                  |              |             |                |               |            |            |             |
| CR9, Ford Br at CR63   | \$4,200.00   | \$45.36     | \$1,016.82     | \$41.58       | \$993.72   | \$1,246.98 | \$855.54    |
| St. Francis High School Rum River Biomonitoring                  | \$825.00     | \$8.91      | \$199.73       | \$8.17        | \$195.20   | \$244.94   | \$168.05    |
| Reference Wetland Hydrology Monitoring - East Twin               |              |             |                |               |            |            |             |
| reference wetland, Lake George reference wetland,                |              |             |                |               |            |            |             |
| Cedar reference wetland  | \$1,725.00   | \$18.63     | \$417.62       | \$17.08       | \$408.14   | \$512.15   | \$351.38    |
| Website - Annual Operations (hosting \$110, domain name          |              |             |                |               |            |            |             |
| \$10, maintenance \$250, post minutes x 6 \$60, post agendas x 6 | \$400.00     | \$5.20      | \$118.63       | \$4.85        | \$115.03   | \$145.48   | \$00.91     |
| 300)<br>URRWMO Appual Education Publication/Neucletter           | \$490.00     | \$3.29      | \$110.03       | 94.65         | \$115.55   | \$140.40   | \$99.01     |
| Article  | \$500.00     | \$5.40      | \$121.05       | \$4.95        | \$118.30   | \$148.45   | \$101.85    |
| Matching Fund for Future Grants                                  | \$0.00       | \$0.00      | \$0.00         | \$0.00        | \$0.00     | \$0.00     | \$0.00      |
| Water Quality Cost Share Grant Fund                              | \$0.00       | \$0.00      | \$0.00         | \$0.00        | \$0.00     | \$0.00     | \$0.00      |
| water Quanty cost bhate Grant I and                              | \$8 740 00   | \$04.30     | \$2 115 05     | \$86.53       | \$2.067.88 | \$2 504 01 | \$1 780 34  |
|  | \$0,740.00   | 474.57      | \$2,115.55     | 400.00        | \$2,007.00 | \$2,554.51 | \$1,700.54  |
| ADMINISTRATIVE BUDGET (Split equally six ways)                   |              | Bethel      | East Bethel    | Ham Lake      | Nowthen    | Oak Grove  | St. Francis |
| Copies & Postage   | \$25.00      | \$4.17      | \$4.17         | \$4.17        | \$4.17     | \$4.17     | \$4.17      |
| Recording secretary  | \$1,200,00   | \$200.00    | \$200.00       | \$200.00      | \$200.00   | \$200.00   | \$200.00    |
| Insurance-League of MN Cities insurance trust                    | \$2,300.00   | \$383.33    | \$383.33       | \$383.33      | \$383.33   | \$383.33   | \$383.33    |
| Annual Financial Report to State Auditor prepared by             |              |             |                |               |            |            |             |
| ACD  | \$300.00     | \$50.00     | \$50.00        | \$50.00       | \$50.00    | \$50.00    | \$50.00     |
| Annual Report to BWSR prepared by ACD                            | \$700.00     | \$116.67    | \$116.67       | \$116.67      | \$116.67   | \$116.67   | \$116.67    |
|  | \$4,525.00   | \$754.17    | \$754.17       | \$754.17      | \$754.17   | \$754.17   | \$754.17    |
|  |              |             |                |               |            |            |             |
| Line items total   | \$13,265.00  |             |                |               |            |            |             |
| Budgeted Amount  | -\$13,005.00 | \$830.16    | \$2,814.72     | \$822.44      | \$2,767.53 | \$3,284.90 | \$2,485.25  |
|  | \$260.00 a   | mount to be | e covered by b | oudget reserv | es         |            |             |
|  |              |             |                |               |            |            |             |
| First 1/2 of budget due on or before January 1                   | \$6,502.50   | \$415.08    | \$1,407.36     | \$411.22      | \$1,383.76 | \$1,642.45 | \$1,242.62  |
| Second 1/2 of budget due on or before July 1                     | \$6,502.50   | \$415.08    | \$1,407.36     | \$411.22      | \$1,383.77 | \$1,642.45 | \$1,242.63  |
| Previous Budgets   |              |             |                |               |            |            |             |
| 2014 Budget was \$13,005   |              |             |                |               |            |            |             |
| 2013 Budget was \$11,000   |              |             |                |               |            |            |             |
| 2012 Budget was \$12.415   |              |             |                |               |            |            |             |
| 2012 Budget was \$12,415   |              |             |                |               |            |            |             |

2011 Budget was \$16,617 2010 Budget was \$18,185

2009 Budget was \$13,130

2008 Budget was \$26,205 (3rd Generation Plan)

# Appendix A:

# 2014 Financial Report

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## UPPER RUM RIVER WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION

## FINANCIAL REPORT FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

## To the Chairperson, Dan Denno, of Upper Rum River Water Management Organization

The enclosed statement has been prepared after review of the organization's financial records for 2013. I have not audited the organization's records and do not express an opinion. The enclosed information fairly reflects the Upper Rum River WMO's financial position for the stated year.

March 16, 2015

Prepared by: Jamie Schurbon 1318 McKay Drive NE, suite 300 Ham Lake, MN 55304 763-434-2030

#### UPPER RUM RIVER WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION 9900 Nightingale Street NW Oak Grove, MN 55011-9204

16.67% 16.67% 16.67% 16.67% 16.67% 16.67% 100.00%

1.08% 23.66% 24.21% 0.99% 29.69% 20.37% 100.00%

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES

For: year beginning January 1 2014 and Ending December 31 2014

| Expenditures   | Amount        |         |
|--|---------------|---------|
| Administrative                                       |               |         |
| Insurance – League of MN Cities Insurance Trust      | \$2,275.00    |         |
| Secretarial services - Gail Gessner                  | \$825.00      |         |
| Peoples Bank checking account service fee            | \$0.00        |         |
| PRAP Evaluation Asssitance - ACD                     | \$365.00      |         |
| Other  |               |         |
| SUBTOTAL   | \$3,465.00    |         |
| Non-Administrative                                   |               |         |
| Water Monitoring - Anoka Conservation District (ACD) | \$7,600.00    |         |
| Website – ACD  | \$480.00      |         |
| Annual report to BWSR – ACD                          | \$700.00      |         |
| Annual financial report to State Auditor - ACD       | \$300.00      |         |
| URRWMO annual newsletter article – ACD               | \$500.00      |         |
| Cost share grant fund for water quality projects     | \$0.00        |         |
| Other  | ¢0,500,00     |         |
| SUBIUIAL   | \$9,580.00    |         |
| GRAND TOTAL  | \$13,045.00   |         |
| Revenues   | Amount        | Percent |
| Administrative                                       |               |         |
| City of Bethel                                       | 737.50        | 16.6    |
| City of Nowthen                                      | 737.50        | 16.6    |
| City of East Bethel                                  | 737.50        | 16.6    |
| City of Ham Lake                                     | 737.50        | 16.6    |
| City of Oak Grove                                    | 737.50        | 16.6    |
| City of St. Francis                                  | 737.50        | 16.6    |
| SUBTOTAL   | 4,425.00      | 100.0   |
| Non-Administrative                                   |               |         |
| City of Bethel                                       | \$92.66       | 1.0     |
| City of Nowthen                                      | \$2,030.02    | 23.6    |
| City of East Bethel                                  | \$2,077.22    | 24.2    |
| City of Ham Lake                                     | \$84.94       | 0.9     |
| City of Oak Grove                                    | \$2,547.40    | 29.6    |
| City of St. Francis                                  | \$1,747.74    | 20.3    |
| SUBTOTAL   | 8,579.98      | 100.0   |
| Other  |               |         |
| Insurance Dividend                                   | \$399.00      |         |
| Other  |               |         |
| Other  | <b>**</b> *** |         |
| SUBTOTAL   | \$399.00      |         |
| GRAND TOTAL  | 13,403.98     |         |
| Retained Cash Reserves                               | \$358.98      |         |
| Total Cash Reserves                                  | \$6,497.49    |         |

## UPPER RUM RIVER WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION

#### BALANCE SHEET

For the year beginning January 1, 2014 and ending December 31, 2014

| Assets   |            |
|--|------------|
| Cash   | \$6,497.49 |
| Accounts Receivable  | \$0.00     |
| Water quality project grant fund held at the Anoka Conservation District | \$1,598.67 |
| Other  | \$0.00     |
| Total Assets   | \$8,096.16 |
| Liabilities  |            |
| Accounts Payable   | \$0.00     |
| Other  | \$0.00     |
| Other  | \$0.00     |
| Other  | \$0.00     |
| Total Liabilities  | \$0.00     |

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# Appendix B:

## 2014 Water Monitoring and Management Work Results

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# Excerpt from the 2014 Anoka Water Almanac

Chapter 3: Upper Rum River Watershed



Prepared by the Anoka Conservation District

## CHAPTER 3: UPPER RUM RIVER WATERSHED

| Task  | Partners                                      | Page      |
|---|---|-----------|
| Lake Level Monitoring                           | URRWMO, ACD, MN DNR, volunteers               | 3-63      |
| Lake Water Quality Monitoring                   | URRWMO, ACD, Lake George LID                  | 3-65      |
| Aquatic Invasive Vegetation Mapping             | Lake George LID                               | 3-73      |
| Stream Water Quality – Chemical<br>Monitoring   | MPCA, ACD                                     | 3-75      |
| Stream Water Quality – Biological<br>Monitoring | ACD, URRWMO, ACAP, St. Francis<br>High School | 3-89      |
| Wetland Hydrology                               | URRWMO, ACD                                   | 3-92      |
| Water Quality Grant Fund                        | URRWMO, ACD                                   | 3-98      |
| URRWMO Website                                  | URRWMO, ACD                                   | 3-99      |
| URRWMO Annual Newsletter                        | URRWMO, ACD                                   | 3-100     |
| 2013 Annual Reports to the State                | URRWMO, ACD                                   | 3-101     |
| Financial Summary                               |   | 3-102     |
| Recommendations                                 |   | 3-103     |
| Groundwater Hydrology (obwells)                 | ACD, MNDNR                                    | Chapter 1 |
| Precipitation                                   | ACD, volunteers                               | Chapter 1 |

ACAP = Anoka County Ag Preserves, ACD = Anoka Conservation District, LRRWMO = Lower Rum River Watershed Mgmt. Org, MC = Metropolitan Council MNDNR = Minnesota Dept. of Natural Resources, URRWMO = Upper Rum River Watershed Mgmt. Org



## Lake Levels

**Description:** Weekly water level monitoring in lakes. The past five years are shown below, and all historic data are available on the Minnesota DNR website using the "LakeFinder" feature (www.dnr.mn.us.state\lakefind\index.html). **Purpose:** To understand lake hydrology, including the impact of climate or other water budget changes. These data are useful for regulatory, building/development, and lake management decisions. Locations: East Twin Lake, Lake George, Rogers Lake, Minard Lake, Coopers Lake **Results:** Lake levels were measured by volunteers throughout the 2014 open water season. Lake gauges were installed and surveyed by the Anoka Conservation District and MN DNR. Lakes had sharply increasing water levels in spring and early summer 2014 when well above average rainfall occurred. Little rainfall fell later in the year and lake levels fell dramatically. All lake level data can be downloaded from the MN DNR website's Lakefinder feature. Ordinary High Water Level (OHW), the elevation below which a DNR permit is needed to perform work, is listed for each lake on the corresponding graphs below. 2011 and 2012 were the first years for monitoring Coopers and Minard Lakes. In recent years, there had been complaints about disproportionately low water in Coopers Lake and questions about why Minard Lake did not seem to have this problem. Indeed, both lakes have had similar maximum water levels in spring (Minard slightly higher because it is upstream). But Coopers Lake level drops rapidly by several feet in dry conditions, while Minard Lake is maintained higher. The reasons for differences between Minard and Coopers Lake are likely due to both the elevation of the culvert between the lakes, as well as differences in geology and groundwater interaction. Minard Lake can flow into Coopers Lake through a road culvert when the water is

high enough. More often, Minard Lake does not outflow. It therefore maintains higher water even during drought. Coopers Lake can have surface water outflows at lower elevations; it drains to wetlands south of the lake. At very low water levels surface water runout from Coopers Lake also ceases but lake levels continue to drop. Anoka County LiDAR confirms this, suggesting geology and groundwater connections also are important.



East Twin Lake Levels – last 5 years













Rogers Lake Levels - last 25 years **Rogers Lake** 886.0 OHW=883.90 885.0 884.0 Elevation (ft) 883.0 882.0 881.0 880.0 879.0 പര4ന വയ4ന Jan-90 Jan-91 Jan-94 Jan-92 Jan-02 Jan-02 Jan-02 Jan-02 Jan-05 Jan-05 Jan-05 Jan-05 Jan-05 Jan-05 Jan-05 Jan-05 Jan-05 Jan-97 Jan-07 Ja Jan-09 Jan-1 Jan-1 ä, , -Jan Jan ä an



## Lake Water Quality

| Description: | May through September at least once-monthly monitoring of the following parameters: total phosphorus, chlorophyll-a, Secchi transparency, dissolved oxygen, turbidity, temperature, conductivity, pH, and salinity.   |
|--------------|---|
| Purpose:     | To detect water quality trends and diagnose the cause of changes.   |
| Locations:   | Lake George   |
|              | Lake Minard   |
|              | Pickerel Lake   |
| Results:     | Detailed data for each lake are provided on the following pages, including summaries of historical conditions and trend analysis. Previous years' data are available at the MPCA's electronic data access website. Refer to Chapter 1 for additional information on interpreting the data and on lake dynamics. |

## Upper Rum River Watershed Lake Water Quality Monitoring Sites



Lake George City of Oak Grove, Lake ID # 02-0091



#### Background

Lake George is located in north-central Anoka County. The lake has a surface area of 535 acres with a maximum depth of 32 feet (9.75 m). Public access is from Lake George County Park on the lake's north side, where there is both a swimming beach and boat launch. About 70% of the lake is circumscribed by homes; the remainder is county parkland. The watershed is mostly undeveloped or vacant, with some residential areas, particularly on the lakeshore and in the southern half of the watershed. Two invasive exotic aquatic plants are established in this lake, Curly-leaf pondweed and Eurasian Water Milfoil. The lake improvement district treats both with herbicide.

#### **2014 Results**

In 2014 Lake George had good water quality for this region of the state (NCHF Ecoregion), receiving an overall B grade. The lake is mesotrophic. Total phosphorus averaged 25.5 ug/L, lower from the previous year. Secchi transparency was over 15 feet in late-May, but dropped to as low as 3.1 feet in late July. Average Secchi transparency was 7.4 feet, the second poorest observed. Chlorophyll-a averaged 6.4 mg/L, which is below the average of all years monitored. Total Phosphorous, Chlorophyll-a, and transparency were poorest in July.

#### **Trend Analysis**

Fifteen years of water quality data have been collected by the Metropolitan Council (between 1980 and '94, 1998 and 2009) and the Anoka Conservation District (1997, 1999, 2000, 2002, 2005, 2008, 2011,2013 and 2014). Water quality as a whole has not significantly changed from 1980 to 2014 (repeated measures MANOVA with response variables TP, Cl-a, and Secchi depth,  $F_{2,14}$ = 0.76, p=0.49). However, when analyzed individually Secchi Transparency indicates a significant decrease (one-way ANOVA  $F_{1,15}$ = 6.18, p=0.03)

#### Discussion

Lake George remains one of the clearest of Anoka County Lakes. Lake George and nearby East Twin Lake are valuable resources because of their condition, size, suitability for many types of recreation, and public access. Lake George is especially valuable to Anoka County due to its unique ecosystem. Most metro area lakes have a biodiversity of 10-12 different aquatic plant species; Lake George is home to 24.

Continued efforts are needed to maintain the lakes' quality including monitoring, education, and lakeshore and nutrient best management practices. One example is residential lakeshore restorations which have occurred on several properties. Still, many properties on Lake George aggressively manicure their lakeshore in ways that are detrimental to lake health. Around any developed lake failing septic systems can also be a threat to water quality. This concern exists at Lake George, but is reduced because many homes are served by a community sewer system.

Two exotic invasive plants are present in Lake George, Curly leaf pondweed and Eurasian Water milfoil. A Lake Improvement District was formed to orchestrate control of these plants and multiple years of localized treatments have occurred. Concern has been voiced that plant treatments may have a negative impact on water quality. In 2013 water quality monitoring showed a dramatic rise in phosphorus shortly after curly leaf pondweed treatment and it was suspected that the herbicide treatment may have caused the phosphorus increase. In The 2014 water quality data was collected immediately before and after herbicide treatment to determine if this was the case. In

2014, no upward spike of phosphorus occurred after herbicide treatment, however the water quality results were similar 2013.

In 2014 the invasive plants were mapped out earlier in the season to allow for earlier treatment. While immediate impacts were not observed in 2014 future monitoring and continued modified herbicide treatments may provide insight. The lake improvement district, DNR, and Anoka Conservation District are continuing to mold a plan that includes additional water quality monitoring especially before and after herbicide treatments, annual plant surveys, sediment coring to determine internal nutrient loading, examining fish data to determine any possible water quality impacts of fish and management strategies, observing water introduced through the lake's inlets, and treating curly leaf pondweed earlier to minimize water quality impacts that are more likely when water is warmer.

| 2011 20110 00           | 8     |       | ×         |           |          |           |           |           |           |          |           |          |           |         |       |       |
|-------------------------|-------|-------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|---------|-------|-------|
| Lake George             |       |       | 5/15/2014 | 5/28/2014 | 6/4/2014 | 6/11/2014 | 6/25/2014 | 7/10/2014 | 7/23/2014 | 8/6/2014 | 8/20/2014 | 9/5/2014 | 9/16/2014 | 1       |       |       |
| 2014 Water Quality Data |       |       | 13:15     | 13:15     | 13:45    | 12:45     | 12:45     | 13:00     | 12:30     | 13:15    | 15:30     | 13:50    | 13:25     |         |       |       |
|                         | Units | R.L.* | Results   | Results   | Results  | Results   | Results   | Results   | Results   | Results  | Results   | Results  | Results   | Average | Min   | Max   |
| pH                      |       | 0.1   | 8.4       | 8.38      | 8.39     | 8.57      | 8.54      | 8.92      | 9.14      | 9.52     | 9.48      | 8.66     | 8.77      | 8.80    | 8.38  | 9.52  |
| Conductivity            | mS/cm | 0.01  | 0.226     | 0.221     | 0.213    | 0.214     | 0.211     | 0.211     | 0.222     | 0.233    | 0.232     | 0.254    | 0.234     | 0.22    | 0.211 | 0.254 |
| Turbidity               | NTU   | 1.00  | 1.30      | 0.00      | 0.00     | 0.80      | 8.80      | 7.50      | 19.10     | 6.60     | 3.50      | 12.20    | 11.50     | 6.48    | 0.00  | 19.10 |
| D.O.                    | mg/L  | 0.01  | 12.17     | 9.41      | 8.48     | 9.44      | 8.54      | 9.36      | 8.58      | 10.03    | 9.69      | 8.56     | 9.83      | 9.46    | 8.48  | 12.17 |
| D.O.                    | %     | 1     | 115.9%    | 105.2%    | 100.6%   | 109.7%    | 103.4%    | 115.6%    | 107.0%    | 125.5%   | 122.2%    | 98.1%    | 103.8%    | 110%    | 98%   | 126%  |
| Temp.                   | °C    | 0.1   | 12        | 20        | 22       | 22        | 24        | 25        | 25        | 25       | 25        | 22       | 17        | 21.78   | 11.9  | 25.4  |
| Temp.                   | °F    | 0.1   | 53.3      | 68.5      | 72.2     | 72.3      | 74.8      | 76.2      | 77.7      | 77.6     | 77.3      | 71.0     | 62.3      | 71.21   | 53.3  | 77.7  |
| Salinity                | %     | 0.01  | 0.11      | 0.11      | 0.1      | 0.1       | 0.1       | 0.1       | 0.11      | 0.11     | 0.11      | 0.12     | 0.11      | 0.11    | 0.10  | 0.12  |
| Cl-a                    | ug/L  | 0.5   | 2.1       | 2.1       | 1.1      | 1.1       | 2.1       | 9.6       | 12        | 6        | 6.8       | 12.8     | 14.2      | 6.35    | 1.1   | 14.2  |
| T.P.                    | mg/L  | 0.010 | 0.015     | 0.022     | 0.027    | 0.019     | 0.013     | 0.036     | 0.027     | 0.024    | 0.024     | 0.027    | 0.046     | 0.03    | 0.013 | 0.046 |
| T.P.                    | ug/L  | 10    | 15        | 22        | 27       | 19        | 13        | 36        | 27        | 24       | 24        | 27       | 46        | 25.45   | 13    | 46    |
| Secchi                  | ft    | 0.1   | 9.3       | 15.5      | 11       | 11.3      | 7.9       | 4.3       | 3.11      | 4.7      | 5.5       | 5        | 3.55      | 7.38    | 3.1   | 15.5  |
| Secchi                  | m     | 0.03  | 2.83      | 4.72      | 3.35     | 3.44      | 2.41      | 1.31      | 0.95      | 1.43     | 1.68      | 1.52     | 1.08      | 2.25    | 0.9   | 4.7   |
| Physical                |       |       | 1.0       | 1.0       | 2.0      | 1.0       | 1.0       | 1.0       | 1.0       | 1.0      | 1.0       | 2.0      | 1.0       | 1.18    | 1.0   | 2.0   |
| Recreational            |       |       | 1.0       | 1.0       | 1.0      | 1.0       | 1.0       | 1.0       | 1.0       | 1.0      | 1.0       | 1.0      | 1.0       | 1.00    | 1.0   | 1.0   |

#### 2014 Lake George Water Quality Data

\*reporting limit

|              |       | 2014 Median |
|--------------|-------|-------------|
| pН           |       | 8.80        |
| Conductivity | mS/cm | 0.225       |
| Turbidity    | FNRU  | 6.00        |
| D.O.         | mg/l  | 9.46        |
| D.O.         | %     | 110.00%     |
| Temp.        | °C    | 21.80       |
| Temp.        | °F    | 71.20       |
| Salinity     | %     | 0.11        |
| Cl-a         | ug/L  | 6.40        |
| T.P.         | mg/l  | 0.03        |
| T.P.         | ug/l  | 25.50       |
| Secchi       | ft    | 7.40        |
| Secchi       | m     | 2.20        |





| Lake George  | e Summertime    | e Annual Mea  | ins  |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|--------------|-----------------|---------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Agency       | MC              | MC            | MC   | MC   | MC   | MC   | ACD  | MC   | ACD  | ACD  | ACD  | ACD  | ACD  | MC   | MC   | ACD  | ACD  |
| Year         | 1980            | 1981          | 1982 | 1984 | 1989 | 1994 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2002 | 2005 | 2008 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2014 |
| TP           | 22.5            | 22.0          | 22.3 | 24.4 | 24.3 | 25.4 | 17.4 | 27.5 | 14.2 | 16.3 | 19.9 | 26.0 | 23.0 | 26.2 | 29.0 | 30.3 | 25.5 |
| CI-a         | 7.3             | 7.1           | 7.0  | 9.5  | 4.5  | 6.9  | 13.2 | 7.8  | 4.8  | 5.8  | 5.2  | 5.4  | 6.4  | 7.0  | 12.4 | 6.1  | 6.4  |
| Secchi (m)   | 3.1             | 3.4           | 3.4  | 3.3  | 3.9  | 2.4  | 3.6  | 2.7  | 4.1  | 2.8  | 2.6  | 2.8  | 3.2  | 2.9  | 1.8  | 2.6  | 2.2  |
| Secchi (ft)  | 10.2            | 11.2          | 11.0 | 10.8 | 12.9 | 7.8  | 11.7 | 9.0  | 13.5 | 10.7 | 8.6  | 9.1  | 10.4 | 9.5  | 6.7  | 8.6  | 7.4  |
| Carlson's Ti | ropic State Inc | lices         |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| TSIP         | 49              | 49            | 49   | 50   | 50   | 51   | 45   | 52   | 42   | 44   | 47   | 51   | 49   | 51   | 53   | 53   | 51   |
| TSIC         | 50              | 50            | 50   | 53   | 45   | 50   | 56   | 51   | 46   | 48   | 47   | 47   | 49   | 50   | 55   | 48   | 49   |
| TSIS         | 44              | 42            | 43   | 43   | 40   | 48   | 42   | 45   | 40   | 45   | 46   | 45   | 43   | 45   | 52   | 46   | 49   |
| TSI          | 48              | 47            | 47   | 49   | 45   | 49   | 48   | 49   | 43   | 46   | 47   | 48   | 47   | 49   | 53   | 49   | 49   |
| Lake George  | e Water Quali   | ity Report Ca | rd   |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| Year         | 80              | 81            | 82   | 84   | 89   | 94   | 97   | 98   | 99   | 2000 | 2002 | 2005 | 2008 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2014 |
| TP           | A               | А             | A    | В    | В    | В    | A    | В    | А    | A    | А    | В    | B+   | В    | В    | В    | В    |
| Cl-a         | A               | А             | A    | А    | А    | А    | В    | А    | А    | А    | А    | Α    | А    | Α    | В    | А    | Α    |
| Secchi       | A               | A             | A    | A    | A    | В    | A    | В    | А    | В    | В    | В    | А    | В    | C    | В    | В    |
| Overall      | A               | A             | Α    | Α    | Α    | В    | Α    | В    | Α    | A    | A    | В    | Α    | В    | В    | В    | В    |

Carlson's Trophic State Index



#### MINARD LAKE City of East Bethel, Lake ID # 02-0067

#### Background

Minard Lake is located in the northern portion of the county near the City of Bethel. Public access is available only along the right of way of 237<sup>th</sup> Avenue. According to the MNDNR Lakes Database, Minard Lake has a surface area of 135 acres with a maximum depth of 7.0 feet (2.13 m). Aquatic plants grow to near the surface on much of the lake, though no invasive species were noted during sampling. The watershed is mostly undeveloped or vacant, with some residential areas on the East side of the watershed.

In 2013 and 2014 this lake was monitored by the Anoka Conservation District as part of the MPCA's Rum River Watershed Restoration and Protection Project (WRAP).

#### **2014 Results**

In 2014, the overall water quality grade for Minard Lake was a B grade. The limited data available indicates that the lake is mesotrophic. In 2014 the average surface total phosphorus (TP) concentration was 38  $\mu$ g/l (maximum of 62  $\mu$ g/l and a minimum of 24  $\mu$ g/l) receiving a B grade. The average Chlorophyll-a (Cl-a) concentration was 2.3  $\mu$ g/l (maximum of 3.2  $\mu$ g/l and a minimum of 1.1  $\mu$ g/l) receiving an A grade. Vegetation prevented accurate Secchi transparency readings.

#### **Trend Analysis**

Insufficient historical data available to conduct any trend analysis. Aside from 2013 and 2014, the only available data are Secchi transparency readings from 1990, 1991, and 2008. Those readings are similar to 2013 and 2014.

#### Discussion

During each sampling event, the recreational suitability and physical conditions were evaluated. These rankings are based on the subjective perception of ACD staff regarding the appearance of the lake. The physical condition of the lake was consistently perceived as having an abundance of aquatic vegetation. This vegetation has a negative impact on recreation, but is indicative of a healthy shallow lake.

| Lake Minard  | T to be | DI *  | 5/15/2014<br>12:30 | 6/11/2014<br>11:50 | 7/10/2014<br>13:20 | 8/6/2014<br>12:35 | 9/5/2014<br>13:10 | <b>A</b> | Min         | Mar   |
|--------------|---------|-------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------|-------------|-------|
| all          | Units   | K.L.* | Results<br>9.12    | Results<br>9 11    | Results            | Results           | Results 7.50      | Average  | Min<br>7.50 | Max   |
| рн           |         | 0.1   | 6.15               | 0.11               | /.6/               | 9.00              | 1.39              | 0.272    | 7.39        | 9.00  |
| Conductivity | mS/cm   | 0.01  | 0.159              | 0.167              | 0.172              | 0.18              | 0.203             | 0.1762   | 0.159       | 0.203 |
| Turbidity    | NTU     | 1     | 2                  | 2.9                | 7.1                | 1.4               | 6.8               | 4.04     | 1.4         | 7     |
| D.O.         | mg/L    | 0.01  | 11.26              | 9.22               | 1.21               | 9.94              | 6.8               | 7.686    | 1.21        | 11.26 |
| D.O.         | %       | 1     | 105.2%             | 109.0%             | 12.7%              | 123.1%            | 77.0%             | 85.4%    | 12.7%       | 123%  |
| Temp.        | °C      | 0.1   | 12                 | 23                 | 23                 | 24                | 20                | 21       | 12          | 24.4  |
| Temp.        | °F      | 0.1   | 53.9               | 73.7               | 73.9               | 76.0              | 68.6              | 69.2     | 53.9        | 76.0  |
| Salinity     | %       | 0.01  | 0.08               | 0.08               | 0.09               | 0.09              | 0.1               | 0.088    | 0.08        | 0.10  |
| Cl-a         | ug/L    | 0.5   | 1.1                | 2.1                | 3.2                | <1                | 2.8               | 2.3      | 1.1         | 3.2   |
| T.P.         | mg/L    | 0.010 | 0.024              | 0.043              |                    | 0.024             | 0.062             | 0.03825  | 0.024       | 0.062 |
| T.P.         | ug/L    | 10    | 24                 | 43                 |                    | 24                | 62                | 38.25    | 24          | 62.0  |
| Secchi       | ft      | 0.1   | 5.5                | 3.4                | 2.11               | 2.9               | >3                | 3.4775   | 2.11        | 5.5   |
| Secchi       | m       | 0.1   | 1.68               | 1.04               | 0.64               | 0.88              |                   | 1.06     | 0.64        | 1.68  |
| Physical     |         |       | 1.0                | 1.0                | 1.0                | 2.0               | 1.0               | 1.2      | 1.0         | 2.0   |
| Recreational |         |       | 1.0                | 1.0                | 1.0                | 4.0               | 1.0               | 1.6      | 1.0         | 4.0   |

#### 2014 Minard Lake Water Quality Data

\*reporting limit





| Lake Minaro  | d Summertii   | me Historic N  | Mean |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |  |
|--------------|---------------|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Agency       | ACD           | ACD            | ACD  | ACD  | ACD  | ACD  | ACD  | ACD  | ACD  | ACD  | Carlson's Trophic State Index  |
| Year         | 1998          | 1999           | 2000 | 2002 | 2004 | 2007 | 2008 | 2010 | 2013 | 2014 |  |
| TP (µg/L)    |               |                |      |      |      |      |      |      | 22.8 | 38.0 |  |
| Cl-a (µg/L)  |               |                |      |      |      |      |      |      | 1.5  | 2.3  | OLIGOTKOPHIC MESOTKOPHIC EUTKOPHI  |
| Secchi (m)   |               |                |      |      |      |      | 1.0  |      | 1.4  | 1.1  | TEOPHIC STATE 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60   |
| Secchi (ft)  |               |                |      |      |      |      | 3.2  |      | 4.7  | 3.5  | INDEX  |
| Carlson's Tr | ropic State I | ndices         |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |  |
| Year         | 1998          | 1999           | 2000 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2008 | 2010 | 2013 | 2014 | 15         10         8         7         6         5         4         3         2         1.5         1           TRANSPARENCY |
| TSIP         |               |                |      |      |      |      |      |      | 49   | 57   | (METERS)   |
| TSIC         |               |                |      |      |      |      |      |      | 34   | 39   |  |
| TSIS         |               |                |      |      |      |      | 60   |      | 55   | 59   | CHLOROPHYLL-A  |
| TSI          |               |                |      |      |      |      | 60   |      | 42   | 48   |  |
| Lake Minaro  | d Water Qua   | ality Report ( | Card |      |      |      |      |      |      |      | 3 5 7 10 15 20 25 30 40 50 60  |
| Year         | 1998          | 1999           | 2000 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2008 | 2010 | 2013 | 2014 | PHOSPHORUS   |
| TP (µg/L)    |               |                |      |      |      |      |      |      | Α    | С    | (PPB)  |
| CI-a (µg/L)  |               |                |      |      |      |      |      |      | Α    | Α    |  |
| Secchi (m)   |               |                |      |      |      |      |      |      | n/a  | n/a  |  |
| Overall      |               |                |      |      |      |      |      |      | Α    | В    |  |

HYPEREUTROPHIC

The depth of Minard Lake and its aquatic vegetation prohibited representative Secchi disk measurements. This parameter was not included in the overall grade for the lake or the TSI for the data presented here.

#### **PICKEREL LAKE** CITY OF NOWTHEN, LAKE ID # 02-0130

#### Background

Pickerel Lake is located in the northwest portion of the county. According to the MNDNR Lakes Database, Pickerel Lake has a surface area of 250 acres with a maximum depth of 5.5 feet (1.67 m). A public access is provided at the south end of the lake. Because of the shallow lake depth, recreation is limited to fishing and waterfowling.

In 2013 and 2014 this lake was monitored by the Anoka Conservation District as part of the MPCA's Rum River Watershed Restoration and Protection Project (WRAP).

#### 2014 Results

In 2014, Pickerel Lake had above average water quality, receiving an A grade. The average surface total phosphorus (TP) concentration was 16  $\mu$ g/l (maximum of 30  $\mu$ g/l and a minimum of 12  $\mu$ g/l) receiving an A grade. TP was below the historical average and the lowest monitored since 2010. The average Chlorophyll-a (Cl-a) concentration was 1.8  $\mu$ g/l (maximum of 3.2  $\mu$ g/l and a minimum of 1.1  $\mu$ g/l) falling well below the historical average Secchi transparency measurement was 4.9 feet (maximum of 5.6 ft. and a minimum of 3.8 ft.) receiving a C grade. The shallow depth of the lake and aquatic vegetation prohibited representative Secchi disk measurements so this parameter was not included in the overall grade for the lake.

#### **Trend Analysis**

Nine years of water quality data have been collected by the Metropolitan Council (1980, 1995, 2010 and 2011) and the Anoka Conservation District (1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, and 2013). Water quality has not significantly changed from 1980 to 2013 (repeated measures MANOVA with response variables TP, Cl-a, and Secchi depth,  $F_{2,6}$ = 1.02, p>0.05).

#### Discussion

In 2014 the physical condition of the lake was consistently perceived as beautiful with occasional aesthetic issues. In terms of recreational suitability, Pickerel Lake is limited due to the abundance of rooted aquatic vegetation. This is to be expected in a healthy shallow lake, and is not problematic.

#### 2014 Pickerel Lake Water Quality Data

| Pickerel Lake | Unite | RI *  | 5/15/2014<br>13:50<br>Results | 6/11/2014<br>13:30<br>Results | 7/10/2014<br>14:10<br>Results | 8/6/2014<br>13:45<br>Results | 9/5/2014<br>14:35<br>Results | Average | Min   | Max   |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------|-------|-------|
| рH            | Cints | 0.1   | 8.35                          | 8.79                          | 9.21                          | 9.24                         | 8.57                         | 8.83    | 8.35  | 9.24  |
| Conductivity  | mS/cm | 0.01  | 0.235                         | 0.207                         | 0.185                         | 0.197                        | 0.238                        | 0.212   | 0.185 | 0.238 |
| Turbidity     | NTU   | 1     | 2                             | 0.1                           | 3.2                           | 1.4                          | 2.7                          | 2       | 0     | 3     |
| D.O.          | mg/L  | 0.01  | 12.38                         | 10.73                         | 10.8                          | 8.76                         | 8.95                         | 10.32   | 8.76  | 12.38 |
| D.O.          | %     | 1     | 1.135                         | 1.261                         | 1.344                         | 1.111                        | 1.02                         | 1.17    | 1.02  | 1.344 |
| Temp.         | °C    | 0.1   | 12                            | 23                            | 25                            | 26                           | 21                           | 21.4    | 12.3  | 25.6  |
| Temp.         | °F    | 0.1   | 54.1                          | 74.1                          | 76.6                          | 78.0                         | 69.4                         | 70.4    | 32.0  | 78.0  |
| Salinity      | %     | 0.01  | 0.11                          | 0.1                           | 0.09                          | 0.1                          | 0.11                         | 0.10    | 0.09  | 0.11  |
| Cl-a          | ug/L  | 0.5   | 1.1                           | 1.1                           | 3.2                           | 1.7                          | <1                           | 1.8     | 1.1   | 3.2   |
| T.P.          | mg/L  | 0.010 | 0.03                          | 0.014                         | 0.014                         | 0.012                        | 0.012                        | 0.016   | 0.012 | 0.030 |
| T.P.          | ug/L  | 10    | 30                            | 14                            | 14                            | 12                           | 12                           | 16.4    | 0.0   | 30.0  |
| Secchi        | ft    | 0.1   | 5.2                           | >6.4                          | 5.6                           | 3.8                          | >6.0                         | 4.9     | 3.8   | 5.6   |
| Secchi        | m     | 0.1   | 1.58                          |                               | 1.71                          | 1.16                         |                              | 1.48    |       |       |
| Physical      |       |       | 1.0                           | 1.0                           | 1.0                           | 1.0                          | 1.0                          | 1.0     | 1.0   | 1.0   |
| Pecreational  |       |       | 1.0                           | 1.0                           | 1.0                           | 3.0                          | 1.0                          | 1.4     | 1.0   | 3.0   |

\*reporting limit



Year

| Lake Picker  | el Summertime His   | toric Mean (U | sed MPCA d | lata collected | at 1 meter o | r less only) |      |      |      |      |
|--------------|---------------------|---------------|------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|------|------|------|------|
| Agency       | MC                  | MC            | ACD        | ACD            | ACD          | ACD          | MC   | CLMP | ACD  | ACD  |
| Year         | 1980                | 1995          | 1997       | 1998           | 1999         | 2000         | 2010 | 2011 | 2013 | 2014 |
| TP (µg/L)    | 32.5                | 30.0          | 16.0       | 22.5           | 16.6         | 37.0         | 12.5 | 20.4 | 28.8 | 16.0 |
| Cl-a (µg/L)  | 19.5                | 16.7          | 10.0       | 9.4            | 2.1          | 18.1         | 3.9  | 17.9 | 4.1  | 1.8  |
| Secchi (m)   | 0.9                 | 1.2           | 1.4        | 0.9            | 1.2          | 1.1          | 1.3  | 1.3  | 1.6  | 1.5  |
| Secchi (ft)  | 2.8                 | 4.0           | 4.6        | 3.1            | 4.0          | 3.7          | 4.3  | 4.3  | 5.1  | 4.9  |
| Carlson's Tr | opic State Indices  |               |            |                |              |              |      |      |      |      |
| Year         | 1980                | 1995          | 1997       | 1998           | 1999         | 2000         | 2010 | 2011 | 2013 | 2014 |
| TSIP         | 54                  | 53            | 44         | 49             | 45           | 56           | 41   | 48   | 53   | 44   |
| TSIC         | 60                  | 58            | 53         | 53             | 38           | 59           | 44   | 59   | 45   | 36   |
| TSIS         | 62                  | 57            | 55         | 61             | 57           | 58           | 56   | 56   | 54   | 54   |
| TSI          | 59                  | 56            | 51         | 54             | 47           | 58           | 47   | 54   | 49   | 45   |
| Lake Picker  | el Water Quality Re | eport Card    |            |                |              |              |      |      |      |      |
| Year         | 1980                | 1995          | 1997       | 1998           | 1999         | 2000         | 2010 | 2011 | 2013 | 2014 |
| TP (µg/L)    | С                   | В             | А          | Α              | В            | С            | A    | Α    | В    | A    |
| Cl-a (µg/L)  | В                   | В             | Α          | Α              | В            | В            | A    | В    | Α    | Α    |
| Secchi (m)   | n/a                 | n/a           | n/a        | n/a            | n/a          | n/a          | n/a  | n/a  | n/a  | С    |
| Overall      | c                   | В             | Α          | Α              | В            | C            | Α    | B+   | B+   | Α    |

Carlson's Trophic State Index



## Aquatic Invasive Vegetation Mapping

| Description:    | The Anoka Conservation District (ACD) was contracted through the Lake George Lake<br>Improvement District (LID) to conduct an aquatic invasive vegetation delineation.   |
|-----------------|--|
| Purpose:        | To map out the presence of Curly Leaf Pondweed (CLP) and Eurasian Water Milfoil (EWM) earlier in the season. This would allow for sooner chemical treatment with the goal of eliminating the bounce in nutrients following treatment seen in years past. |
| Locations:      | Lake George  |
| <b>Results:</b> | Maps are presented on the following pages. These maps were reviewed by the MNDNR and herbicide treatments occurred in areas with the most invasive plants.   |

#### 2014 Lake George Curly Leaf Pondweed (CLP) Survey





2014 Lake George Eurasian Water Milfoil (EWM) Survey

## **Stream Water Quality - Chemical Monitoring**

| Description:    | The Anoka Conservation District (ACD) is conducting stream monitoring in 2014 and 2015 in addition to Surface Water Assessment Grant (SWAG) monitoring for the MPCA. Monitoring events are scheduled May through September for of the following parameters: total suspended solids, e. coli, total phosphorus, Secchi tube transparency, dissolved oxygen, turbidity, temperature, conductivity, pH, and salinity. |
|-----------------|--|
| Purpose:        | To detect water quality trends and problems, and diagnose the source as well as provide an initial assessment of water quality to be used in the completion of the Rum River Watershed Restoration and Protection Plan (WRAPP).  |
| Locations:      | Rum River at Co Rd 24<br>Rum River at Co Rd 7<br>Seeyle Brook at Co Rd 7<br>Cedar Creek at Co Rd 9<br>Ford Brook at Co Rd 63   |
| <b>Results:</b> | Results are presented on the following pages.  |

#### Upper Rum River Watershed and SWAG Stream Water Quality Monitoring Sites



## Stream Water Quality Monitoring

## **RUM RIVER** Rum River at Co. Rd. 24 (Bridge St), St. Francis STORET SiteID = S000-066 Rum River at Co. Rd. 7 (Roanoke St), Ramsey STORET SiteID = S004-026Rum River at Anoka Dam, Anoka STORET SiteID = S003-183 **Years Monitored** Rum R at Co Rd 24 At Co. Rd. 24 -2004, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2014 At Co. Rd. 7 – 2004, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2014 1996-2011 by the At Anoka Dam – Met Council WOMP program Rum River at Co Rd 7 The Rum River is regarded as one of Anoka County's highest Rum R at Anoka Dam

#### Background

quality and most valuable water resources. It is designated as a state scenic and recreational river throughout Anoka County, except south of the county fairgrounds in Anoka. It is used for boating, tubing, and fishing. Much of western Anoka County drains to the Rum River. Subwatersheds that drain to the Rum include Seelye, Trott, and Ford Brooks, and Cedar Creek.

The extent to which water quality improves or is degraded within Anoka County has been unclear. The Metropolitan Council has monitored water quality at the Rum's outlet to the Mississippi River since 1996. This water quality and hydrologic data is well suited for evaluating the river's water quality just before it joins the Mississippi River. Monitoring elsewhere has been sporadic and sparse. Water quality changes might be expected from upstream to downstream because land use changes dramatically from rural residential in the upstream areas of Anoka County to suburban in the downstream areas.

#### **Methods**

In 2004, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2014 monitoring was conducted to determine if Rum River water quality changes in Anoka County, and if so, generally where changes occur. The data is reported together for a more comprehensive analysis of the river from upstream to downstream.

In 2014 the river was monitored during both storm and baseflow conditions by grab samples. Four water quality samples will be taken each year 2014 and 2015; half during baseflow and half following storms. Storms were generally defined as one-inch or more of rainfall in 24 hours or a significant snowmelt event combined with rainfall. In some years, particularly the drought year of 2009, smaller storms were sampled because of a lack of larger storms. All storms sampled were significant runoff events. Parameters tested with portable meters included pH, conductivity, turbidity, temperature, salinity, and dissolved oxygen. Parameters tested by water samples sent to a state-certified lab included total phosphorus, total suspended solids. During every sampling the water level (stage) was recorded. The monitoring station at the Anoka Dam includes automated equipment that continuously tracks water levels and calculates flows. Water level and flow data for other sites was obtained from the US Geological Survey, who maintains a hydrological monitoring site at Viking Boulevard.

The purpose of this report is to make an upstream to downstream comparison of Rum River water quality. It includes only parameters tested in 2014. It does not include additional parameters tested at the Anoka Dam or additional monitoring events at that site. For that information, see Metropolitan Council reports at http://www.metrocouncil.org/Environment/RiversLakes. All other raw data can be obtained from the Anoka

Conservation District and is also available through the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency's EQuIS database, which is available through their website.

#### **Results and Discussion**

On the following pages data are presented and discussed for each parameter. Management recommendations will be included in the 2015 report at the conclusion of this monitoring project. The Rum River is an exceptional waterbody, and its protection and improvement should be a high priority.

#### Conductivity

Conductivity and chlorides are measures of dissolved pollutants. Dissolved pollutant sources include urban road runoff, industrial chemicals, and others. Metals, hydrocarbons, road salts, and others are often of concern in a suburban environment. Conductivity is the broadest measure of dissolved pollutants we used. It measures electrical conductivity of the water; pure water with no dissolved constituents has zero conductivity. Chlorides were not sampled in 2014 and thus not displayed below. Historical chloride data can be obtained from the Anoka Conservation District and is also available through the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency's EQuIS database, which is available through their website. These pollutants are of greatest concern because of the effect they can have on the stream's biological community. They can also be of concern because the Rum River is upstream from the Twin Cities drinking water intakes on the Mississippi River.

**Conductivity during baseflow and storm conditions** Box plots show the median (middle line), 25<sup>th</sup> and 75<sup>th</sup> percentile (ends of box), and 10<sup>th</sup> and 90<sup>th</sup> percentiles (floating outer lines).



Conductivity is acceptably low in the Rum River, but increases downstream (see figures above) and during baseflow. Median conductivity from upstream to downstream of the sites monitored in 2014 was 0.220 mS/cm and 0.269 mS/cm, respectively. This is lower than the median for 34 Anoka County streams of 0.362 mS/cm. The 2014 maximum observed conductivity in the Rum River was 0.278 mS/cm.

Conductivity was lowest at all sites during storms, suggesting that stormwater runoff contains fewer dissolved pollutants than the surficial water table that feeds the river during baseflow. High baseflow conductivity has been observed in most other nearby streams too, studied extensively, and the largest cause has been found to be road salts that have infiltrated into the shallow aquifer. Geologic materials also contribute, but to a lesser degree.

Conductivity increased from upstream to downstream. During baseflow this increase from upstream to downstream reflects greater road densities and deicing salt application. During storms, the higher conductivity downstream is reflective of greater stormwater runoff and pollutants associated with the more densely developed lower watershed.

#### **Total Phosphorus**

Total phosphorus in the Rum River is acceptably low and is similar to the median for all other monitored 34 Anoka County streams (see figure below). Though 2014 did find some of the highest and lowest readings ever observed. This nutrient is one of the most common pollutants in our region, and can be associated with urban runoff, agricultural runoff, wastewater, and many other sources. The median phosphorus concentration at the two monitored sites was 163 and 162 ug/L. These upstream-to-downstream differences are negligible and there is no trend of increasing phosphorus downstream. All sites occasionally experience phosphorus concentrations higher than the median for Anoka County streams of 135 ug/L. In 2014 the highest observed total phosphorus readings were during one particular baseflow event, including the maximums at each site of 191 and 187 ug/L (upstream to downstream). In all, phosphorus in the Rum River is at acceptable levels but should continue to be an area of pollution control effort as the area urbanizes.

**Total phosphorus during baseflow and storm conditions** Box plots show the median (middle line),  $25^{th}$  and  $75^{th}$  percentile (ends of box), and  $10^{th}$  and  $90^{th}$  percentiles (floating outer lines).



#### Turbidity and Total Suspended Solids (TSS)

Turbidity and total suspended solids (TSS) are two different measurements of solid material suspended in the water. Turbidity is measured by refraction of a light beam passed through a water sample. It is most sensitive to large particles. Total suspended solids is measured by filtering solids from a water sample and weighing the filtered material. The amount of suspended material is important because it affects transparency and aquatic life, and because many other pollutants are attached to particles. Many stormwater treatment practices such as street sweeping, sumps, and stormwater settling ponds target sediment and attached pollutants. In 2014 Suspended solids in the Rum River were low.

It is important to note the suspended solids can come from sources within and outside of the river channel. Sources on land include soil erosion, road sanding, and others. Riverbank erosion and movement of the river bottom also contributes to suspended solids. A moderate amount of this "bed load" is natural and expected.

In the Rum River, turbidity was low with only slight increases during storms and a very slight decrease at downstream monitoring sites (see figure below). The median turbidity at each site was 7.9, and 7 FNRU (upstream to downstream), which is similar to the median for Anoka County streams of 8 FNRU. Turbidity was elevated on a few occasions, especially during storms. In 2014 the maximum observed was 22.5 FNRU during an early season monitoring event.

Rigorous stormwater treatment should occur as the Rum River watershed develops, or the collective pollution caused by many small developments will seriously impact the river. Bringing stormwater treatment up to date in older developments is also important.

Differences between TSS and turbidity lend insight into the nature of any problems. TSS showed increases at the downstream monitoring site, while turbidity did not. Turbidity is most sensitive to large particles. Therefore, the downstream increases are likely due to smaller particles. Other pollutants, such as phosphorus and metals, are most highly correlated with smaller particles. These other pollutants can "hitch a ride" on smaller particles because of their greater surface area and, in the case of certain soils, ionic charge. Furthermore, small particles stay suspended in the water column and therefore are more likely to be transported by stream flows and are more difficult to remove with stormwater practices like settling ponds.







**Total suspended solids during baseflow and storm conditions** Box plots show the median (middle line), 25<sup>th</sup> and 75<sup>th</sup> percentile (ends of box), and 10<sup>th</sup> and 90<sup>th</sup> percentiles (floating outer lines).

#### Dissolved Oxygen

Dissolved oxygen is necessary for aquatic life, including fish. Organic pollution consumes oxygen when it decomposes. If oxygen levels fall below 4 mg/L aquatic life begins to suffer. In the Rum River dissolved oxygen was always above 5.5 mg/L at all monitoring sites.

**Dissolved oxygen during baseflow and storm conditions** Box plots show the median (middle line),  $25^{th}$  and  $75^{th}$  percentile (ends of box), and  $10^{th}$  and  $90^{th}$  percentiles (floating outer lines).



#### pН

pH refers to the acidity of the water. The Minnesota Pollution Control Agency's water quality standard is for pH to be between 6.5 and 8.5. The Rum River is regularly within this range (see figure below).

It is interesting to note that pH is lower during storms than during baseflow. This is because the pH of rain is typically lower (more acidic). While acid rain is a longstanding problem, its affect on this aquatic system is small.

**pH during baseflow and storm conditions** Box plots show the median (middle line),  $25^{th}$  and  $75^{th}$  percentile (ends of box), and  $10^{th}$  and  $90^{th}$  percentiles (floating outer lines).



#### **Summary and Recommendations**

The Rum River's water quality is very good. It does show a slight increase in suspended solids and conductivitydownstream. Protection of the Rum River should be a high priority for local officials. Large population increases are expected for the Rum River's watershed within Anoka County and have the potential to degrade water quality unless carefully sited and managed. Development pressure is likely to be especially high near the river because of its scenic and natural qualities.

## **CEDAR CREEK**

at Hwy 9, Oak Grove

#### Background

Cedar Creek originates in south-central Isanti County and flows south. Cedar Creek is a tributary to the Rum River. In northcentral Anoka County it flows through some areas of high quality natural communities, including the Cedar Creek Ecosystem Science Reserve. Habitat surrounding the stream in other areas is of moderate quality overall.

Cedar Creek is one of the larger streams in Anoka County. Stream widths of 25 feet and depths greater than 2 feet are common at baseflow. The stream bottom is primarily silt. The watershed is moderately developed with scattered single family homes, and continues to develop rapidly.

#### **Results and Discussion**

This report includes data from 2014. A reason this monitoring is being performed is due to the lack of historical data for the state to determine if the creek is meeting state water quality standards. That assessment process is part of the Rum River

Watershed Restoration and Protection Project (WRAPP). The following is a summary of results.

- <u>Dissolved constituents</u>, as measured by conductivity and chlorides, in Cedar Creek were average when compared to similar Anoka County streams. Conductivity averaged 0.352 mS/cm Maximum of 0.485 mS/cm and a minimum of 0.247 mS/cm). Chlorides were last sampled in 2013 where they averaged 26 mg/l (maximum of 32 mg/l and a minimum of 17 mg/l).
- <u>Phosphorous</u> averaged over the proposed MPCA water quality standard of 100 ug/l. If the proposed standard is approved Cedar Creek often exceeds the limit, even during baseflow periods. Phosphorous results in Cedar Creek averaged 118.4 ug/l (maximum of 181 ug/l and a minimum of 43 ug/l).
- <u>Suspended solids and turbidity</u> both stayed below the state standards each sampling event and averaged well below the standards. Total suspended solids averaged 3.5 mg/l (maximum of 5 mg/l and a minimum of <2 mg/l). Turbidity averaged 9.24 NTU (maximum of 19.7 NTU and a minimum of 2 NTU).
- <u>pH and dissolved oxygen</u> were with the range considered normal and healthy for streams in this area. However, on two sampling occasions DO fell below the 5.0 mg/l. While these sampling events did fall below the daily average standard, they did not exceed the daily minimum. pH averaged 7.71 (maximum of 8.11 and a minimum of 7.45). DO averaged 6.82 mg/l (maximum of 10.44 mg/l and a minimum of 4.77 mg/l).

For a significant number of the results below there are no current state standards. However, this data will be used as a baseline for future assessments of the watershed.



| Cedar Creek at CR 9 |       | 4/28/2014 | 5/9/2014 | 6/2/2014 | 6/16/2014 | 7/2/2014 | 7/21/2014 | 8/5/2014 | 8/26/2014 |         |         |       |       |
|---------------------|-------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|-------|-------|
|                     | Units | R.L.*     | Results  | Results  | Results   | Results  | Results   | Results  | Results   | Results | Average | Min   | Max   |
| рН                  |       | 0.1       | 7.58     | 7.60     | 7.46      | 7.45     | 7.45      | 7.97     | 8.05      | 8.11    | 7.71    | 7.45  | 8.11  |
| Conductivity        | mS/cm | 0.01      | 0.247    | 0.280    | 0.258     | 0.262    | 0.350     | 0.427    | 0.505     | 0.485   | 0.352   | 0.247 | 0.505 |
| Turbidity           | NTU   | 1         | 6.0      | 2.5      | 14.2      | 2.0      | 2.1       | 19.7     | 12.0      | 15.9    | 9.30    | 2.00  | 19.70 |
| D.O.                | mg/L  | 0.01      | 10.44    | 4.77     | 5.07      | 4.81     | 6.25      | 6.86     | 7.93      | 8.41    | 6.82    | 4.77  | 10.44 |
| D.O.                | %     | 1         | 83.8     | 43.2     | 37.6      | 38.6     | 59.2      | 81.9     | 88.6      | 91.2    | 65.5    | 37.6  | 91.2  |
| Temp.               | °C    | 0.1       | 4.86     | 11.88    | 20.02     | 18.00    | 19.22     | 22.44    | 18.90     | 18.16   | 16.7    | 4.9   | 22.4  |
| Salinity            | %     | 0.01      | 0.11     | 0.13     | 0.12      | 0.13     | 0.17      | 0.21     | 0.24      | 0.23    | 0.17    | 0.11  | 0.24  |
| T.P.                | ug/L  | 10        | 60       | 43       | 178       | 130      | 181       |          |           |         | 118     | 43    | 181   |
| TSS                 | mg/L  | 2         | 2        | <2       | 4         | 3        | 5         |          |           |         | 3.5     | 2.0   | 5.0   |
| Secchi-tube         | cm    |           | >100     | >100     | >100      | >100     | >100      | 67       | >100      | 79      | >90     | 67    | >100  |
| E coli              | MPN   |           |          |          | 308.0     | 261.0    | 26.0      | 291.0    | <1        | 308.0   | 238.8   | 26.0  | 308.0 |
| Appearance          |       |           |          |          | 1B        | 1B       | 1B        | 2        | 1B        | 2       |         |       |       |
| Recreational        |       |           |          |          | 2         | 2        | 2         | 2        | 2         | 2       | 2       | 2     | 2     |
| *reporting limit    |       |           |          |          |           |          |           |          |           |         |         |       |       |

#### Grey Columns indicate events with E.coli samples only.

## Stream Water Quality Monitoring

## FORD BROOK

At CR 63, Oak Grove

#### Background

Ford Brook originates at Goose Lake in north-western Anoka County and flows south. Ford Brook is a tributary to the Rum River. In north-western Anoka County it flows through the relatively undisturbed community of Nowthen before joining Trott Brook just prior to the Rum River.

Ford Brook is one of the smaller streams in Anoka County. The watershed is moderately developed with scattered single family homes, but continues to grow.

#### **Results and Discussion**

This report includes data from 2014. A reason this monitoring is being performed is due to the lack of historical data for the state to determine if the creek is meeting state water quality standards. That assessment process is part of the Rum River Watershed Restoration and Protection Project (WRAPP). The following is a summary of results.



- <u>Dissolved constituents</u>, as measured by conductivity, in Ford Brook was average when compared to similar Anoka County streams. Conductivity averaged 0.299 mS/cm (maximum of 0.394 mS/cm and a minimum of 0.128 mS/cm).
- <u>Phosphorous</u> averaged over the proposed MPCA water quality standard of 100 ug/l. If the proposed standard is approved, Ford Brook often exceeds the limit, even during baseflow periods. Phosphorous results in Ford Brook averaged 120.2 ug/l (maximum of 176 ug/l and a minimum of 54 ug/l).
- <u>Suspended solids and turbidity</u> both stayed below the state standards each sampling event and averaged well below the standards. Total suspended solids averaged 8.80 mg/l (maximum of 19 mg/l and a minimum of 3 mg/l). Turbidity averaged 15.86 NTU (maximum of 50.0 NTU and a minimum of 4.1 NTU). Water flow during the 50.0 NTU reading was extremely fast and turbulent due to abnormal rainfall.
- <u>pH and dissolved oxygen</u> were with the range considered normal and healthy for streams in this area. pH averaged 7.64 (maximum of 7.71 and a minimum of 7.58). DO averaged 9.58 mg/l (maximum of 14.73 mg/l and a minimum of 6.19 mg/l).

For a significant number of the results below there are no current state standards. However, this data will be used as a baseline for future assessments of the watershed.

| FordBrook at CR63 |       |       | 4/28/2014 | 5/9/2014 | 6/2/2014 | 6/16/2014 | 7/2/2014 |         |       |       |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|-------|-------|
|                   | Units | R.L.* | Results   | Results  | Results  | Results   | Results  | Average | Min   | Max   |
| pH                |       | 0.1   | 7.7       | 7.71     | 7.58     | 7.6       | 7.6      | 7.64    | 7.58  | 7.71  |
| Conductivity      | mS/cm | 0.01  | 0.314     | 0.128    | 0.344    | 0.316     | 0.394    | 0.299   | 0.128 | 0.394 |
| Turbidity         | NTU   | 1     | 50.0      | 4.1      | 10.4     | 8.0       | 7.0      | 15.90   | 4.10  | 50.00 |
| D.O.              | mg/L  | 0.01  | 12.29     | 7.35     | 14.73    | 7.33      | 6.19     | 9.58    | 6.19  | 14.73 |
| D.O.              | %     | 1     | 97.7      | 70.8     | 75       | 71        | 69.8     | 76.9    | 69.8  | 97.7  |
| Temp.             | °C    | 0.1   | 4.7       | 11.6     | 20.5     | 18.5      | 19.8     | 15.0    | 4.7   | 20.5  |
| Salinity          | %     | 0.01  | 0.14      | 0.03     | 0.16     | 0.15      | 0.19     | 0.13    | 0.03  | 0.19  |
| T.P.              | ug/L  | 10    | 98        | 54       | 176      | 121       | 152      | 120     | 54    | 176   |
| TSS               | mg/L  | 2     | 19        | 4        | 10.0     | 3         | 8        | 8.8     | 3.0   | 19.0  |
| Secchi-tube       | cm    |       | 43        | >100     | 83       | 97        | 92       | >100    | 43    | 97    |
| E coli            | MPN   |       |           |          | 93.0     | 161.6     | 224.7    | 159.8   | 93.0  | 224.7 |
| Appearance        |       |       |           |          | 1B       | 2         | 3        |         |       |       |
| Recreational      |       |       |           |          | 2        | 2         | 2        | 2       | 2     | 2     |

\*reporting limit

## SEEYLE BROOK

Seeyle Brook at Co. Rd. 7, St. Francis

STORET SiteID = S003-204

#### Background

Seelye Brook originates in southwestern Isanti County and flows south through northwest Anoka County, draining into the Rum River just east of the sampling site. This stream is low-gradient, like most other streams in the area. It has a silty or sandy bottom and lacks riffle-pool sequences. It is a moderate to large stream for Anoka County, with a typical baseflow width of 20-25 feet.

The sampling site is in the road right of way of the Highway 7 crossing. The bridge footings and poured concrete are significant features of the sampling site, which is otherwise sandy-bottom. This site also experiences scour during high flow because flow is constricted under the bridge. Banks are steep and undercut.

#### Results

This report includes data from 2014. A reason this monitoring is being performed is due to the lack of historical data to assess. The following is a summary of results.

- <u>Dissolved constituents</u>, as measured by conductivity and chlorides. Conductivity results in Seeyle Brook are considered average when compared to similar Anoka County streams. Conductivity averaged 0.375 mS/cm (maximum of 0.580 mS/cm and a minimum of 0.223 mS/cm).
- <u>Phosphorous</u> averaged over the proposed MPCA water quality standard of 100 ug/L. If the proposed standard is approved Seeyle Brook often exceeds the limit, even during baseflow periods. Phosphorous is Seeyle Brook averaged 111 ug/l (maximum of 199 ug/l and a minimum of 40 ug/l).
- <u>Suspended solids and turbidity</u> both stayed below the state standards throughout the season. Suspended solids averaged 3.7 mg/l (maximum of 5.0 mg/l and a minimum of 2.0 mg/l). Turbidity averaged 4.46 NTU's (maximum of 8.50 NTU's and a minimum of 2.0 NTU's)
- <u>pH and dissolved oxygen</u> averaged within the range considered normal and healthy for streams in this area. pH averaged 7.79 (maximum of 8.10 and a minimum of 7.52). DO averaged 8.86 mg/l (maximum of 14.23 mg/l and a minimum of 5.95 mg/l).

For a significant number of the results below there are no current state standards. However, this data will be used as a baseline for future assessments of the watershed.



## Grey Columns indicate events with E.coli samples only.

| Seeyle Brook at | CR7   |       | 4/28/2014 | 5/9/2014 | 6/2/2014 | 6/16/2014 | 7/2/2014 | 7/21/2014 | 8/5/2014 | 8/26/2014 |         |       |       |
|-----------------|-------|-------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|---------|-------|-------|
|                 | Units | R.L.* | Results   | Results  | Results  | Results   | Results  | Results   | Results  | Results   | Average | Min   | Max   |
| pН              |       | 0.1   | 7.73      | 7.7      | 7.55     | 7.52      | 7.61     | 8.02      | 8.1      | 8.06      | 7.79    | 7.52  | 8.10  |
| Conductivity    | mS/cm | 0.01  | 0.231     | 0.26     | 0.223    | 0.314     | 0.403    | 0.477     | 0.58     | 0.515     | 0.375   | 0.223 | 0.580 |
| Turbidity       | NTU   | 1     | 2.3       | 2.0      | 7.9      | 4.0       | 5.9      | 8.5       | 2.0      | 3.1       | 4.46    | 2.00  | 8.50  |
| D.O.            | mg/L  | 0.01  | 12.65     | 8.34     | 5.95     | 14.23     | 6.36     | 6.85      | 8.42     | 8.08      | 8.86    | 5.95  | 14.23 |
| D.O.            | %     | 1     | 90.3      | 63.5     | 69.4     | 77.9      | 69.3     | 81        | 90.2     | 86.9      | 78.6    | 63.5  | 90.3  |
| Temp.           | °C    | 0.1   | 5.0       | 11.7     | 21.0     | 17.8      | 18.8     | 22.1      | 18.1     | 17.9      | 16.6    | 5.0   | 22.1  |
| Salinity        | %     | 0.01  | 0.11      | 0.12     | 0.11     | 0.15      | 0.20     | 0.23      | 0.28     | 0.25      | 0.18    | 0.11  | 0.28  |
| T.P.            | ug/L  | 10    | 40        | 41       | 151      | 126       | 199      |           |          |           | 111     | 40    | 199   |
| TSS             | mg/L  | 2     | <2        | <2       | 4.0      | 2         | 5        |           |          |           | 3.7     | 2.0   | 5.0   |
| Secchi-tube     | cm    |       | >100      | >100     | >100     | >100      | 87       | 89        | >100     | >100      | >100    | 87    | 89    |
| E coli          | MPN   |       |           |          | 93.0     | 161.6     | 224.7    | 86.7      | 488.4    | 127.4     | 197.0   | 86.7  | 488.4 |
| Appearance      |       |       |           |          | 1B       | 2         | 3        | 2         | 1B       | 1B        |         |       |       |
| Recreational    |       |       |           |          | 2        | 2         | 2        | 2         | 2        | 2         | 2       | 2     | 2     |

\*reporting limit

## **Stream Water Quality – Biological Monitoring**

| Description:    | This program combines environmental education and stream monitoring. Under the supervision of ACD staff, high school science classes collect aquatic macroinvertebrates from a stream, identify their catch to the family level, and use the resulting numbers to gauge water and habitat quality. These methods are based upon the knowledge that different families of macroinvertebrates have different water and habitat quality requirements. The families collectively known as EPT (Ephemeroptera, or mayflies; Plecoptera, or stoneflies; and Trichoptera, or caddisflies) are pollution intolerant. Other families can thrive in low quality water. Therefore, a census of stream macroinvertebrates yields information about stream health. |
|-----------------|---|
| Purpose:        | To assess stream quality, both independently as well as by supplementing chemical data.<br>To provide an environmental education service to the community.  |
| Locations:      | Rum River at Hwy 24, Rum River North County Park, St. Francis   |
| <b>Results:</b> | Results for each site are detailed on the following pages.  |

#### **Tips for Data Interpretation**

Consider all biological indices of water quality together rather than looking at each alone, as each gives only a partial picture of stream condition. Compare the numbers to county-wide averages. This gives some sense of what might be expected for streams in a similar landscape, but does not necessarily reflect what might be expected of a minimally impacted stream. Some key numbers to look for include:

# FamiliesNumber of invertebrate families. Higher values indicate better quality.<u>EPT</u>Number of families of the generally pollution-intolerant orders <u>Ephemeroptera</u><br/>(mayflies), <u>Plecoptera (stoneflies), Trichoptera (caddisflies)</u>. Higher numbers<br/>indicate better stream quality.

Family Biotic Index (FBI)

An index that utilizes known pollution tolerances for each family. Lower numbers indicate better stream quality.

| FBI        | Stream Quality Evaluation |
|------------|---------------------------|
| 0.00-3.75  | Excellent                 |
| 3.76-4.25  | Very Good                 |
| 4.26-5.00  | Good                      |
| 5.01-5.75  | Fair                      |
| 5.76-6.50  | Fairly Poor               |
| 6.51-7.25  | Poor                      |
| 7.26-10.00 | Very Poor                 |

% Dominant Family

High numbers indicates an uneven community, and likely poorer stream health.

## **Biomonitoring**

## **RUM RIVER**

at Hwy 24, Rum River North County Park, St. Francis

#### Last Monitored

By St. Francis High School in 2014

#### **Monitored Since**

2000

#### **Student Involvement**

35 students in 2014, approximately 1,323 since 2000

#### Background

The Rum River originates from Lake Mille Lacs, and flows south through western Anoka County where it joins the Mississippi River in the City of Anoka. Other than the Mississippi, this is the largest river in the county. In Anoka County the river has both rocky riffles as well as pools and runs with sandy bottoms. The river's condition is generally regarded as excellent. Portions of the Rum in Anoka County have a state "scenic and recreational river" designation.

The sampling site is in Rum River North County Park. This site is typical of the Rum in northern Anoka County, having a rocky bottom with numerous pool and riffle areas.



#### Results

St. Francis High School classes monitored the Rum River in fall 2014, with Anoka Conservation District (ACD) oversight. Biological data for 2014 appears to be an anomaly when compared with the historical data. Results were far worse than have been observed in over a decade. In fall 2014, 9 families were found which is the lowest ever observed. The number of EPT families were still above the county averages.





| Jata presented from the most recent five years. Contact the ACD to request archived data. |           |           |           |          |            |                 |          |               |          |          |            |           |                |                     |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|------------|-----------------|----------|---------------|----------|----------|------------|-----------|----------------|---------------------|
| Year  | 2008      | 2008      | 2009      | 2009     | 2010       | 2010            | 2011     | 2011          | 2012     | 2012     | 2013       | 2014      | Mean           | Mean                |
| Season  | Spring    | Fall      | Spring    | Fall     | Spring     | Fall            | Spring   | Fall          | Spring   | Fall     | Spring     | Fall      | 2013 Anoka Co. | 1998-2013 Anoka Co. |
| FBI   | 6.40      | 6.50      | 4.80      | Unusable | 4.7        | 2.9             | 4.1      | 6.1           | 3.5      | 5.4      | 3.8        | 8.4       | 5.8            | 5.8                 |
| # Families  | 21        | 35        | 20        | Sample   | 24         | 20              | 21       | 22            | 22       | 27       | 18         | 9         | 14.2           | 14.5                |
| EPT   | 11        | 14        | 10        |          | 13         | 10              | 11       | 9             | 11       | 9        | 11         | 4         | 3.0            | 4.3                 |
| Date  | 27-May    | 30-Sep    | 29-Apr    | 13-Oct   | 27-Apr     | 29-Oct          | 10-Jun   | 28-Sep        | 22-May   | 27-Sep   | 20-May     | 24-Oct    |                |                     |
| Sampled By  | SFHS      | SFHS      | SFHS      | SFHS     | SFHS       | ACD             | ACD      | SFHS          | SFHS     | SFHS     | SFHS       | SFHS      |                |                     |
| Sampling Method   | MH        | MH        | MH        | MH       | MH         | MH              | MH       | MH            | MH       | MH       | MH         | MH        |                |                     |
| Mean # Individuals/Rep.   | 348       | 156       | 267       |          | 142        | 274             | 418      | 443           | 144      | 333      | 247.5      | 219       |                |                     |
| # Replicates  | 2         | 4         | 2         |          | 3          | 1               | 1        | 2             | 2        | 1        | 2          | 1         |                |                     |
| Dominant Family   | Corixidae | Corixidae | Corixidae |          | Nemouridae | Leptophlebiidae | baetidae | hydrophilidae | hydropsy | veliidae | Baetiscida | Corixidae |                |                     |
| % Dominant Family   | 57.5      | 61.4      | 24.3      |          | 28.1       | 39.4            | 66.3     | 21.4          | 36.6     | 13.8     | 34.7       | 86.3      |                |                     |
| % Ephemeroptera   | 11.9      | 17.9      | 18.7      |          | 23.9       | 51.1            | 81.3     | 3.6           | 43.2     | 34.2     | 54.1       | 3.7       |                |                     |
| % Trichoptera   | 5.9       | 6.9       | 20.2      |          | 10.8       | 6.2             | 6.0      | 4.3           | 41.1     | 4.2      | 6.3        | 0.5       |                |                     |
| % Plecoptera  | 17.1      | 2.1       | 27.7      |          | 32.8       | 26.6            | 3.8      | 9.7           | 5.2      | 11.1     | 30.3       | 2.3       |                |                     |

#### Biomonitoring Data for Rum River at Rum River North County Park, St. Francis

#### Supplemental Stream Chemistry Readings

Data presented from the most recent five years. Contact the ACD to request archived data.

| Parameter               | 4/29/2009 | 10/13/2009 | 4/27/2010 | 10/29/2010 | 4/27/2010 | 9/28/2011 | 5/22/2012 | 9/27/2012 | 5/21/2013 |
|-------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| pH                      | 7.62      | 7.87       | na        | 7.51       | na        | 8.35      | 8.14      | 7.87      | 7.70      |
| Conductivity (mS/cm)    | 0.266     | 0.291      | 0.324     | 0.249      | 0.324     | 0.228     | 0.275     | 0.239     | 0.193     |
| Turbidity (NTU)         | 6         | na         | 2         | na         | 2         | na        | 18        | 2         | 9         |
| Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L) | 10.53     | 12.22      | 9.14      | na         | 9.14      | 8.7       | 8.24      | 8.17      | 7.98      |
| Salinity (%)            | 0.01      | 0.01       | 0.01      | 0          | 0.01      | 0         | 0.01      | 0         | 0         |
| Temperature (°C)        | 12.2      | 5.2        | 12        | 7.2        | 12        | 13.8      | 17.5      | 10.3      | 17.3      |

#### Discussion

Historically, both chemical and biological monitoring indicate the good quality of this river. 2014 observed the worst biomonitoring results for this site in recent history. The lack of families found as well as the dominant family making up such a high percentage were the key factors in the poor Family Biotic Index observed in 2014. Habitat is ideal for a variety of stream life, and includes a variety of substrates, plenty of woody snags, riffles, and pools. Water chemistry monitoring done at various locations on the Rum River throughout Anoka County found that water quality is also good. Both habitat and water quality decline, but are still good, in the downstream reaches of the Rum River where development is more intense and the Anoka Dam creates a slow moving pool. This



season did see higher than average water flow which could have flushed some critters out. Additionally, this is the latest into the season we have monitored this location and temperature could have played a factor. Both may have contributed to the poorer than average results. While there does not appear to be any trend, this location should continue to be observed closely.

Water resource management should be focused upon protecting the Rum's quality. Some steps to protect the Rum River could include:

- Enforce scenic river law building and clear cutting setbacks .
- Retrofit stormwater conveyance systems to provide better water quality treatment, especially in St. Francis and Anoka where older areas have little or no stormwater treatment.
- Education programs to encourage actions by residents that will benefit the river's health.
- Continue water quality monitoring programs.



## Wetland Hydrology

| Description:    | Continuous groundwater level monitoring at a wetland boundary, to a depth of 40 inches.<br>County-wide, the ACD maintains a network of 23 wetland hydrology monitoring stations.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Purpose:        | To provide understanding of wetland hydrology, including the impact of climate and land use.<br>These data aid in delineation of nearby wetlands by documenting hydrologic trends including the timing, frequency, and duration of saturation. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Locations:      | Alliant Tech Reference Wetland, Alliant Tech Systems property, St. Francis   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                 | Cedar Creek, Cedar Creek Natural History Area, East Bethel   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                 | East Twin Reference Wetland, East Twin Township Park, Nowthen  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                 | Lake George Reference Wetland, Lake George County Park, Oak Grove  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                 | Viking Meadows Reference Wetland, Viking Meadows Golf Course, East Bethel  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Results:</b> | See the following pages. Raw data and updated graphs can be downloaded from www.AnokaNaturalResources.com using the Data Access Tool.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### Upper Rum River Watershed Wetland Hydrology Monitoring Sites





**ALLIANT TECH REFERENCE WETLAND** 

Alliant Techsystems Property, St. Francis

**Other Notes:** 

This wetland lies next to the highway, in a low area surrounded by hilly terrain. It holds water throughout the year, and has a beaver den.



#### 2014 Hydrograph

## **CEDAR CREEK REFERENCE WETLAND**

Univ. of Minnesota Cedar Creek Natural History Area, East Bethel



surrounding the monitoring site, is in a natural state. This wetland probably has some hydrologic connection to the floodplain of Cedar Creek, which is 0.7 miles from the monitoring site.



#### 2014 Hydrograph



## **EAST TWIN REFERENCE WETLAND**

East Twin Lake Township Park, Nowthen

| Scientific             | Common            | % Coverage |
|------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Phalaris arundinacea   | Reed Canary Grass | 100        |
| Cornus amomum          | Silky Dogwood     | 30         |
| Fraxinus pennsylvanica | Green Ash         | 30         |

#### **Other Notes:**

This wetland is located within East Twin Lake County Park, and is only 180 feet from the lake itself. Water levels in the wetland are influenced by lake levels.



#### 2014 Hydrograph

|                    |             |                          |               | Lake George Co                         | ounty Park, Oa   | k Grove     |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------------|--|--|-------------|
| Site               | Informati   | on                       |               |  | Г  |             |
| Mo                 | nitored Sir | ice:                     | 1997          |  | -  |             |
| Wet                | tland Type  | :                        | 3/4           |  |  |             |
| Wetland Size:      |             | ~9 acres                 |               |  | Service Contraction of the service o |             |
| Isolated Basin?    |             |                          | Yes,<br>wetla | but only separated<br>and complexes by | l from<br>roadway.   |             |
| Con                | nected to a | a Ditch?                 | No            |  | Ļ  | L'Areirkink |
| Soil               | s at Well I | location:                |               |  |  |             |
|                    | Horizon     | Depth                    | Color         | Texture                                | Redox  |             |
|                    | А           | 0-8                      | 10yr2/1       | Sandy Loam                             | -  |             |
|                    | Bg          | 8-24                     | 2.5y5/2       | Sandy Loam                             | 20% 10yr5/6  |             |
|                    | 2Bg         | 24-35                    | 10gy 6/1      | Silty Clay Loam                        | 10% 10yr 5/6   |             |
| Surrounding Soils: |             | Lino loamy fine sand and |               |  |  |             |
|                    | 8           |                          | Zimn          | nerman fine sand                       |  | (רײַ-       |
| Veg                | etation at  | Well Loca                | ation:        |  |  |             |
|                    | Sala        | ntific                   | Co            |  | Town and an  |             |

LAKE GEORGE REFERENCE WETLAND Lake George County Park. Oak Grove

| Scientific           | Common            | % Coverage |  |  |
|----------------------|-------------------|------------|--|--|
| Cornus stolonifera   | Red-osier Dogwood | 90         |  |  |
| Populus tremuloides  | Quaking Aspen     | 40         |  |  |
| Quercus rubra        | Red Oak           | 30         |  |  |
| Onoclea sensibilis   | Sensitive Fern    | 20         |  |  |
| Phalaris arundinacea | Reed Canary Grass | 10         |  |  |
|                      |                   |            |  |  |

#### **Other Notes:**

This wetland is located within Lake George County Park, and is only about 600 feet from the lake itself. Much of the vegetation within the wetland is cattails.

#### 2014 Hydrograph



## VIKING MEADOWS REFERENCE WETLAND

Viking Meadows Golf Course, East Bethel

| Site Information        |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| <b>Monitored Since:</b> | 1999                                     |
| Wetland Type:           | 2  |
| Wetland Size:           | ~0.7 acres                               |
| <b>Isolated Basin?</b>  | No                                       |
| Connected to a Ditch?   | Yes, highway ditch is tangent to wetland |

#### Soils at Well Location:

|    | Horizon    | Depth    | Color   | Texture       | Redox      |  |  |  |
|----|------------|----------|---------|---------------|------------|--|--|--|
|    | А          | 0-12     | 10yr2/1 | Sandy Loam    | -          |  |  |  |
|    | Ab         | 12-16    | N2/0    | Sandy Loam    | -          |  |  |  |
|    | Bg1        | 16-25    | 10yr4/1 | Sandy Loam    | -          |  |  |  |
|    | Bg2        | 25-40    | 10yr4/2 | Sandy Loam    | 5% 10yr5/6 |  |  |  |
| Sı | irrounding | g Soils: | 2       | Zimmerman fin | e sand     |  |  |  |



#### Vegetation at Well Location:

| Scientific           | Common            | % Coverage |  |  |  |
|----------------------|-------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| Phalaris arundinacea | Reed Canary Grass | 100        |  |  |  |
| Acer rubrum (T)      | Red Maple         | 75         |  |  |  |
| Acer negundo (T)     | Boxelder          | 20         |  |  |  |

#### **Other Notes:**

This wetland is located at the entrance to Viking Meadows Golf Course, and is adjacent to Viking Boulevard (Hwy 22).

#### 2014 Hydrograph



## Water Quality Grant Fund

**Description:** The Upper River Watershed Management Organization (URRWMO) partners with the Anoka Conservation District's (ACD) Water Quality Cost Share Program. The URRWMO contributes funds to be used as cost share grants for projects that improve water quality in lakes, streams, or rivers within the URRWMO area. The ACD provides administration of the grants. Grant awards follow ACD policies and generally cover 50% or 70% of materials (see ACD website for full policies). The ACD Board of Supervisors approves any dispersements.

Grant administration is through the Anoka Conservation District for efficiency and simplicity. The ACD administers a variety of other similar grants, thus providing a one-stop-shop for residents. Additionally, the ACD's technical staff provides project consultation and design services at low or no cost, which is highly beneficial for grant applicants. ACD staff also has expertise to process and scrutinize grant requests. Lastly, the ACD Board meets monthly, and can therefore respond to grant requests rapidly, while URRWMO meetings are much less frequent.

The Anoka Conservation District (ACD) and Upper Rum River WMO have both undertaken efforts to promote these types of projects and the availability of grants. The ACD mentions the grants during presentations to lake associations and other community groups, in newsletters, and in website postings. In order to promote these types of projects the ACD also assists landowners throughout projects, including design, materials acquisition, installation, and maintenance.

**Purpose:** To improve water quality in area lakes, streams and rivers.

**Locations:** Throughout the watershed.

**Results:** Projects are reported in the year they are installed.

#### **URRWMO Cost Share Fund Summary**

| Fund Balance                                       | \$ 1598.67 |             |
|--|------------|-------------|
| 2013 Correction                                    | +          | \$ 0.48     |
| 2014 Expenditure – Stitt lakeshore restoration     | -          | \$1,059.69  |
| 2013 URRWMO Contribution                           | +          | \$ 0        |
| 2012 URRWMO Contribution                           | +          | \$1,000.00  |
| 2012 Expenditure Erickson lakeshore restoration    | -          | \$ 137.97   |
| 2011 Expenditure Erickson lakeshore restoration    | -          | \$ 233.63   |
| 2010-11 Expenditure Petro streambank stabilization | -          | \$1,027.52  |
| 2011 URRWMO Contribution                           | +          | \$ 567.00   |
| 2010 URRWMO Contribution                           | +          | \$ 500.00   |
| 2009 Expenditures                                  |            | \$ 0.00     |
| 2008 Expenditures                                  |            | \$ 0.00     |
| 2007 Expenditures                                  |            | \$ 0.00     |
| 2007 URRWMO Contribution                           | +          | \$ 1,000.00 |
| 2006 Expenditures                                  |            | \$ 0.00     |
| 2006 URRWMO Contribution                           | +          | \$ 990.00   |

Special note: For all funds contributed after 2013, the URRWMO has asked to re-evaluate how these grants are administered. The WMO may choose to administer the funds themselves or with other oversight of the ACD's process.

## **URRWMO** Website

The Upper Rum River Watershed Management Organization (URRWMO) contracted the Anoka **Description:** Conservation District (ACD) to design and maintain a website about the URRWMO and the Upper Rum River watershed. The original website had been in operation since 2003. A new website and domain for the URRWMO was created by ACD in 2013. **Purpose:** To increase awareness of the URRWMO and its programs. The website also provides tools and information that helps users better understand water resources issues in the area. Location: www.URRWMO.org **Results:** In 2013 the upgraded, redesigned, and re-launched the URRWMO website. These updates were necessary because the old website platform was incompatible with certain tablet computers and smartphones. Additionally, the old website was hosted with in the ACD website, while the new website is completely independent, offering the WMO future management choices. The URRWMO website contains information about both the URRWMO and about natural resources in the area. Information about the URRWMO includes: a directory of board members,

- meeting minutes and agendas,
- watershed management plan and annual reports,
- descriptions of work that the organization is directing,
- highlighted projects.

#### New 2013 URRWMO Website Homepage



## **URRWMO Annual Newsletter**

The URRWMO Watershed Management Plan and state rules call for an annual URRWMO **Description:** newsletter in addition to the website. The URRWMO will produce a newsletter article including information about the URRWMO, its programs, related educational information, and the URRWMO website address. This article will be provided to each member city, and they will be asked to include it in their city newsletters.

**Purpose:** To increase public awareness of the URRWMO and its programs as well as receive input.

**Locations:** Watershed-wide.

**Results:** The Anoka Conservation District (ACD) assisted the URRWMO by drafting the annual newsletter article. The URRWMO discussed topics to be covered in the article. It was decided that the newsletter article would be requesting public input regarding Rum River Watershed Restoration and Protection Project (WRAPP) as well as providing a background of the project.

> ACD staff drafted the newsletter article and sent it to the URRWMO Board for review. The URRWMO Board reviewed and edited the draft article. The finalized article was posted to the URRWMO Website, sent to each member community, as well as to the Independent School District 15 publication, "The Courier."

#### 2014 URRWMO Newsletter Article



Rum River Watershed

Minercia Policitor

## **URRWMO 2013 Annual Reports to the State**

| Description: | The Upper Rum River Watershed Management Organization (URRWMO) is required by law to submit an annual report to the Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources (BWSR). This report consists of an up-to-date listing of URRWMO Board members, activities related to implementing the URRWMO Watershed Management Plan, the status of municipal water plans, financial summaries, and other work results. The report is due annually 120 days after the end of the URRWMO's fiscal year (April 30 <sup>th</sup> ). |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|              | Additionally, the URRWMO is required to perform annual financial reporting to the State Auditor. This includes submitting a financial report and filling out a multi-worksheet form.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purpose:     | To document required progress toward implementing the URRWMO Watershed Management<br>Plan and to provide transparency of government operations.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Locations:   | Watershed-wide   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Results:     | <ul> <li>The Anoka Conservation District assisted the URRWMO with preparation of a 2013 Upper Rum<br/>River WMO Annual Report to BWSR and reporting to the State Auditor. This included:</li> <li>preparation of an unaudited financial report,</li> <li>a report to BWSR meeting MN statutes</li> <li>and the State Auditor's reporting forms through the State's SAFES website.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |  |  |

All were completed by the end of April 2014. The report to BWSR and financial report are available on the URRWMO website.

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## **Financial Summary**

ACD accounting is organized by program and not by customer. This allows us to track all of the labor, materials and overhead expenses for a program. We do not, however, know specifically which expenses are attributed to monitoring which sites. To enable reporting of expenses for monitoring conducted in a specific watershed, we divide the total program cost by the number of sites monitored to determine an annual cost per site. We then multiply the cost per site by the number of sites monitored for a customer.

#### **Upper Rum River Watershed Financial Summary**

| Upper Rum River Watershed   | WMO Asst (no charge) | Volunteer Precipitation | Reference Wetlands | DNR Observation Wells | Lake Levels | Lake WQ - SWAG | Stream Water Quality | Watershed Outlet Monitoring | Student Biomonitoring | URRWMO Admin | URRWMO Outreach/Promo | Website Management | Rum River Stabilization | Rum River WRAPP | Lake George CLP Mapping | Cost Share - Local/State | Total |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| Revenues                    |                      |                         |                    |                       |             |                |                      |                             |                       |              |                       |                    |                         |                 |                         |                          |       |
| URRWMO                      | 0                    | 0                       | 1725               | 0                     | 1000        | 0              | 4050                 | 0                           | 825                   | 1365         | 500                   | 480                | 0                       | 0               | 0                       | 1060                     | 11005 |
| State                       | 0                    | 0                       | 0                  | 360                   | 0           | 3395           | 4473                 | 0                           | 0                     | 0            | 0                     | 0                  | 0                       | 16480           | 0                       | 0                        | 24707 |
| Anoka Conservation District | 0                    | 0                       | 0                  | 0                     | 0           | 0              | 0                    | 0                           | 0                     | 0            | 0                     | 0                  | 0                       | 0               | 0                       | 0                        | 0     |
| Anoka Co. General Services  | 586                  | 0                       | 0                  | 230                   | 0           | 293            | 0                    | 0                           | 0                     | 0            | 0                     | 0                  | 90                      | 0               | 1393                    | 0                        | 2593  |
| County Ag Preserves         | 0                    | 0                       | 0                  | 0                     | 0           | 0              | 0                    | 0                           | 39                    | 0            | 0                     | 0                  | 0                       | 0               | 0                       | 1                        | 40    |
| Regional/Local              | 0                    | 0                       | 0                  | 0                     | 0           | 0              | 0                    | 720                         | 0                     | 0            | 0                     | 0                  | 0                       | 0               | 0                       | 0                        | 720   |
| Other Service Fees          | 0                    | 0                       | 0                  | 0                     | 0           | 0              | 0                    | 0                           | 0                     | 0            | 0                     | 0                  | 0                       | 0               | 0                       | 0                        | 0     |
| BWSR Cons Delivery          | 0                    | 0                       | 0                  | 0                     | 0           | 0              | 0                    | 0                           | 0                     | 0            | 0                     | 0                  | 0                       | 0               | 0                       | 0                        | 0     |
| BWSR Cost Share TA          | 0                    | 0                       | 0                  | 0                     | 0           | 0              | 0                    | 0                           | 0                     | 0            | 0                     | 0                  | 0                       | 0               | 0                       | 0                        | 0     |
| Local Water Planning        | 0                    | 593                     | 1602               | 0                     | 0           | 0              | 0                    | 287                         | 0                     | 455          | 0                     | 14                 | 0                       | 0               | 0                       | 0                        | 2950  |
| TOTAL                       | 586                  | 593                     | 3327               | 590                   | 1000        | 3688           | 8523                 | 1007                        | 864                   | 1820         | 500                   | 494                | 90                      | 16480           | 1393                    | 1060                     | 42015 |
| Expenses-                   |                      |                         |                    |                       |             |                |                      |                             |                       |              |                       |                    |                         |                 |                         |                          |       |
| Capital Outlay/Equip        | 13                   | 13                      | 69                 | 13                    | 19          | 69             | 137                  | 22                          | 18                    | 38           | 5                     | 9                  | 2                       | 118             | 31                      | 0                        | 578   |
| Personnel Salaries/Benefits | 505                  | 511                     | 2722               | 509                   | 765         | 2720           | 5390                 | 867                         | 708                   | 1494         | 214                   | 337                | 78                      | 4642            | 1200                    | 0                        | 22661 |
| Overhead                    | 34                   | 34                      | 183                | 34                    | 51          | 183            | 362                  | 58                          | 48                    | 100          | 14                    | 23                 | 5                       | 312             | 81                      | 0                        | 1523  |
| Employee Training           | 4                    | 4                       | 20                 | 4                     | 6           | 20             | 39                   | 6                           | 5                     | 11           | 2                     | 2                  | 1                       | 34              | 9                       | 0                        | 165   |
| Vehicle/Mileage             | 9                    | 9                       | 48                 | 9                     | 14          | 48             | 96                   | 15                          | 13                    | 27           | 4                     | 6                  | 1                       | 82              | 21                      | 0                        | 402   |
| Rent                        | 22                   | 22                      | 118                | 22                    | 33          | 118            | 233                  | 37                          | 31                    | 65           | 9                     | 15                 | 3                       | 201             | 52                      | 0                        | 979   |
| Program Participants        | 0                    | 0                       | 0                  | 0                     | 0           | 0              | 0                    | 0                           | 0                     | 0            | 0                     | 0                  | 0                       | 0               | 0                       | 1060                     | 1060  |
| Program Supplies            | 0                    | 0                       | 99                 | 0                     | 3           | 530            | 1217                 | 0                           | 42                    | 0            | 0                     | 0                  | 0                       | 11090           | 0                       | 0                        | 12981 |
| McKay Expenses              | 0                    | 0                       | 0                  | 0                     | 0           | 0              | 0                    | 0                           | 0                     | 0            | 0                     | 0                  | 0                       | 0               | 0                       | 0                        | 0     |
| TOTAL                       | 586                  | 593                     | 3259               | 590                   | 891         | 3688           | 7474                 | 1007                        | 864                   | 1734         | 249                   | 391                | 90                      | 16480           | 1393                    | 1060                     | 40350 |

## **Recommendations**

- Actively participate in the MPCA Rum River WRAPP (Watershed Restoration and Protection Plan) which began in 2013. This WRAPP is an assessment of the entire Rum River watershed. This is an opportunity for the URRWMO to prioritize and coordinate efforts with upstream entities and state agencies.
- Develop a plan to diagnose declining water quality in Lake George.. This effort might be paired with the Rum River WRAPP project.
- Consider a St. Francis stormwater assessment that is aimed at identifying and installing cost effective stormwater treatment opportunities before water is discharged into the Rum River. The assessment should be focused on those portions of the city that are generally lacking sufficient stormwater treatment. A large portion of the funding may be available through ACD.
- Promote groundwater conservation. Metropolitan Council models predict 3+ft drawdown of surface waters in parts of the URRWMO by 2030, and 5+ft by 2050.
- Correct riverbank erosion issues discovered during the 2010 Rum River survey. Several locations of riverbank erosion were documented. Landowners were contacted, and some responded, however none have committed to corrective work. Part of the reason is that these projects are expensive and the landowner would bear some of the cost.
- Participate with county and DNR efforts to upgrade the water control structure in Ditch 19, the only inlet to Lake George. Residents have complained that condition of the ditch and water control structures are contributing to low lake water levels in recent years. Anoka County is the legal ditch authority.
- Promote water quality improvement projects for lakes, streams, and rivers. Cost share grants are available through the URRWMO and ACD to encourage landowners to do projects that will have public benefits to water quality. Technical assistance for landowners is available through the Anoka Conservation District.